The Courier-Journal.

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GOING AWAY?

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The Weather.

Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Kentucky—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday:

Indiana—Local showers Friday; Saturday partly cloudy, light to moderate variable winds, mostly east.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy Friday and Saturday.

THE LATEST.

Justice Mills handed down a decision yesterday at White Plains, N. Y., declaring that Harry K. Thaw is insane. He dismissed the writ of habeas corpus under which Thaw endeavored to secure his release from Matteawan, and remanded him to the custody of the State authorities at that institution. Thaw will prosecute his appeal from a previous decision of Justice Mills denying him a trial by jury.

Chinese Minister Wu Ting Fang has been recalled from Washington and ordered to Pekin for further assignment. His successor will be Chang Yin Tang, formerly Charge d'Affaires at Madrid, and now Deputy Vice President of Foreign Affairs. Mr. Wu is now in Peru, to which country he has been credited along with the United States.

W. L. Clark, a note broker, was yesterday arrested in New York in connection with the sale on the curb of F. Augustus Heinze's copper stock. Donald Persch, arrested several days ago, was released on a writ of habeas corpus, but was immediately rearrested. His attorney threatened to expose men "higher up" if his client is not acquitted.

Mrs. May Spindle, wife of T. W. Spindle, of the law firm of Kohn, Baird, Sloss & Kohn, shot and killed herself at her home at Fourth avenue and St. Catherine street, in a moment of temporary mental aberration. Mrs. Spindle had been suffering from bad health for several years and recently had a nervous breakdown. She was alone at the time.

The will of Theodore Harris, which was probated yesterday, provided liberal bequests to the Baptist Church and Baptist educational institutions and an income to his five children of $150 a month each. To every orphan asylum in Louisville he bequeathed $50. The value of the estate is estimated at $500,000.

Assistant United States District Attorney Nichols returned to Tipton, Ind., yesterday and said he was prepared to issue warrants for the arrest of several business men, charged with complicity in the alleged embezzlement of Noah R. Marker, assistant cashier of the First National Bank.

The dock strikers at Fort William, Ont., broke loose yesterday on the arrival of the special police, and shot several police, including the chief, perhaps fatally. All of the strikers are heavily armed. The riot act was read, martial law proclaimed and the militia called out.

The third day's sessions of the convention of the Army of the Philippines at Pittsburg were marked by the speech delivered by Maj. Gen. Frederick D. Grant, who said that he believed that airships will be the deciding factor in future warfare.

China has agreed to the Japanese proposal to reopen the negotiations regarding the Antung-Mukden railroad at Mukden at such time as Japan selects. All the questions relating to Manchuria between Japan and China await the initiative of Japan.

An explosion of dynamite, made in an attempt, it is believed, to destroy the construction work for the Cincinnati Southern railroad's new bridge in the west end of Cincinnati, did much damage to buildings and caused great excitement in the vicinity.

The street car strike in Chicago has been averted by the offer to raise the wages of the men to 30 cents an hour by August 1, 1911. The North and West Side lines have agreed to the compromise and the South Side is expected to follow suit.

The first fatality growing out of the strike at McKees Rocks, Pa., occurred yesterday when Steve Horvat, one of the strikers, was shot and killed by Major Smith, a negro, whom a crowd of two score striking foreigners had attacked.

An official report, which estimated the total yield of wheat in Canada to be approximately 45,000,000 bushels in excess of last year's crops, was one of the principal reasons for a weak tone in the wheat market yesterday.

J. A. Engleman, operator for the Queen and Crescent railroad at Kings Mountain, Ky., was assassinated in his office.

MUST GO BACK TO MATTEAWAN

Justice Mills Decides That Thaw Is Insane.

Opinion Sustains Every Contention of Jerome.

Grief-stricken Mother Writes Bitter Card.

APPEAL TO BE PROSECUTED.

White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Harry K. Thaw's latest attempt to gain his liberty met with complete defeat today when Supreme Court Justice Isaac N. Mills dismissed the writ of habeas corpus and declared that "the release of the petitioner would be dangerous to the public peace and safety." The signing of an order sending Thaw back to Matteawan, a formality which is scheduled to take place to-morrow morning in Justice Mill's chambers at Mount Vernon, is all that remains to complete the failure of this latest appeal to the courts.

* * *

No Crumb of Comfort.

There is no crumb of comfort for Thaw in the 7,000-word opinion handed down by Justice Mills to-day. All the contentions of his old adversary, District Attorney Jerome, are supported, and it is declared that Thaw is still insane, still suffering from persistent delusions, and still as much a paranoiac as on the day he shot Stanford White.

The order for Thaw's recommitment will be presented to Justice Mills to-morrow morning by Ezra P. Prentice, Deputy Attorney General, and Charles Morschauser will then have a chance to oppose it or strive for a modification. Such action, however, will, it is believed, be purely formal in view of the decisive nature of the opinion handed down to-day.

* * *

Stunned By Decision.

Thaw, waiting in the White Plains jail, at the rear of the courthouse, where the decision was filed, received the news with an outward calmness which appeared, however, more forced than real. The members of his family and his attorney seemed stunned by the thoroughness of their defeat. Thaw declined to give out any extended statement, contenting himself with the assertion that he was not disheartened and would at once continue his fight for liberty.

"My next efforts," he said, "will be centered upon the Court of Appeals, through which I expect to secure a hearing before a jury in my effort to have my commitment to Matteawan set aside."

The case before the Court of Appeals, to which Thaw referred, is one which has been under discussion for some time. It came before Justice Mills last October when Thaw applied for an order setting aside his commitment on the ground that the court which had committed him was without power to issue such an order inasmuch as Thaw at the time was not on trial on a question of sanity.

* * *

Wants Jury To Decide.

At the time he asked to have the question of his mental condition submitted to a jury. When Justice Mills promptly denied this application, the case was carried to the Appellate Division, which sustained Justice Mills. Thaw's attorney has already made a second appeal and it is upon this appeal that Thaw says his efforts will now be based.

Justice Mills, in his opinion to-day, reaches three formal conclusions:

That Thaw was insane when he killed White; that he has not yet recovered; and that public peace and safety would be endangered by setting him at large. He upholds the contention of William Travers Jerome, District Attorney, that Thaw still cherishes delusions regarding the practices of Stanford White and his associates.

* * *

Evelyn's Tale Improbable.

He characterizes Evelyn Thaw's tale of the Madison Square tower room, and similar stories about White told at the sanitary hearing, as "wild and grossly improbable, evidently to any normal mind grossly exaggerated." He asserts his belief in the testimony of Susan Merrill, regarding Thaw's alleged pervert practices, and points out the contrast between Thaw's chivalrous attitude as a protector of young American womanhood, and his private life.

Justice Mills expressed deep sympathy for Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, the prisoner's mother, and her exposition of the "horrors of Matteawan," on the stand evidently prompted his recommendation that Thaw be allowed greater privileges at that institution.

* * *

Compliment For Jerome.

At the same time he gently chided Mrs. Thaw for her censure of Mr. Jerome, of whom he said:

"I find no evidence of any heartlessness or undue zeal on his part."

Not the least significant sentence in Justice Mills' decision in the opinion of lawyers here is one which declares that Thaw's "delusions had become fixed and established prior to the time of his marriage." It is pointed out that this sentence may, if desired, prove grounds for proceedings by Mrs. Evelyn Thaw for the annulment of her marriage.

Thaw was visited late to-day by his attorney, Charles Morschauser, and by his mother and his sister, Alice, the former Countess of Yarmouth. Both he and his sister seemed anxious to shield the mother as much as possible. Thaw, himself gave the first news of the decision to his mother's companion over the telephone, directing that it be broken to her as gently as possible.

Late to-night Mrs. Thaw, after talking over the situation with her son, wrote the following statement:

* * *

Mrs. Thaw's Statement.

Let no one imagine for a moment, on reading this opinion of Judge Mills, that it means a victory for the District Attorney of the county of New York.

One by one the delusions with which he and his alienists started out were proven, each by the mouths of several witnesses, to be stubborn facts that would not down at his bidding.

Every prop was taken from under that arrogant, vindictive persecutor of a sane, acquitted man.

So baffled was he that when he rose to make his closing speech (for argument it was not) he had more the appearance of a schoolboy compelled to say a piece than the sometimes courageous, mature sophist who dominates the courts of his own judicial district, except when wealthy malefactors are under trial.

It is impossible to fathom the workings of the human mind, and so the reason for this totally unexpected and cruel decision of the trial Judge must remain a mystery.

Meanwhile my son, my daughter and I have no alternative but to take up again the burden I had every reason to believe was behind us forever. We, exiled from our two homes and all the regular flow of life, will remain close to the gate and so help the son and brother to endure an existence which, if perpetual, would be far worse than death itself, trusting in God's overruling providence in His own good time to vindicate the right.

MARY COPLEY THAW.

* * *

The Decision.

In formal language Justice Mills' decision dismissed the writ of habeas corpus under which Thaw applied for his liberty and "remanded him to the custody of the defendant" (Dr. Robert B. Lamb, superintendent of Matteawan State Hospital), "whence he was produced here."

In concluding that Thaw is now insane the court gives first importance to his family and childhood history. His determination that the prisoner has not yet recovered is based principally on the opinion of Dr. Amos Baker, assistant superintendent of the Matteawan Asylum.

"All such authorities," says Justice Mills, "are public officers, with no conceivable motives except to do their duties."

The court says that it was more convinced by the testimony of the alien-

(Concluded on 2d Page, 5th Column)

PROMISES SENSATION IN FINANCIAL WORLD

PERSCH'S ATTORNEY THREATENS TO OPEN "FLOODGATES."

W. L. CLARK ARRESTED ON THE CHARGE OF LARCENY.

GETS A CHECK FOR $10,000.

New York, Aug. 12.—There was a new arrest to-day in the circle of complexities surrounding young Donald Persch, the note broker, who is charged with the larceny of $110,000 worth of copper stocks put up as collateral with the Windsor Trust Company to secure a loan of $50,000 made by M. M. Joyce, a broker for F. Augustus Heinze.

W. L. Clark, another note broker, but representing Joyce, who is the complainant against Persch, was arrested in the District Attorney's office, cha ged with the larceny of $10,000, said to be a part of the profits from the curb sales of the stock, which Joyce supposed safe in the vaults of the Windsor Trust Company until he was astonished to buy a part of the shares back in the open market.

Clark was later released on $12,000 bail. His arrest is based on two checks drawn in his favor by Persch, one for $488.76 and the other for $10,009.92. The checks were drawn a few days after the loan had been closed.

Earlier in the day Persch, freed on a writ of habeas corpus, had been promptly re-arrested, charged this time with the specific larceny of $44,000, which the District Attorney's office sets as his share of the profits of the alleged swindle. Bail was this time fixed at $50,000, which Persch failed to secure to-day.

Persch's counsel was indignant at his re-arrest.

"This is the most remarkable case I ever heard of," he said. "I intend to open up the floodgates, and will see that several men are swept away if I find it necessary to save this boy. He has been the tool for men higher up. He knows of the transaction. If these accusations are not withdrawn, I will give the District Attorney evidence that will create a sensation in the financial world."

This statement by counsel for Persch agrees with the opinion of Mr. Nott, of the District Attorney's office, who has said plainly that he expects to uncover a widespread conspiracy to sell hypothecated stocks here and in other cities. Mr. Nott, however, seems to think the scheme was only a way to make easy money, whereas friends of Heinze still persist that there has been a systematic attempt, organized by a "master mind," to ruin him.

STRIKERS PROFIT

BY DISPUTE BETWEEN SHERIFF AND CAR COMPANY.

Eviction of Tenants Stopped Because Owner Refuses To Employ Men To Move Furniture.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—The Sheriff of Allegheny county late to-day flatly refused to continue the work of evicting the strikers and their families from houses owned by the Pressed Steel Car Company at McKees Rocks.

Acting under court orders, the Sheriff and his deputies early in the afternoon began the work of conveying the goods from the strikers' homes to the streets. The Sheriff asked the Pressed Steel Car Company to give him men to carry out the furniture and household effects, but the company, it is said, refused.

"Then I will not allow my deputies to carry out another piece of furniture," declared the Sheriff.

The Pressed Steel Car Company will now be forced to carry out their own evictions.

More rioting, during which a foreigner was shot and killed, caused excitement in the Schoenville strike zone today. Major Smith, a negro, said to be employed at the car plant as a strikebreaker, shot and killed Steven Horvat, one of the striking workmen. Smith, it is said, was attacked by several foreigners and declares that he shot in self-defense. The negro is held at the county jail on a charge of murder. Witnesses to the shooting declare Smith fought at a great disadvantage and only fired when his life was endangered and while lying on his back on the ground.

GOVERNMENT SEIZES CAR OF ALLEGED BLEACHED FLOUR.

Muscatine, Ia., Aug. 12.—The United States Government to-day seized a carload of flour here under the charge of a violation of the pure food and drug act, because the flour appeared to be bleached. Orders came from Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and Attorney General Wickersham. This is to be a test case by the Government on the question of bleached flour, and affects every flour mill in the country.

PRESIDENT WILL BE BUSY TO-DAY

Many Patronage Questions To Unravel.

Kentucky Offices Prove Task For Executive.

Census Supervisors Will Probably Be Named.

LOSES AGAIN AT GOLF GAME.

Beverly, Mass., Aug. 12.—To-morrow will be President Taft's busy day. Postmaster General Hitchcock is to arrive in Beverly, and doubtless a number of patronage questions will be placed by him before the President. Mr. Hitchcock's recommendations have principally to do with the South, where he knows the situation in each State by heart.

It has been particularly hard for the President to straighten out patronage matters in some of these States, Kentucky among others, and he had several futile conferences with Senator Bradley and the Republican members of Congress from the Bluegrass State before leaving Washington.

* * *

To Appoint Census Supervisors.

The vast problem of appointing Census Supervisors for the entire United States also is to be taken up by President Taft to-morrow. Secretary Nagel and Assistant Secretary McHarg, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, are both expected, and with them will come Dana Durand, Director of the Census. The President already has received a tentative list of the Supervisors for appointment. It is not known as yet just when the President will approve the various selections, but when he does take definite action the appointments will be announced from here.

* * *

Details of President's Trip.

Secretary Carpenter to-day sent telegrams far and wide through the United States to every city where President Taft is scheduled to make a stop during his Western and Southern trip, asking the committees in charge of his entertainment to send in the programmes as arranged at once. Some of the cities have been very tardy about replying to requests sent by mail.

The arrangements for the President's meeting with President Diaz, of Mexico, at El Paso, Tex., October 16, are still indefinite, and this is one part of the trip that he is anxious to see settled. It has been variously reported that the meeting with the Mexican Chief Magistrate would be in the center of the international bridge, that it would take place in the city of El Paso and that it would occur on Mexican soil.

It now is reported that the meeting would be too spectacular and in many ways unsuitable. If it should become necessary for President Taft to go into Mexico he would not hesitate to do so. It is merely a custom which holds Presidents of the United States on their native soil.

* * *

Two Private Cars.

Mr. Taft has decided to take two private cars on his Western trip. He personally will occupy the Mayflower and will have the Hazelmere for the remainder of his party.

The President will be accompanied by Capt. Archibald W. Butt, his military aide; Wendell Wadsworth Mischler, Assistant Secretary, and Dr. J. J. Richardson, of Washington, who was with him throughout his campaign trip last fall.

Secretary of the Interior Ballinger will accompany the President through the Pacific Northwest. Secretary of War Dickinson will join the party at El Paso, Tex., and make the remaining trip back to Washington. Secretary Nagel, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, will be a member of the party on the trip down the Mississippi river. During his stay in certain of the States the President probably will have as guests on his train the Senators of those Commonwealths.

Most of the details of Mr. Taft's visit to Seattle have been completed. The President will arrive there September 29 at 8:15 p. m. He has no public engagements for that evening. All day of September 30 he will "do" the Alaska-Yukon Exposition, making an address at the Exposition auditorium in the afternoon and being entertained at dinner on the Exposition grounds. The President will spend the morning of October 1 in Seattle and the afternoon in Tacoma.

* * *

Loses Another Golf Game.

There is a large-sized "hoodoo" camping on the trail of President Taft every time he goes out to play golf. He has not won a game this week, and he is thinking seriously of sending for Walter Travis to come up and pull him out of the hole, which grows deeper and deeper every day. Mr. Taft has played twice with Travis, and is anxious to strike a winning stride again.

To-day the President had John Hays Hammond as his opponent on the Myopia links, and lost the 18-hole match by 1 up.

* * *

Texas Committeeman To Call.

Cecil Lyon, Republican National Committeeman from Texas, is expected in Beverly to-morrow. The President announced several days ago that in Texas, as well as in eight other States of the so-called "Solid South," he would divide the census appointments equally between the Republicans and Democrats, the leaders of the two parties to arrange the division on a satisfactory basis.

* * *

Mrs. Taft Goes Shopping.

Mrs. Taft came down town again today. She enjoys her little shopping excursions into the city, and as few people recognize her, she moves about with few curious eyes to follow her. In the midst of her shopping to-day Mrs. Taft stopped at one of the corner drug stores, and with Mrs. More, her sister, had a glass of ice cream soda. The President, Mrs. More and Capt. Butt had late luncheon to-day with Mrs. Susan Longworth, mother of Representative Nicholas Longworth, of Ohio, at her summer home at Pride's Crossing on the outskirts of Beverly. Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth are expected at Pride's Crossing later in the summer.

* * *

Wants Pardon For Brother.

A woman who has called twice at the Executive offices in an effort to have President Taft grant a pardon to a brother who is serving a term in one of the Federal penitentiaries, has started much speculation at Beverly. It is said that she has been several times to the golf links where the President was playing, and has tried to have an interview at the cottage. Secretary Carpenter has suggested to the woman that pardon cases are only taken up through the Department of Justice at Washington, and must be thoroughly investigated and reported upon by the officials of that department before the President can act.

President Taft will not be able to go to Panama next year, as he had intended. The President expressed the hope that he would be able to visit the Isthmus every year. With a long session of Congress on his hands all of next winter and spring, however, he thinks the chance of getting to Panama at a seasonable time of the year is very remote.

MAKE COMPROMISE WITH STREET CAR MEN

CHICAGO MOTORMEN TO GET THIRTY CENTS AN HOUR.

ALL POSSIBILITY OF STRIKE IS THOUGHT TO BE OVER.

UNIONS CLAIM BIG VICTORY.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—The crucial point in the wage dispute between the officials of the street railway lines of Chicago and their 10,000 employes was passed to-day.

By the offer of a maximum scale of 30 cents an hour to be paid by August 1, 1911, which was made by John M. Roach, president of the North Side and West Side lines, and the prompt acceptance of the same by William Quinlan, president of the North Side and West Side Street Car Men's Unions, all possibility of a strike appears to be over.

T. E. Mitten, president of the South Side lines, has allowed it to be understood that he would follow Mr. Roach in any agreement Mr. Roach might make with the union men.

It remains for Mr. Mitten to fall into line and for the compromise to be accepted by the union men upon the recommendation of their officers.

The details of the compromise made by the railway officials and accpted by the union officers are as follows:

Contract to run until January 31, 1913. An increase from 27 to 28 cents an hour from August 1, this year, until August 1, 1910. An increase from 28 to 29 cents an hour from August 1, 1910, to August 1, 1911. The maximum scale of 30 cents to go into effect from then until the expiration of the contract.

The union men regard this offer as a great victory. It is substantially what they have contended for and they declare now that they have been willing all along to give the railway men two years to comply with their 30-cent demands.

In the matter of new employes, however, the gain is not so great for the unions. The new men are to begin at 24 cents an hour and advance 1 cent an hour each year for three years, when they are to get the maximum.

The only probable hitch in the way of an immediate settlement comes in the condition of the Consolidated Traction Company, which is in the hands of a receiver and is being operated by the Chicago Railways Company. There are 600 men employed on this line, and President Quinlan, of the union, said that any agreement must include them. Mr. Roach declared that he could not say what wages should be given the men.

It is possible that the Consolidated may be sold to the Chicago Railways Company at auction. Further conferences will be held on this matter and a way out is expected to be reached.

President Mitten is expected to follow Mr. Roach's lead to-morrow.

TUNNEL FIRE CHECKED.

FIREMEN GAIN UPPER HAND AFTER HARD BATTLE.

One-Third of the Work Doomed, But It Is Hoped To Save the Greater Part.

Lynchburg, Va., Aug. 12.—Spreading rapidly and with a portion of Rivermont avenue caving in, the fire which broke out yesterday in the railway tunnel here raged fiercely to-day. The damage to the tunnel is estimated at upward of $100,000.

Over 300 feet of the construction seemed doomed at noon, and nearly 150 feet, reaching up to the street car tracks, had fallen in. The fire is gradually burning its way back into the tunnel. The northern end, the one farthest from the fire, was closed, and several holes were drilled this afternoon into the top to permit flooding the tunnel. This saved about 9,000 feet of the crown of the structure.

Southern railway officials arrived from Washington to-day and looked over the situation. An $8,000 steam shovel has been destroyed. A fireman who ventured 900 feet inside the tunnel was overcome, but later revived.

The fire gained no fresh headway late to-day, and it is thought now that further progress of the flames will be checked. Three hundred and fifty feet of the work has been abandoned and the effort now is to protect the 900 feet to the north of the fire. More than 200 feet have fallen in since yesterday, and more is expected to fall.

The tunnel had not been turned over to the Southern railway by the contractors, so the fire has not interfered with the railroad's operation.

MAY BE SKELETON OF MURDERED MAN.

Washington, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—While workmen were grading a country road three miles west of this city to-day they unearthed a man's skeleton buried in the middle of the road, only two feet beneath the surface. Many believe the skeleton is that of Claud McAlpin, who disappeared from this city some years ago and who was undoubtedly robbed and murdered.

SHOT HIS BROTHER WHILE AT PLAY.

Columbus, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—While at play to-day at the home of his father, Thomas Martin, a farmer, seven miles west of here, Johnny Martin, aged 6 years, shot and it is believed fatally wounded his brother, Sherman Martin, aged 9 years.

Two Men Killed By Lightning.

Peru, Ind., Aug. 12.—Harry Wilson and Harry Hauk, two young men, were killed by lightning during a severe storm here late to-day. The two had just driven into the barn at Wilson's home when the building was struck. Lightning set fire to the barn, but the bodies were removed by neighbors.

SHOOTS HERSELF THROUGH HEAD

Ill Health Causes Mrs. T. W. Spindle To End Life.

Commits Suicide In Bedroom of Apartments.

None But Servants At Home At the Time.

WIFE OF PROMINENT LAWYER.

Suffering from a mental aberration, the result of nervous prostration and worry over the ill health of her daughter, Mrs. May Spindle, a prominent society woman and the wife of T. W. Spindle, a well-known attorney of the law firm of Kohn, Baird, Sloss & Kohn, committed suicide by shooting herself through the head with a revolver, at 4:55 yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Spindle took her life in the family apartments in the Spindle building at Fourth avenue and St. Catherine street, when Mrs. Spindle was alone in the house save for the presence of a colored servant, Nannie Mitchell, who was at work in the basement.

* * *

Hears a Muffled Report.

The maid had been attending her mistress but a few minutes before the deed was committed. When the girl left Mrs. Spindle was lying at rest on the bed in her room. She was then called to the basement to attend to some necessary occupation, and shortly after she reached the lower floor there was a muffled report. According to the statements of the maid she thought that Mrs. Spindle had attempted to arise from the bed and had fallen in a faint. The girl rushed to Mrs. Spindle's boudoir, but as soon as she reached the ground floor she smelled the smoke of the burned explosive. She entered the room and saw the invalid stretched out on the bed with her head in a pool of blood.

Frantic from fright the girl ran down to the street and called Dr. J. T. Ewing, who happened to be passing the place at the time. Dr. Ewing followed the girl to the scene of the tragedy. After making a hasty examination the physician pronounced the woman dead. Other assistance was summoned and Dr. Ewing notified Mr. Spindle, who was at his office, of the trouble.

* * *

Husband Overcome By Shock.

The husband reached home a short time after 5 o'clock and was so overcome by the shock that the attentions of a physician were required.

The Coroner, Dr. Charles I. Groves, was called, and after making an examination and becoming acquainted with conditions, he pronounced death due to a shot wound inflicted with suicidal intent. It was learned that the revolver used was of 32 caliber and one that had been procured several months ago during a burglar scare in the neighborhood of Fourth avenue and St. Catherine street. Neither Mr. Spindle, the maid nor relatives knew where the pistol had been secreted in the intervening time, but it is supposed that it had been concealed in a dresser drawer in the room. Mrs. Spindle evidently knew this and after much worrying over her own condition and the ill health of her daughter, Miss Olive Spindle, who is confined at the Norton Memorial Infirmary, decided to end it all and so watched for a favorable opportunity.

* * *

Suffered From Nervousness.

For several years past Mrs. Spindle had been a keen sufferer from nervous trouble, but this had not kept her confined constantly.

During the social seasons Mrs. Spindle had been meeting her social obligations at intervals. Last winter Miss Spindle underwent an operation for appendicitis, but had never completely regained her strength. Early in the summer it was decided that she and her mother should spend the summer at Lake Vernon, Mich., in the hope that both might regain their health. They remained at the resort some time, but receiving no apparent benefit, they returned home last week. Miss Spindle again entered the Norton Infirmary and Mrs. Spindle, while not entirely enfeebled, spent much of the time in bed. Mrs. Spindle was always of a cheerful nature, seemed to bear up well under her ill health, and gave no intimation at any time of the intention to take her life.

* * *

Was Broadly Charitable.

A member of the Fourth-avenue Methodist church, Mrs. Spindle was active so far as her health permitted, and was generous and charitable to a fault. Some degree of her popularity was evinced by the constant stream of friends and acquaintances that visited the Spindle home last night. It was said that Mrs. Spindle each Christmas remembered with some little token all of the shop-girls of her acquaintance.

Miss Spindle had not seen her mother for several days, and her grief is especially poignant on that account. Mr. Spindle last talked with his wife in the morning before he left for his office. When he returned home to the noon meal Mrs. Spindle was sleeping and he thought it best not to awaken her.

* * *

Native of Charlestown.

Mrs. Spindle was 50 years of age, and was a native of Charlestown, Ind. Her father, J. M. Long, is a retired merchant of that town. Besides the husband, father and daughter, she is also survived by one married daughter, who resides in Chicago, and two brothers—John Long, of Glenridge, N. J., and Edward Long, of Charlestown. All of the relatives have been notified of her death. Pending some communication from the brother, John Long, the funeral arrangements have not been completed.

TROUBLE OVER LIGHTING CONTRACT FOR COVINGTON.

Covington, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—In summoning to appear before it on the night of August 20, officers and attorneys of the Union Light, Heat and Power Company, the Board of Aldermen of Covington have let it be known that they will foreclose the contract of the light company with the city of Covington. The company's representatives and lawyers have been told to show why it shall not be made party defendant in a suit for breach of contract. According to the terms of the contract between the city and the company, the latter was to furnish natural gas to consumers at 30 cents a thousand feet. The consumers have complained that the company is charging 30 cents where it has not delivered 1,000 cubic feet of gas and the fight in the courts will be made on this one point.

LED OFF TRACK BY THE ENGINEER.

Deaf Woman Did Not Hear Approach of a B. and O. Passenger Train.

Washington, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Mrs. Harriet Davis, an aged widow and deaf, did not hear the rapidly approaching Baltimore and Ohio passenger train near Seventh street to-day. She plodded along between the rails unconscious of danger. Reversing his engine the engineer brought the train to a stand within a few feet of her, but she knew nothing of it until the engineer, leaping from the cab, ran ahead of the engine and gently led her off the track. Fright then seized her and she fainted.

BOY DROWNED IN POND NEAR EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 12.—Philip Kost, aged eleven years, son of a wealthy Posey county farmer, was drowned in a pond near here to-day while in swimming. In attempting to rescue him several of his companions almost lost their lives.

FORT WILLIAM, ONT., UNDER MARTIAL LAW

SRIKING DOCK LABORERS ATTACK POLICE FURIOUSLY.

MANY ARE WOUNDED IN RIOT, THREE PROBABLY FATALLY.

BUNKHOUSE IS BESIEGED.

Fort William, Ont., Aug. 12.—Fort William is under martial law. A thousand dock laborers, principally Greeks, Hungarians and Italians, who have been on a strike for a week, enraged by the arrival of special Canadian Pacific police from Winnipeg, were incited to riot and 300 of them engaged in a battle with the police at noon to-day around the Canadian Pacific freight sheds. Two dozen men were injured, three at least fatally, including Chief Ball, of the railway company's local force, and two Greeks.

Five of the wounded are Canadian Pacific special policemen, three are Greeks and one is a reporter, George Dickenson. The others are S. Taylor, of the city police force, and John Lane, a butcher. Constable Carpenter, of the Canadian Pacific force had a leg shattered and Chief Ball was shot in the stomach. The Ninety-sixth Regiment of militia was called out this afternoon after Mayor Peltier had read the riot act. The strikers have twenty-five railway constables penned up in the Canadian Pacific railroad bunk house, and shots have been heard all afternoon. Soldiers are guarding the district under the command of Col. Steele, who is head of the Canadian permanent force in Western Canada. The permanent force in Winnipeg will arrive by special train early in the morning.

It was near noon hour when the first bullet was fired, whether by the strikers or the Canadian police constables, is not positively known. Thirty constables arrived from Winnipeg and after being sworn in they were taken out to the Canadian Pacific railway boarding-house.

The sight of them had the same effect on the strikers that a red rag has on an enraged bull. In an instant fire arms were flashed by the strikers. For an hour shots followed each other in quick succession. The strikers massed and drove the police back into the bunk house, where they are now undergoing the siege.

The strikers threaten to-night to burn the Canadian Pacific mammoth grain elevators.

THE SPECIAL SESSION COST HALF MILLION

THAT GOODLY SUM USED IN GETTING NEW TARIF LAW FOR COUNTRY.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The extraordinary session of Congress which completed one week ago its revision of the tariff law, cost the American people, it has been estimated by some of the statisticians around the Capitol, about $500,000.

Many different items enter into this grand total, the chief of which is mileage. The House's expense on this account aggregates $154,000 and that of the Senate $47,000. Extra pay allowed to employes on both sides of the Capitol amounted, it is estimated, to about $150,000. Special employes engaged in compiling information for Congress and the committees, relative to the tariff, were paid good salaries.

The Government Printing Office has not yet supplied a statement concerning the cost of printing the tariff bill, reports and hearings, but it is known that this will be large.

BRADLEY TIPS OFF CENSUS SUPERVISORS

GIVES NAMES OF THE LUCKY ONES IN SEVERAL KENTUCKY DISTRICTS.

Washington, Aug. 12.—It is the opinion of Senator Bradley that the following will be appointed census supervisors in Kentucky for the districts indicated below.

First—Richard Jones, of Princeton.

Second—Alec Anderson, of Hopkinsville.

Third—Andrew J. Oliver, of Scottsville.

Fourth—Pilson Smith, of Greensburg.

Seventh—Louis L. Bristow, of Georgetown.

Supervisors for the Fifth, Sixth and Eighth districts have not been fully settled upon, it being understood that the Senator will have the say in naming supervisors for eight of the eleven districts in the State. In all except the three which have Republican Representatives in the House, he will doubtless soon decide who are to get the remaining places. As recently stated in these dispatches, the Senator had to revise his original list.

Reports are conflicting here as to when the supervisors will be appointed and sent to work—that is, connect with the Government payroll. A rumor gets out that the appointments may be made shortly and then along come men in high places who declare that Director Durand does not desire the appointments made until October, as there will practically be nothing for the supervisors to do until then.

ESTATE GOES TO BAPTIST CHURCH

Theodore Harris Leaves Relatively Little To Heirs.

Says That "Inherited Wealth Is Seldom Useful."

Provides Only $150 a Month For His Children.

CREATES BIG BUILDING FUND.

Theodore Harris left practically the whole of his wealth to the Baptists of Kentucky. There are a comparatively few small cash bequests. His blood heirs will have a life tenure in certain other portions of his estate, enough to net them an income of only $150 a month each. In his will, which he made and signed on April 15, 1907, he provides further that should the beneficiaries he names die or become otherwise disqualified, the portion set aside for them shall revert to the estate as a whole and be paid eventually into the hands of the Baptist Church organizations.

The discrepancy between his bequests to the church and those to his own children he explains by saying:

"The observations of a long life have taught me that inherited wealth is seldom useful to the one inheriting it; while, on the other hand, with the blessing of God, these benefactions will do good to thousands yet unborn."

Should any child or children attempt to contest the will or any of its provisions, directly or indirectly, "then, in that event, such child or children shall forfeit all benefits under same, and this will, so far as they are concerned, shall be executed as though they were dead."

* * *

Estate's Value Not Known.

The exact value of the estate may never be generally known. Mr. Harris named the executors, the Louisville Trust Company, his son-in-law, S. Thruston Ballard, and "a person to be named by the General Association of Baptists in Kentucky," requesting that they be allowed to qualify without surety of any kind, they and their successors.

The trust company and Mr. Ballard so qualified yesterday in the County Court before Acting Judge Edward Megiemy. Not only this, but Mr. Harris provided that no appraisement of his estate shall be filed in any court or elsewhere, although any of the beneficiaries may be furnished with such information on demand.

It is known surely that the value of the estate is upward of half a million dollars, and it is variously estimated on up to as much as a million. Thus, the "Theodore Harris Fund" created will be augmented from time to time as heirs who are bequeathed a life income die and the principal is added to the fund. This fund is to be in the sole charge of the board of the General Association of the Baptist Church in Kentucky. From it, on the judgment of the board, is to be loaned to needy churches not more than one-fourth of their value as buildings on terms. The loans are to be secured by a first mortgage on the building and grounds, and are to be insured as well. They will bear 3 per cent. interest.

* * *

Provisions of the Will.

The will itself is a long instrument, containing seventeen paragraphs. In the first he names the Louisville Trust Company, which he refers to in this way: "At the head of which is my friend, Hector V. Loving," and his son-in-law, S. Thruston Ballard, and "one person" to be appointed by the General Association of Baptists of the State of Kentucky, as joint executors of his will, asking that no surety be required of them.

A resume of the sixteen other paragraphs of the will follows:

Second—He provides that if the $60,000 he has promised the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary has not been paid, it shall be paid at once in cash or securities.

Third—He records his promise to give $100,000 to the Baptist university to be situated in Louisville, but specifies that the carrying out of this promise is conditioned on the raising of $900,000 additional within five years from the time of his death. In this connection he says:

"My wish is that only a bare majority of its (the Baptist University's) trustees shall be members of Baptist churches, and that the remainder of the trustees be members of other denominations, or of no religious organization whatsoever." Should the condition not be met the $100,000 is to revert to his estate.

* * *

Mindful of His Associates.

Fourth—To the officers, directors and clerks, and also to the Louisville National Banking Company's "faithful colored porter, Isaac Johnson," or to as many as have been ten years in the bank's employ, the sum of $50, to be used in the purchase of some memento of himself. To his stenographer, Louise Schmalzried, he makes the same bequest for the same purpose. He wrote:

"They have not only been my associates and my assistants, but they have been my friends, and for their fidelity to duty and their kindness to me I make these small bequests as tokens of my esteem."

Fifth—To the Little Sisters of the Poor and to "each and every orphan asylum" in the city, whether Jewish, Roman Catholic, Protestant, Baptist or any others, he gives the sum of $50 each.

Sixth—To his three cousins, Maria B. Spain, and her two sisters, Elise Harding and May Harding, all daughters of Dr. Ebenezer Fitch and residents of Middleton, Nova Scotia, "conjointly" he gives the sum of $400 a year, payable semi-annually for life.

Seventh—To Mrs. Caroline Brown, widow of George Brown, he bequeathed $786.48 each year and payable in equal monthly installments. This bequest was subject to reductions of 5 per cent. on any sum she might receive from the Sunshine Savings Bank. "This bequest," he says, "to be in accordance with money heretofore paid her as per memorandum in my box in bank." Mrs. Brown, who was his housekeeper, died last February.

* * *

Dr. J. M. Weaver Remembered.

Eighth—To his beloved pastor, J. M. Weaver, he leaves an annual bequest of $300, payable semi-annually.

Ninth—To each of his living grandchildren and those who may be born he leaves $500 payable when they become of age.

Tenth—To his daughter, Mrs. Sunshine Harris Ballard, he leaves $25,000. "This bequest," he wrote, "is to equalize her as nearly as possible with my other children to and for whom I have already paid much more than I have paid to and for her. This is not an exact equalization, nor can an exact equalization be made, but it will give to Sunshine less than some have received and less than

others of my children will have received unless my decease should happen very soon."

Eleventh—To his son-in-law, S. Thruston Ballard, he leaves $5,000, saying: "He does not need it, but I give it in token of my love for him." He also gives to Mr. Ballard a diamond stud, the only piece of jewelry he ever owned, expressing the hope that it be worn in his memory.

Twelfth—To each of his four daughters, May Johnes, Sunshine Harris Ballard, Zudie and Lilla, and to his son, Credo, he gives $1,800 a year, payable $190 each month. Should Credo marry, at his death, his widow shall become beneficiary in his stead.

Here he observes:

* * *

Explains Division of Estate.

"It may seem strange to some that I leave so little to my children compared with what I have given in the way of benefactions, but my children will have enough to make them comfortable, and the observations of a long life have taught me that inherited wealth is seldom useful to the one inheriting it, while, on the other hand, with the blessing of God, these benefactions will do good to thousands yet unborn."

He says that some of his life insurance policies are made payable directly to his children. He asks that the children allow the executors to make the collections and provides that, if they do not, the executors shall keep account of the amounts thus received and withhold the allowance until the insurance money is used up at the rate of $150 a month each. Should Mrs. Ballard's death precede that of her husband he becomes beneficiary in her stead. Mr. Harris' children and grandchildren are prohibited from encumbering any bequest in the will. The bequests to the daughters go free of control of their husbands.

Thirteenth—He directs the executors to set aside enough to insure the payment of the annuities bequeathed.

* * *

Everything Else To Baptists.

Fourteenth—All the rest of his estate he gives to the General Association of Baptists in Kentucky, "when it shall be legally competent to accept it, to be kept separate and apart from all other moneys and to be known as the Theodore Harris fund." It is to be held perpetually and to be loaned out to needy Baptist churches under certain restrictions. The text of this section is:

"All the rest and residue of my estate I give and bequeath to the General Association of Baptists in Kentucky, when it shall be legally competent to accept it, to be kept separate from all other moneys and to be known as the Theodore Harris' fund, to be held perpetually and to be loaned out to needy Baptist churches and to aid in the building of Baptist churches in needy places, said association to be the judge of the need; no case shall there be loaned more than one-fourth of the cost of said church building, and the money loaned shall be secured by a first mortgage on such building and the lot on which it stands, and shall be further secured by personal guarantee or indorsement and policy of insurance. It shall be loaned at the rate of 3 per cent., and may be loaned in from one to five years, payable in annual or semi-annual installments. No loan shall be made to any church that is not maintaining a Sunday-school the year around, and the failure to do so shall prohibit at the desk at the discretion of the board of said association, and a clause to that effect shall be inserted in each and every mortgage.

* * *

Aged—Not a Hair-Splitter.

"If in the State of Kentucky there shall not be a sufficient demand by Baptist churches for loans of this description to absorb the fund and keep it in active use, similar loans may be made upon the same conditions to other churches of other Christian denominations in Kentucky, for the older I grow the less inclined I am to split hairs in religion. 'He that is not against us is for us.'

"The money that under this residuary clause of my will shall fail to the board of the General Association of Baptists in Kentucky, I wish my executors to push over as rapidly as they can safely do so after setting apart, as instructed, sufficient funds to provide for the various bequests herein made. And when the last of those beneficiaries herein provided for have ceased to live, then the entire fund held for their benefit shall be paid over to the board of General Association of Baptists in Kentucky."

* * *

If Children Should Contest.

The fifteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth paragraphs of the will provide that the executors may sell and convey the property as they think best. Should Mr. Ballard die or resign while the trust is pending, the two other executors may act without him. No inventory or appraisement is to be filed in any court or elsewhere, he directs, although any beneficiary may be furnished with such information on their demand. No settlement shall be made except with the beneficiaries directly. The seventeenth paragraph and the last concludes:

"Should any of my children resist or contest the probate of this will or make any attempt to defeat any of its provisions, either directly or indirectly, or aid or abet any such effort, then in that event such child or children shall forfeit all benefit under same, and this will so far as they are concerned, shall be executed as though they were dead."

The will is witnessed by John H. Leathers and Ben C. Weaver, Jr.

ARAPAHOE ANCHORED, WAITS FOR ASSISTANCE.

Disabled Steamer's Passengers Will Be Taken Off and Landed At Charleston.

Beaufort, N. C., Aug. 12.—The Arapahoe, disabled yesterday, was twenty miles southwest of Diamond Shoals lightship to-day, and anchored in twelve fathoms of water. The vessel will require new stern bearings. The Arapahoe was in communication with the Iroquois and the Rio Grande, which took station close by, and will await the steamer Iroquois and a revenue cutter to assist her into port.

The steamship Iroquois of the Clyde Line, from New York for Charleston, was ordered to pick up her disabled sister ship, the Arapahoe, and tow her to Charleston. Her master expected to reach the Arapahoe late this afternoon.

The Arapahoe has on board a general cargo of merchandise, bound for Southern ports, and twenty-one first-class passengers, five second-class and thirteen steerage. If the weather permits, the passengers will be transferred to the Iroquois.

The steamship Moro Castle offered assistance to the Arapahoe's captain, but he refused, as he had been informed by his owners that the Iroquois was steaming fast to get to the Arapahoe before dark.

The wind turned northeast and freshened up somewhat during the day.

PANAMA CANAL TO BE READY IN 1913.

Minister Squiers Says the Big Enterprise Will Be Completed In Four Years.

New York, Aug. 12.—Advices that the Panama canal will be completed in 1913 are verified by Herbert B. Squiers, United States Minister to Panama, who has arrived here with his wife and daughter on a six weeks' leave of absence.

"I believe that the canal will be completed within four years," said Minister Squiers. "There is no reason for any further delay. There are now 38,000 men at work on the canal and they are pushing the work with great rapidity. The sanitary conditions of the canal zone are better than would be found in a northern section where so many men are employed."

BLAZING WOMAN JUMPS INTO BARREL OF WATER.

Boonville, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—In kindling a fire with gasoline, which she mistook for kerosene, Mrs. John Wheeler, aged 30 years, was probably fatally burned this morning by an explosion of gasoline. She saved her life by jumping into a barrel of water.

PHILADELPHIA

Likely To Land Next Convention of Metal Workers.

LOUISVILLE MAN MENTIONED FOR OFFICE OF PRESIDENT.

DELEGATES TAKE RIDE ABOARD CARS OVER CITY.

ENJOY BANQUET AT NIGHT.

With the election of officers this afternoon and the selection of the next place of meeting, the fifth annual convention of the National Association of Master Sheet Metal Workers will come to a close. The afternoon session will be called to order at 1:30 o'clock and President J. M. Holstner, of the local organization, will make an address. The election of officers will follow.

The morning session of the body today promises to be one of the warmest during the meeting. The four principles of the association, trade protection, open shop, arbitration and nonrestriction of apprenticeships, will be discussed, as they were passed yesterday for lack of time.

The report of the special committee, the report of the committee on warm-air furnaces, and talks from various local and visiting jobbers will conclude the morning session. It is thought that this will be about noon time and adjournment will then be taken until 1:30 o'clock.

In addition to the election of officers this afternoon and the selection of the next place of meeting, successors to three retiring trustees, Thomas F. Black, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; William A. Gallaher, of Wilmington, Del., and Robert Kain, of Cleveland, O., will be selected. Adjournment will then be taken sine die until 1910.

* * *

Tipped For Re-election.

Perhaps the delegates to the convention have the inside tip as to who will be elected president to-day, but they absolutely refuse to pass this tip to the newspaper men. It is believed that President Edwin L. Seabrook, of Philadelphia, will be re-elected, and it is also believed that he will carry the next convention to the Quaker City. The organization has not met in Philadelphia since it was formed five years ago.

President Holstner, of the local organization, has been spoken of for the position and several of the delegates have declared that it is probable that the high office will be given to a Louisville man. Mr. Holstner has not yet given his consent to allow his name to be placed before the convention, although several conferences were held with him yesterday in regard to the matter.

In response to a question put him, Mr. Holstner said that he would like to see the honor given a Louisville man, but that his business here at present is such that it demanded almost all of his attention. He did not say, however, that he would not accept the office if tendered him. It is thought that he will be given good support if he allows his name to be presented.

Philadelphia seems to have landed the convention already. Delegates from that city have proved that they are not slow. President Seabrook could hardly suppress a smile yesterday afternoon when asked where the next convention would go.

* * *

Thinks Well of Philadelphia.

"Well, I don't know for certain, of course, and I don't think it would be politic for me to say that I thought it was going to Philadelphia," he said. And nothing more would he say.

A Texas organization made a great hit yesterday afternoon when they brought a big bag full of sombreros, real Texan and Mexican cowboy hats, into the convention hall and handed them out to the delegates. They proved just the thing for the trolley ride a little later and the official photograph of the body was taken with one of the big hats on each person's head.

Sh! Whisper it, and for the goodness' sake don't let it get into the newspapers, but President Seabrook was the only man that got left on the proposition. He had to wear a cap and the hot sun just came down in bucketsful on his poor head.

Promptly at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, just after the photograph was taken, the 200 delegates hopped into the four chartered cars awaiting them and down Main street they went, taking in all the show.

A stop was made at the Jockey Club, and the delegates, representing every State in the Union, were shown where the greatest horse races in the South are run.

Coming back through the business section of the city, the cars were taken over the East Broadway line to Cherokee Park, where another stop was made. Short trips also were made over the Second street and other lines, and it was not until supper time that the party returned to get ready for the big banquet last night.

* * *

How To Close Contracts.

Conferences on the best methods of estimating for and closing of contracts were held at the opening of the morning session yesterday at the Galt House. The meeting was called to order by President Seabrook, who presided, and the conference was led by S. Spiro, of Birmingham, Ala. Mr. Spiro made an address of some length and showed that he was thoroughly acquainted with this feature of the sheet metal workers' work.

"The sheet metal trade is waking up to the fact that there is a power in their hands that can be used with benefit to itself; the buying power of the individual massed as a unit and thrown in favor of fair treatment. The work that has been done toward securing this fair treatment has been quite effective. From nearly every local association come reports that jobbing interests are refraining from retailing and show a disposition to co-operate with the trade."

"Agreements" probably will be discussed at length this morning. "In these days of anti-trust and other similar legislation 'agreement' seems to be something to shy at—and run away from," said President Seabrook. "Notwithstanding all the agitation and newspaper talk on agreements, there is undoubtedly a decisive tendency throughout the country in favor of agreements founded on an equitable basis. The Government itself clearly recognizes this to-day in railroad regulation."

* * *

Labor Bureaus.

At the convention of the National Association of Master Steam and Hot Water Fitters last night, the committee on ways and means offered a resolution recommending that local associations open labor bureaus, as they proved an effective means of securing a better class of workmen and more uniform regulation, but Secretary Goebel yesterday recommended that these bureaus be not opened, but that the secretary be empowered to register the names of all men who desire that their names be registered, to inquire into their qualifications and recommendations and furnish these names free of charge to employers who are in good standing in the National Association of Sheet Metal Workers.

This would be a valuable consideration to induce men to join the local and national associations, and a strong bond to keep them there, according to Secretary Goebel. The recommendation adopted by the Association of Master Steam and Hot Water Fitters follows:

* * *

Text of Resolution.

"We would recommend, as a source of great strength to a local association, the establishment of labor bureaus. Our association has committees to consider all questions of trade relations with manufacturers; we have the list on record to protect us against unscrupulous jobbers and manufacturers, but it seems to your committee that we are overlooking to a large extent our greatest source of loss in the contracting business, viz.: the control of our workmen.

"Local bureaus have been established by some local associations, and have proved a very effective means of securing a better class of workmen and more uniform regulations, and have resulted in placing this branch of our work, which is the most indefinite item we have to estimate on, on a much more favorable basis. While it has been expensive to do it, it has more than paid the expense, and is to-day a valuable asset to any members who are associated with such labor bureaus."

As a substitute for this Secretary Goebel offered a recommendation to empower the secretary to register the names of all men who desire and furnish these names to employers who are in good standing with the national association free of charge after the qualifications and recommendations of the men have been looked into.

METAL WORKERS

Enjoy Banquet At Galt House—Several Speeches Made.

Fellowship and good faith were the points emphasized by delegates to the fifth annual convention of the National Association of Master Sheet Metal Workers at the banquet extended to the guests at the Galt House last night. Delegates and local members with their wives and daughters crowded the big banquet hall of the Galt House to the number of 250 and the affair was one of the most pleasant in the history of the organization. President J. M. Holstner of the local organization made an admirable toastmaster and toasts were responded to by prominent members, jobbers and manufacturers.

Included in the list of speakers were President Edwin L. Seabrook of the National Association, Charles A. Gauss, next mayor of Indianapolis; Otto Goebel, secretary of the Syracuse, N. Y., local association, the New York State Association and the National Association; L. A. Osborn, a prominent jobber of Cleveland, and A. T. Enlow, a manufacturer of Canton, O.

Mr. Holstner called the gathering to order shortly before 10 o'clock and in a brief, but appropriate address, welcomed the convention to Louisville and assured the delegates of a warm welcome at any time they happened to come here. He introduced President Seabrook, who said in part:

* * *

President Seabrook Talks.

"I first want to assure the local committee on arrangements that they have provided for our every comfort while we have been in Louisville and the true hospitality of the Kentucky hosts has been impressed upon me.

"When I look back to that day some years ago when a few men gathered together in the city of brotherly love, some of whom are within sound of my voice to-night, for the purpose of organizing an association to promote the interests of the sheet metal workers, I little thought or dreamed of such a night as this in Kentucky.

"What does this meeting mean, however? Does it mean that we gather together for a jovial good time and have only pleasure? Does it mean that we have met here from every section of the country to greet one another and do nothing for the good of the association or of the sheet metal trade?

"I do not think so. We are here to try to create and maintain a relationship of fair dealing between the worker, the jobber and the manufacturer. We are here to help ourselves and thereby help them, for we have been told that there is more than one organization which has been as helpful to the jobber and the manufacturer as our own.

"We should be fair to each other; get beyond the conception as to why men should be other than strictly honest in estimating and closing contracts.

* * *

Universal Brotherhood.

"These gatherings, this rubbing of elbows, should give each other a broader conception of what one owes to the other. I believe that there is some selfishness in each of us, but I believe that in the not far distant future there will be a universal brotherhood."

The address of President Seabrook was met with enthusiastic applause and it was several minutes before quiet was restored. The meeting was thrown into convulsions the next minute, however, by Mr. Holstner saying, as he introduced Mr. Gauss, of Indianapolis: "If we can't get a present Mayor we will have to be satisfied with a future one."

Mayor Grinstead was to be one of the speakers of the evening, but he was not there. Mr. Gauss started out by telling how he happened to enter the tinner's trade and of his being the only one of twelve men plying the tinners' trade in Indianapolis left after thirty-five years.

He said that he had been attracted to the trade by a journeyman tinner coming to the door of his mother's kitchen and asking if there was any tinware in the house that needed repairing. She told him that there was and gave him a pot for which a cover was to be made.

As the man worked, Mr. Gauss said, he began asking questions, and before the man was half through he learned that there was money in the trade. He determined right then to learn the business and he went down town to start in as an apprentice.

"The first man I went to said I was too small," said Mr. Gauss, "but I asked him if he couldn't build a box next to the counter and let me work there. I guess he sympathized with me for he built the box and on it I started in at the tinner's business.

"Thirty-five years have passed since that day and yet I am within a stone's throw of the same location and I was never more surprised in my life than when the Democratic convention nominated me for Mayor at the last convention."

Mr. Gauss created a good deal of laughter when he warned the men present that he did not mean that there was but one tinner in Indianapolis when he said that he was the only one of twelve left after thirty-five years.

"I am the only one of the old crowd left, but 135 new ones have come in there since then," he said.

* * *

Growth of Organization.

Otto Goebel, secretary for the convention, was the next speaker and he said that it was a little over a century and a quarter ago that thirteen weak colonies gathered together and said that it was time to throw off the yoke and strike out for themselves. He then said that it was less than four and a half years ago that scarcely a dozen weak local associations met together for the purpose of organizing themselves.

"There were locals from Washington, Baltimore, Wilmington, Brooklyn, Syracuse, Philadelphia and Milwaukee that met and thought over the situation," said he, "and the result of that meeting is this organization of over 1,000 members with a strong treasury and willing workers.

"The father of the association was W. H. Barnard, of Norfolk, the first secretary of the association, for he was one of the leading and most enthusiastic supporters of the project."

"The interests of the sheet metal workers, the jobbers and the manufacturers are the same," said Louis A. Osborn, of Cleveland. "We must work together for the betterment of ourselves, the trade and the consumer or purchaser. Contrary to the belief of many men the jobbers, I think, are striving to protect the sheet metal workers. I also wish to say that I have enjoyed being here with you and hope that I will be able to be with you at your next convention."

A. T. Enlow, of Canton, said that the National Association of Sheet Metal Workers had done more for the jobbers than any other organization and that he was heartily in favor of any project that would bind more strongly the tie of good faith between the worker and the manufacturer.

SEPARATION OF BANKS SUGGESTED BY CONTROLLER.

National and State Institutions, With Allied Interests, Cause For Many Failures.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Controller of the Currency Murray has directed national bank examiners to forward at once to his office a list of national banks in their districts which have affiliations with State institutions and occupy the same building or which are in close proximity in their business affairs.

In some of the most conspicuous bank failures in the past the fact has been disclosed that the insolvency of the component members of the allied institutions was long concealed by shifting the assets between the institutions to meet the exigencies of an examination of each, and the insolvent condition was not discovered until a joint examination by national and State examiners was made.

MISER'S FORTUNE MAY BE MORE THAN $50,000

BAGS UPON BAGS OF COINS FOUND IN HUT.

PETER LEIBAUCH REMOVED TO COUNTY HOME.

HEIRS BEGIN TO APPEAR.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—By actual bank count at the vaults of the Farmers' National Bank here to-day, it was found that Peter Leibauch, an aged German hermit, who was arrested yesterday for his queer actions, had hoarded in his shanty home in small change $13,163, not including fifty-six bags of uncounted coins or bank deposits in eight North Side savings institutions. It is thought that before the search is ended Leibauch's fortune will total over $50,000. Bank books showing large deposits were found to-day in the rafters of the shanty. Already heirs are springing up, ready to file their claims for Leibauch's money as soon as a trustee is appointed by the court. Legal action to that end will be made to-morrow by the Commissioner of Charities.

For years Leibauch has posed as a destitute charge upon the bounty of citizens of the North Side. The old man eked out a miserable existence selling herbs and mint to saloon-keepers, who in turn partly fed him.

Two years ago, August Leibauch, a brother of the man arrested, committed suicide in the hermit's home. For years the brothers lived together in the shanty. It is said both suffered from unrequited affections, years ago, and chose their solitary existence after they had been refused the hands of twin daughters of a wealthy resident of Millvale. Leibauch was to-night removed to the county home pending court rulings over his permanent detention.

FOUR KENTUCKIANS LAND LUCKY NUMBERS.

Joseph Furay, of Warsaw, Ind., Gets First Choice of Flathead Reservation.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Four Kentuckians are among the first men to be given claims in the opening of the rich Flathead reservation to-day. Louis Taylor, of Harris, is the most fortunate, drawing No. 154, which gives him a choice of some valuable claims that contain water rights. Others are D. L. Thompson, Louisa; Charles E. Rindles, Anthony, and O. W. Faulkner, Lexington.

Two thousand names were drawn today for lands in the Flathead Indian reservation, and Joseph Furay, of Warsaw, Ind., was the winner of lucky No. 1.

The 81,363 applications, each in a buff envelope, had been dumped upon the platform, and Judge Witten announced that 2,000 would be drawn today, 2,500 to-morrow and the rest on Saturday.

The first envelope was picked up by little Miss Dolan at 1:30 o'clock and the announcement of the name of the winner was greeted with a cheer. Thereafter the drawing became perfunctory.

When the name of N. D. McPhee, of Coeur D'Alene, was announced as winner of No. 134, a young lady in the crowd gave a hysterical shout and made a wild dash to "carry the news to father."

The first woman to win was Eleanor McLean, of Missoula, Mont., who stated in her application that she was 70 years old.

AMUSEMENT PARK NEAR CAMDEN, N. J., BURNS.

Fireboats Sent From Philadelphia Quench Flames With Loss of $150,000.

Camden, N. J., Aug. 12.—Fifteen buildings, used for various amusement purposes at Washington Park, a pleasure resort, ten miles below this city, were destroyed by fire this afternoon. The fire started in the kitchen of the park restaurant and it was at first reported that a woman cook had been fatally burned, but this proved to be untrue.

Fireboats from Philadelphia were sent to the scene and after several hours' work the flames were brought under control. About 3,000 persons were at the park when the fire started and a small-sized panic occurred among the visitors. All escaped to places of safety without injury. All the buildings destroyed were of wood and the loss is estimated at $150,000.

VILLAZON INAUGRATED PRESIDENT OF BOLIVIA.

Expected Disorders Because of His Friendship For Argentina Do Not Materialize.

La Paz, Bolivia, Aug. 12.—Eliodore Villazon was inducted into the office of President of the Republic of Bolivia this afternoon in succession to Ismail Montes.

Owing to the fact that Villazon is believed to favor Argentina's award against Bolivia in the boundary dispute between Bolivia and Peru it was expected that disorders would ensue when Villazon assumed the Presidency. There has, however, been no trouble.

The lower classes are strongly opposed to Gen. Manuel Jose Pando, the newly appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs because he favors accepting the Argentina award and he has not yet assumed his duties.

MUST GO BACK TO MATTEAWAN

(Continued From First Page.)

lists called for the State than by that of the prisoner's experts. Regarding Dr. Britton D. Evans, he says:

"He experienced great difficulty in reconciling his present opinion with his previous attitude in connection with the homicide trials, and to my mind did not entirely succeed in so doing."

Thaw evidently made a bad impression upon the Judge by his actions both on and off the witness stand. The opinion calls particular attention to Thaw's facial appearance, especially during the last afternoon of his testimony, when for twenty minutes he spoke in justification of "his extravagant belief as to White's conduct with a certain woman."

* * *

Prisoner's Testimony.

The Court's Conclusions.

After discussing the evidence, Justice Mills draws the following conclusions:

First conclusion:

The insanity with which Harry K. Thaw was afflicted on June 25, 1906, at the time he committed the homicide, was of the kind known as chronic, delusive insanity or paranoia. This conclusion rests upon the following facts, which appear to me to be clearly proven:

There was in his ancestral stock a substantial but not very strong trace of insanity. By not very strong is meant the fact that no one of his direct ancestors was ever insane. Upon the maternal side two uncles were of unsound mind, each at least for a portion of his life, and on his father's side an aunt was at least an epileptic and perhaps insane, and some more remote relatives were undoubtedly insane, though as to them the evidence is not clear, but there had been insanity in one of their ancestral lines not common to the prisoner's own descent.

As a young child he was physically weak and puny, exceedingly nervous and abnormally willful. Older, he was subject to violent spells amounting almost to paroxysms of excitement without any naturally adequate cause. He attended various schools for different periods from the age of six upward, but made little progress in study.

While at school, especially in his early years, he had frequent outbreaks of uncontrollable excitement, in which his facial appearance was wild and staring.

* * *

His Marriage.

Continuing his history of Thaw's life, Justice Mills says:

"About 1901 he became enamored of a young woman, Miss Nesbit, whom he afterward married. She was then, by common reputation, well known to him, the mistress for a number of Stanford White. She soon assumed that relation to Thaw, and obviously, to account to him for her former position with White, told him various wild and grossly improbable stories of the inception of that relation.

"Although he (Thaw) evidently was himself far from a moral men, was engaged or soon thereafter became engaged in practices of a perverted character as revealed by the testimony of the Merrill woman, which, with the corroboration afforded by other evidence in the case, appears creditable, he gave absolute credence to the tales told him by Miss Nesbit about White.

"He obtained similar information as to White's conduct with a few other young women, either directly from them or through Miss Nesbit, all of which information was of the same wild and improbable character, evidently to any normal mind, grossly exaggerated.

"To all, however, he gave implicit belief. His mind became absolutely possessed with those stories. He not only believed them in their entirety, but he deduced from them conclusions as to the practices of White far beyond what such belief in a normal mind would warrant.

* * *

Plainly Delusions.

"From the charges separately made by those few admittedly immoral women, he concluded that White maintained several places in New York City where he accomplished, by force or by drugs, the ruin of respectable young American girls, as it were, by the wholesale. Such belief, to such extreme extent, was plainly a delusion.

"His delusions as to the practices of White were not shaken by the failure of the investigations made by the detectives and public authorities, and his delusive belief in his special mission continued to possess his mind. In that mental condition, at the roof garden, he came into the presence of White, doubtless unexpectedly, and publicly shot him to death in a spectacular and theatrical manner. In so doing he believed that he was acting as the agent of Providence and performing a praiseworthy act, like that of David in slaying Goliath, or St. George in killing the dragon."

Regarding Thaw's suspicions of a conspiracy against him by his early counsel, the court says:

"Such belief, that is to the purpose, was utterly without the least foundation and a clear delusion."

"All this," continued Justice Mills, "according to the weight of expert testimony, is plainly the history of a paranoiac. This court concludes, therefore, that Thaw's insanity at the commission of the homicide was of the kind known as paranoia, and not all of the 'brain storm'—sane half a minute before and sane half a minute after—variety, if any such variety really exists."

* * *

Jury's Verdict Correct.

"The verdict of the jury was plainly warranted by the evidence, not merely as an expression of reasonable doubt, but even as an affirmative finding of the fact of insanity.

"It is true that the new testimony upon this trial introduced in behalf of the prisoner intends to materially vary the history of his early life as above stated. I am convinced, however, that in such variance it is very largely mistaken, and that the testimony upon that point given at the second murder trial by another nurse, family physician, respectable and creditable witnesses, showing rational conduct on the prisoner's part in the Tombs, at Matteawan, and in the Duchess and Westchester county jails, is not of commanding force.

"The testimony of the alienists called for the defendant, as to the present condition, seems to me, upon the whole, more convincing than that of those called for the prisoner.

"Upon my own personal observation of the conduct of Thaw, his actions and his speech in the court room, those on and off the witness stand, I have been impressed that he is now of unsound mind. He was exceedingly nervous and very frequently interrupted his counsel with suggestions. Upon his examination it became evident, even by his own admission, that he holds his former beliefs to the evil practices of White, just as extremely and just as strongly to-day as ever.

* * *

Evidence Against White.

"If those beliefs constituted delusions in his mind when he committed the homicide, they are the same now. While he has no more evidence against White than he had then, it is all of the same character and neither alone nor with what he previously had warrants his extreme convictions.

"In the latter part of his examination, when he was striving mightily to defend his delusive beliefs, his facial appearance seemed to me not to be that of a sane person.

"The enlargement of Harry K. Thaw now would be dangerous to the public peace and safety, and therefore cannot be permitted."

An unusual paragraph in Justice Mills' opinion is devoted to Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, the prisoner's mother. The court says:

* * *

Not Fairly Treated.

"While paying this high regard to Dr. Baker, the court is by no means satisfied with the treatment which Thaw has received at Matteawan since his return there in October last, after his unsuccessful attempt in the courts then to obtain his freedom.

"No one could help being greatly moved by the deep and manifestly unfeigned distress of the mother when, as a witness, she narrated that treatment, telling how, after his return in October last to the institution, he was refused his former comfortably furnished room, compelled nightly to undress in the ward in the presence of fifty or more unquestioned lunatics, to pass through the infirmary, between rows of cots with the sick in them, to his room with the bed as its sole article of furniture, and remain there in darkness ten hours from 8 o'clock.

"In considering this narrative, doubtless allowance must be made for the effect of the mother's feelings. It must be understood that Thaw is not in the hospital as a criminal to undergo punishment. The jury, the supreme authority in the matter, has, by its verdict, declared Thaw innocent of any crime in the matter of the homicide, and their verdict must be respected, at least by all public officials.

* * *

Not To Be Punished.

"In the hospital he must be regarded as an unfortunate person afflicted with mental derangement, there not to be punished for any crime, but solely to be cared for, protected and guarded so that he may not injure another or himself, but always with the distinct hope that he may ultimately be cured, however great or small that hope really be. It is well, doubtless, that care be exercised by the authorities that Thaw be not favored because of the wealth and social position of his family. It is equally well, however, that care be exercised that he be not treated any worse upon those accounts. It may well be that this court, in the exercise of its plenary chancery powers, has the authority by order to make specific directions as to the treatment of any inmate in such an institution.

* * *

Privileges To Be Restored.

"However that may be, I venture to suggest to the authorities there that, when he is returned to their custody, the privileges, so-called, which he was permitted to enjoy in his first three months' stay there, be restored to him, if such procedure be not found to be clearly incompatible with due discipline; and, further, that his venerable and most estimable mother be at all times treated with the utmost possible consideration. Her sorrowful condition commands the profound sympathy of every normal mind."

"Having, out of consideration for the mother's feelings," continued Justice Mills, "permitted her as a witness to make at will her plea for her son, and in so doing to give certain incompetent testimony which embraced criticisms of Mr. Jerome, I deem it my duty to say that these criticisms seem to me to be mistaken and unwarranted, although doubtless sincere. In the very complete record before me I find no evidence of any heartlessness or undue zeal upon his part. If he made the remark remembered by Mrs. Thaw, to the effect that he hoped her son would never be released from Matteawan, I am confident that it was made as the expression, not of a hope, but of a conviction that he would not recover."

* * *

Thaw Is Unmoved.

Harry K. Thaw received the news today of the failure of his second attempt to obtain discharge from Matteawan with slight display of emotion. His manner indicated that he had expected an adverse decision. The information was brought to him first in his cell in the local jail.

"Have you heard Justice Mills' decision?" he was asked.

"No," said Thaw without moving from his chair.

A copy of the court's opinion was handed to him. He read it rapidly and without comment until he came to the following sentence:

"If those beliefs constituted delusions in his mind when he committed the homicide, they are the same now."

"That's not so," he said, and marked the lines with his pencil.

Thaw ever smoking a pipe when he got the news and as he read he puffed faster and faster until the air about him was a cloud of smoke. In no other way did he show any perturbation. He referred questioners as to his future plans to his attorney.

* * *

Gives Out Statement.

Early to-day, before the decision was announced, Thaw gave out the following typewritten statement:

"Letters reach me with all sorts of superscriptions besides 'H. K. Thaw, Pittsburg, Pa.' My address in New York for over ten years has been care Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, but the post-office is very efficient and letters addressed simply New York City reach me safely.

"The following letter is from Miss McKenzie, to whom Mr. White wrote the two 'mushroom letters.' She escaped being a victim in consequence of the warning contained in these letters:

"'25 East Forth-fifth street, New York, August 10.

"'Dear Mr. Thaw: I deeply appreciate your speaking up in the court room, when they insinuated I had been 'tried.' If only the newspapers would all print what you said. Some of your remarks were splendid.

"'Best wishes always,

"'MAY McKENZIE.'"

This afternoon a statement from Thaw came indirectly from the jail physician, Dr. William J. Meyers, who testified at the hearing that Thaw was perfectly sane.

Thaw told him, Dr. Meyers said, that while he was disappointed by Justice Mills' decision, he had no intention of giving up the fight.

* * *

Sorry For His Mother.

"I am more sorry for my mother than for anybody else," Thaw continued. "When I first got the news of Justice Mills' decision I called my sister Alice on the telephone and asked her to give my mother the news, but to soften the shock of it as much as possible.

"My fight is now centered upon the appeal to the Court of Appeals, through which I hope to secure a hearing before a jury."

Dr. Meyers said Thaw was taking the decision calmly, and was in no danger of a breakdown.

Charles Morshauser, Thaw's attorney, refrained from commenting at length upon the decision until he had read it through.

"I am stunned," he said. "I do not know just what action I shall take until I familiarize myself with every detail of Justice Mills' conclusions and consult with Mrs. Mary C. Thaw."

EVELYN UNDECIDED.

Has Not Determined To Ask Annulment of Marriage.

New York, Aug. 12.—Justice Mills' decision that Harry K. Thaw is insane was read with interest in this city by attorneys who have followed the case. It was pointed out that the decision apparently provides grounds for proceedings by Evelyn Thaw for the annulment of her marriage.

Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw said to-day, when informed of the decision, that she would make no statement with regard to possible divorce proceedings until she had conferred with her counsel.

ESCAPED PRISONER ARRESTED IN CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Harry Layfield, an escaped prisoner from the Louisville workhouse, who has been at large for the past fortnight, was arrested this morning by Night Chief Corbin and Detective Forrester. The officers noticed that he acted strangely, and upon searching him found revolvers and knuckles in his pockets. Detectives Heuflies and Pflug identified him as the man wanted in Louisville, and he will be held for the police there.

Retired Admiral Dies.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 12.—Rear Admiral Judah Thomson, U. S. N. (retired), died at Providence Hospital today after a long illness, aged 67 years.

EQUITY MERGER

Proposed by Head of Rival Organization.

STEPS TAKEN BY J. A. EVERITT, FORMER PRESIDENT.

ISSUES A STATEMENT TO THE TOBACCO GROWERS.

ACTION AT BOWLING GREEN.

Indianapolis, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Steps are being taken by J. A. Everitt, founder and for several years the president of the American Society of Equity, but who was deposed in 1907, to bridge the factional troubles that have torn the organization the last two years. The American Society of Equity now has a rival in the form of the Farmers' Society of Equity, with Everitt at its head. The plan now being laid by Everitt is to merge these two organizations into one.

One of the first moves in this direction will be at Bowling Green next week. E. L. Davenport, president of the American Society of Equity, department of tobacco growers, has called the tobacco divisions in Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio and Wisconsin and other tobacco fields to meet in Bowling Green on Thursday for the purpose of reorganizing the American Society of Equity's department of tobacco growers.

No one knows at this time just what will happen, but it is regarded as significant that Everitt has reprinted this call, and accompanying it with a statement has mailed it out broadcast in the tobacco sections. In his letter he says:

In 1907, before the national organization was captured by the conspirators and the original tried and proved plan of organization was abandoned, Kentucky had about 25,000 members in good standing. In May of this year—1909—the membership in good standing in Kentucky was reported by Secretary Robertson as only hearing, at 6,000, although he caused a report to be published over the State soon after this that the number of members in good standing was 20,000." I suppose it all depends on what he meant by "good standing" when he made the second statement.

Meeting of Trimble Growers.

Milton, Ky., Aug. 12.—A big rally of the tobacco growers of Trimble county will be held at Bedford, August 19. There will be a basket dinner on the ground and several prominent speakers will be present, among them Clarence LeBus, Miss Alice Lloyd, Judge Ed C. O'Rear and Judge R. F. Peak.

"ONLY" 93 DEGREES.

BEHAVIOR OF MERCURY BECOMING QUITE MONOTONOUS.

Outlook For To-day Is the Same and More of It With a Few Clouds Added.

Meandering through the business districts yesterday afternoon where the stream of perspiring humanity was thickest, one felt that he could with all piety suggest this addition to the litanies:

"From these humid, hot days, Good Heaven deliver us!"

Along about 3 o'clock in the afternoon the temperature reached a point on the thermometers scientifically called 93 in the shade. The low barometer throughout the Central States caused the weather to be extremely uncomfortable, although the highest the mercury climbed to was 93 degrees at 3 o'clock.

Folks looked with strained eyes for a sign of a cloud, but there was nothing but "a celestial ocean of blue" until about 7 o'clock. Then the clouds came up from the West and all waited in keen anticipation for the cooling shower they thought was coming. The thunder rumbled promisingly and the lightning flashed a few times, but it was literally a "flash in the pan," for Jupiter Pluv. got out his streak of low comedy, puffed out his cheeks and blew the clouds to kingdom come or Oshkosh or some place else, and the stars came out in a little while and twinkled as though they were shaken with laughter over the joke. Nothing doing in the rain line.

The forecast for to-day is partly cloudy, but not even a promise of a shower. The hourly temperature readings for yesterday follow:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
6 a. m.	70	2 p. m.	92
7 a. m.	72	3 p. m.	93
8 a. m.	74	4 p. m.	92
9 a. m.	77	5 p. m.	86
10 a. m.	80	6 p. m.	82
11 a. m.	86	7 p. m.	82
12 noon	88	8 p. m.	81
1 p. m.	89		

NO QUORUM AT MEETING OF LOWER BOARD MEMBERS.

Only nine members of the lower board of the General Council were present for the meeting at 8 o'clock last night and after waiting nearly an hour for four more Councilmen to make a quorum they disbanded and went home. Following the rollcall, President Boyer had an understanding with the clerk of the board that all members of the lower board shall be notified to-day that a meeting will be held Monday night. This arrangement was agreed to by all those present.

CORAL NECKLACES ON LEGS.

[New York Times.]

The fast-growing list of confiscated articles in the seizure room of the customhouse received a contribution from Aaron Greenberger, of 331 East Houston street. Mr. Greenberger was a passenger on the Red Star liner Lapland, which reached her pier from Antwerp late Sunday night. Special Customs Inspector Timothy Donohue, while walking about among the arriving travelers, rubbed against Mr. Greenberger and discovered that he carried a small package.

The man was ordered back on the steamship and there searched. In a pocketbook the man carried were found six diamond rings valued at about $100 each. In another pocket were found six more of similar value. Fastened about Mr. Greenberger's legs were strings, from which dangled twelve coral nec

USE Old Taylor Bottled In Bond

A Beverage Whiskey of top most Class

E.H. Taylor Jr. & Sons INCORPORATED Distillers, Frankfort, Ky.

L&N $2.00 Round Trip To Cincinnati SUNDAY, AUGUST 22.

Special Train Leaves Union Station, Tenth and Broadway, 8 a. m. Stops Fourth Avenue and Baxter Avenue. City Ticket Office, 410 Fourth Avenue.

DOCTORS ASKED

For Opinion On Use of Preservatives.

DIRECTOR SCOVELL WORKING FOR PURE FOODS.

MOVEMENT TO ABOLISH OFFICE OF CITY MARSHAL.

NOT NEEDED IN FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Director M. A. Scovell, of the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station at Lexington, has issued a circular addressed to the physicians of Kentucky requesting their opinion as to the use of benzoic acid and benzoate of soda in foods. A number of prominent Frankfort physicians have received the circular and will write him their experience. The result of Director Scovell's inquiries among the physicians may determine what action will be taken in the enforcement of the pure food and drug laws of the State with reference to preservatives used in foods.

Director Scovell's letter to the physicians of Kentucky on this subject says:

First—Do you prescribe benzoate of soda or benzoic acid as a medicine? If so, for what purpose, and what results do you anticipate?

Second—Would you recommend the indiscriminate use of benzoate of soda in milk or other foods for infants or invalids in any proportion?

Third—State your views as a physician as to the use of benzoate of soda, salicylic acid, formaldehyde and boric acid in food products.

Fourth—Would you consider the commercial use of any or of all these antiseptics in food products as safe from the standpoint of health?

Fifth—Do you consider benzoate of soda an exception among the chemical preservatives to the extent that its use may be permitted without detriment to all individuals?

Sixth—What is your opinion regarding the proposition that manufacturers of food products should be permitted to administer therapeutic substances in the shape of preservatives?

Seventh—Do you consider that it is possible to state definitely and conclusively, from the tests available and conducted upon young men for a short period of time, that the taking of benzoate of soda or benzoic acid in small quantities in food during the course of one's life is without harmful effect to health? Or that the small doses of the antiseptic will not produce physiological effects that would not be observed in a short experiment?

I respectfully ask that you reply at as early a date as is convenient.

M. A. SCOVELL,
Director Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station. Chairman Committee from State Food Officials.

* * *

Propose To Abolish Office.

Following the lead taken by several of the other third-class cities of Kentucky, Mayor Hume will recommend to the City Council of Frankfort at its next meeting that it abolish the office of City Marshal, as the law gives it a right to do. The law puts the power in the City Council, but, of course, the term of James A. Lillis, the present Marshal, cannot be affected. When his term expires the first of the year, if the Council acts on the Mayor's recommendations, there will be no Marshal in Frankfort. His duties will be performed by the chief of police, who does the work in other third-class cities. Mayor Hume said:

"I see no need for a City Marshal in Frankfort, for the duties, such as they are, can easily be performed by the chief of police. We are paying out about $1,200 a year for this useless office, which can be put into sewers, something that the city needs badly. I believe that the citizens will truly approve such a move. Other cities of this class have done this, and there is no reason for Frankfort not stepping in the line of progress."

If this office is abolished by the Council it will make the nomination secured by Mace Williams in the recent Democratic city primary valueless to him, but it has been suggested that there will be vacancies in other good positions under the next administration, in which he could be taken care of, so that he would have no reason to feel aggrieved.

* * *

Loafers Must Work.

Unable to secure workmen to improve the roadway from Frankfort to Lake Park, where the First and Second Regiments of the State Guard will encamp this year, Mayor Hume Thursday issued orders to Chief of Police Mangan to instruct his officers to arrest all loafers in the city and bring them into the Police Court on vagrancy charges. The Mayor has requested City Judge Herndon to give every man who will not work a good stiff sentence, and make him work for the city, if he will not do so for himself.

Mayor Hume's order followed a query from Adjt. Gen. P. P. Johnston as to when the city was going to live up to its promise to have the water and electric light mains and wires extended to the encampment grounds, and reconstruct the roadway along the river bank leading to the park. Supt. John D. Griffin, of the Frankfort Water Company, said that he could hardly secure workmen at $1.50 a day, yet he has begun work on the water-main extension, and Manager Austin, of the Capital Gas and Electric Light Company, has started men to work on the electric light wires. Both will be able to use more men if they can be obtained. Mayor Hume said:

"There are hundreds of idle loafers in the city, and I have told Chief Mangan to tell his officers to go through the 'Craw,' and wherever he catches men loafing about with nothing to do to lock them up in the workhouse. These men will not go out and work on the farms, and there is no reason why we should have them idling about town. I am going to break this thing up, and right now when we need men to go to work on this roadway is a good time to do it. The city is going to do just what it promised for the rifle range and encampment, and work will be hurried from now on."

Chief of Police Mangan left the Mayor to instruct his policemen to bring in the loafers at once.

* * *

Republicans To Nominate.

Republicans here say that when the Seventh district committee holds its meeting here August 17 it will probably take up the matter of nominating candidates for Circuit Judge and Commonwealth's Attorney in this, the Fourteenth, judicial district, as well as filling the vacancy on the State committee caused by the resignation of C. O. Reynolds. The Fourteenth district, composed of the counties of Franklin, Scott, Bourbon and Woodford, is reliably Democratic, but orders are said to have gone out from State headquarters to nominate Republican candidates in every district and county in the State this fall, and Circuit Judge Robert Lee Stout and Commonwealth's Attorney Robert L. Franklin, the Democratic nominees for re-election, may find that they have opposition in the Republican ranks for the first time.

* * *

Court In Senate Chamber.

Custodian George A. Lewis, of the State buildings, has given permission for the use of the Senate chamber as a Circuit Court room when the Franklin Circuit Court convenes for the September term. The Franklin county courthouse is undergoing repairs. About $25,000 will be spent to practically make a new building of it. The contractors are under bond to have it ready by January 1, so that but one term of court will be held in the Statehouse. The cloakrooms of the House and Senate will be used as jury rooms.

* * *

Corn and Poultry Organizations.

Commissioner of Agriculture M. C. Rankin has issued calls for the corn growers and poultry raisers of the State to meet with him at the State Fair in Louisville for the purpose of forming organizations. The corn growers are asked to meet Friday, September 17 at 2 o'clock in the live stock pavilion of the State Fair, while the poultry men are asked to meet Wednesday, September 15, at 9:30 a. m. to perfect their organization.

* * *

Fifty Candidates Pass.

Examination papers have just been corrected by the State Board of Examiners of the candidates for superintendents of schools in the various counties of the State, who took the examination for State certificates in July. Every four years as the county elections approach the candidates for school superintendents are compelled, by law, to undergo examination as to their qualification for the office they seek. The first examination is held the last Friday in July and the next the last Friday in August.

Fifty-three candidates took the July examination this year, and of these only three so far have failed. The following successfully passed the examination and will receive their State certificates, being named by the counties in which they are candidates:

Carter, W. C. Kozee; Whitley, H. L. Bryant; Grayson, R. H. Spurrier; Lincoln, Caleb Newell; Nicholas, Miss Lida E. Gardner; Bath, Leonard Cassity; Boyd, Miss Jerrie A. Weaver; Lawrence, Jay McDaniel; Fleming, Miss Lutie M. Palmer; Floyd, E. V. Hall; Logan, P. M. Barnes; Clark, John E. Lauter; Laurel, G. W. Haverly; Harlan, U. L. Bailey; Breathitt, Kash C. Williams; Lyon, C. W. Davis; Letcher, Henry C. Dixon; Hopkins, Taylor Crenor; Harrison, W. M. Barkley; Henderson, R. L. Cinnamond; Knott, M. M. Johnson; Knott, E. W. Richie; Scott, J. W. True; Elliott, B. F. Gray; Whitley, E. F. Davis; Magoffin, E. B. May; Hickman, W. L. Best; Johnson, Fred Meade; Hart, E. E. Ray; Ballard, J. E. Lane; Crittenden, E. Jeffrey Travis; Crittenden, Miss Clara Nunn; Martin, U. G. Johnson; Bullitt, Jennie B. Carpenter; Pike, P. D. Bevins; Carlisle, Daw Bishop; Breckenridge, Andrew Driscoll; Breckenridge, J. W. Trent; Marshall, John E. Arant; Mason, Miss Jessie O. Yancy; Knox, W. W. Evans; Rockcastle, J. W. Kincer; Rockcastle, W. R. Dickerson; Leslie, John D. Muncy; Christian, Mrs. Annie Bruff Wilkins.

* * *

Delegates To Conservation Congress.

Gov. Willson to-day appointed Gilbert Cowan, of Louisville, and John B. Atkinson, of Earlington, as delegates from Kentucky to the first National Conservation Congress to be held in Seattle, Wash., August 26, 27 and 28. Col. Atkinson is designated as the authorized personal representative of the Governor of Kentucky at the congress.

SALOON LICENSES

TO BE HANDED OUT PROMISCUOUSLY TO-DAY.

City Needs the "Coin" and License Board Must Place No Obstacles In Way.

The License Board will hand out as many licenses to saloonkeepers at its meeting this afternoon as there are men in Louisville desirous of such privileges. It is strongly rumored that the tenderloin saloons of "Cooney" Hafendorfer and J. N. Butler, on West Green street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, will get a new lease on life, although the licenses will be made out in new names. The License Board, before it finishes its sessions, will undo all its work of saloon purification, it is said.

The board has its hands tied from making anything like a stringent reduction of the number of saloons, because of Mayor Grinstead's "low" tax levy. When the levy was made the Mayor figured on a revenue of $350,000 from saloon licenses with which to pay the interest on the sewer bonds. This amount must be collected or the finances of Louisville will be in a serious fix.

SEVERAL INJURED IN SOUTHERN RAILWAY WRECK.

Westbound Passenger Train Derailed At Bull's Gap, Near Knoxville, Tenn.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 12.—Southern railway train, westbound vestibule No. 41, was derailed near Bull's Gap, between Knoxville and Bristol, this morning and seven persons were injured. They are:

Sam C. Bush, engineer, Knoxville; hip broken and scalded and bruised on head.

Ed Ludin, fireman, Knoxville; fractured skull.

J. J. McNabb, mail clerk, McDonalds, Tenn.; slight bruises.

Charles Shields, express messenger, Morriston; slight bruises.

Charles L. Lloyd, Coal Creek; slight bruises.

Charles Sharp, colored, Sheffield, Ala.; slight bruises.

Henry Robinson, colored, Frankfort, Ky.; slight bruises.

The injured were placed in a caboose and hurried to this city, where the more seriously hurt were placed in a hospital and the others sent to their homes. A relief train with physicians met the injured. Engineer Bush and Fireman Ludin are the more seriously injured, but it is not believed that either will die. Bush is one of the oldest engineers on the Southern, and has had many narrow escapes. He once lost an eye from an accident.

It is not known whether the accident was caused by a defect in the engine or because of spread rails. The engine jumped the track and turned entirely about and the mail car crashed into it. All the cars as far back as the diner were derailed. None of the Pullmans left the track.

DATES FOR HOLDING FAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

Lexington, Bluegrass Fair, August 9—6 days.
Vanceburg, August 10—4 days.
Burkesville, August 10—4 days.
Taylorsville, August 10—4 days.
Uniontown, August 10—5 days.
Middlesboro, September 1—4 days.
Harrodsburg, August 12—3 days.
Lawrenceburg, August 17—4 days.
Providence, August 17—5 days.
Leitchfield, August 17—4 days.
Barbourville, August 18—3 days.
Richmond, August 18—3 days.
Broadhead, August 18—3 days.
Shepherdsville, August 18—3 days.
Ewing, August 19—3 days.
Pembroke, Horse Show, August 19—3 days.
Shelbyville, August 24—4 days.
Elizabethtown, August 24—3 days.
Springfield, August 25—4 days.
London, August 24—4 days.
Liberty, August 25—3 days.
Florence, August 25—4 days.
Frankfort, August 31—3 days.
Somerset, August 31—4 days.
Hardinsburg, August 31—3 days.
Nicholasville, August 31—4 days.
Mt. Sterling, September 1—4 days.
Tompkinsville, September 1—4 days.
Fern Creek, September 1—5 days.
Bardstown, September 1—4 days.
Franklin, September 2—3 days.
Paris, September 7—4 days.
Hodgenville, September 7—3 days.
Monticello, September 7—4 days.
Glasgow, September 8—4 days.
Sanders, September 8—4 days.
Hartford, September 8—3 days.
Louisville, Kentucky State Fair, September 13—6 days.
Scottsville, September 16—3 days.
Mayfield, September 22—4 days.
Horse Cave, September 22—4 days.
Morgantown, September 22—4 days.
Glasgow Colored Fair—September 23—3 days.
Bedford, October 1—2 days.
Owensboro, October 5—6 days.
Elkton, October 7—3 days.
Sulphur, October 8—2 days.

SLAIN AT KEY.

James Engleman Assassinated In Telegraph Office.

SECOND OPREATOR MURDERED AT KING'S MOUNTAIN.

SUSPECTS BEING ARRESTED ALONG THE Q. AND C.

BLOODHOUNDS ON THE TRAIL.

Somerset, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—James Engleman, aged 27, night operator at Kings Mountain, twenty-two miles from here, just over the Pulaski county line, was assassinated by unknown persons about 2 o'clock this morning while at work in his office. The assassins took his watch, pistol and a small sum of money from his body, but failed to take a large amount of cash in the cash drawer nearby.

The body of Engleman was discovered shortly afterward by the crew of train No. 28, a fast freight, who gave the alarm to the little town. Bloodhounds were immediately telegraphed for at Hustonville, a distance of ten miles, and in about an hour and a half were on the trail. The dogs followed the scent several miles south along the railroad and lost it at Waynesburg, where it is supposed the men boarded a freight.

Suspects are being arrested all along the line and the railroad detectives are being re-enforced by county officers in an effort to locate the murderers.

Engleman was the son of Joseph Engleman, of Shelby City, Boyle county, near Danville, and had been married but a few weeks to Miss Haggard, of Kings Mountain. He had been an operator for the past ten years, working the first four for the Louisville and Nashville, and the last six for the Queen and Crescent. He was highly thought of by the road. If his assailants are captured a lynching may follow as the whole country is stirred up.

This is the third murder of an operator along the line in this section and the second at Kings Mountain.

Seven years ago, at Danville, Jonas Rucker, night operator, was shot through a window while lying on his desk and the money drawer rifled, but his murderers were never apprehended, although the shrewdest detectives in the land worked on the case.

About a year ago at Kings Mountain Harold Vandevere, operator and agent, was approached by Harve Watts, of Tennessee, and shot down without provocation, the two having never saw each other before. Watts was drinking and left the train there "to kill some one," so it is claimed he said. He committed suicide while awaiting his examination trial in the Stanford jail.

Detective Morrow, of the Queen and Crescent, is in charge of a posse that is scouring the country for Engleman's murderers. It is now feared that the road will have much trouble in locating operators to hold down the Kings Mountain "trick" since the two brutal murders have occurred. Engleman will be buried at Junction City.

PUSHED UNDER CAR.

Alex. Guerry, Son of Bishop Guerry, Injured In Fight.

Henderson, Ky., Aug 12.—[Special.]—While battling with two burly passengers who had refused to pay their fare, Alex. Guerry, son of the bishop of South Carolina, was pushed under a moving street car Sunday night and badly injured.

Young Guerry had come from his home, Sewanee, Tenn., to visit for a short time with his friends, the sons of J. H. Lyne, of Center street. Sunday George Lyne, superintendent of the street car system, announced that his could use another conductor nicely for the rush to the band concert at Atkinson Park, and young Guerry volunteered to take out a car, as he understood how to run one.

He was on one of the trips out to the park, when three men got aboard at Sixth street. Guerry states that two of them had been drinking and were inclined to be mean, and that the third man was trying to pacify them. The two who had been drinking refused to pay their fares, and when Guerry insisted they became insulting, according to the story. They became so riotous that there seemed to be nothing to do but go after them, and this the nervy young man did, regardless of the fact that it was three to one.

He pounded two of them in good shape, and they drew knives and began to slash at him and his clothing was almost cut from his body. Guerry went forward to get a switch iron with which to defend himself. As he stooped to pick it up one of the men gave him a push and caused him to fall from the car.

He landed on the ground with the wheel against his foot and ankle. Irving Lauchheim helped the unfortunate man to Letcher's Hospital. Dr. Letcher, assisted by Dr. Floyd, found that his foot and ankle had been badly lacerated, but the bones did not seem to be crushed. The wound was a terrible one, but the nervy young man stood the dressing without a murmur.

101 YEARS OLD.

Celebration of the Anniversary of Founding Church of St. Clare.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The one hundred and first anniversary of the founding of St. Clare church at Colesburg was celebrated today. Father Thomas Hays, of Bowling Green, conducted high mass, and Father Thomas White, of Louisville, delivered the commemoration sermon.

The church is one of the oldest in the State. The Very Rev. Stephen Theodore Badin, V. G., said mass at the humble home of James French, one of the earliest settlers at Colesburg, in the beginning of the Nineteenth century. Perhaps as early as the year 1806 the Rev. Father Charles Nerinckx was given charge of the Catholics at Colesburg, then a hamlet named after one of the earliest settlers, William Cole. Father Nerinckx within three years succeeded in erecting for the few families, numbering thirty-four, a little log church on the spur of Muldraugh Hill, close by the present town of Colesburg. The church was begun in 1808, and was completed in June, 1810. This church was finally abandoned, and a new one erected in Colesburg in the year 1874 by the Rev. P. J. M. Rock, who in turn was succeeded by Fathere Terrence J. Disney; he by Father J. J. Abell, and he by the present pastor, Father John Gastoldi. The church is now one of the most beautiful and attractive in the diocese.

Encouraging Church Reports.

Henderson, Ky., Aug. 12.—At to-day's session of the Forty-first General Association of Negro Baptists of Kentucky, the Rev. W. R. Payne, representing the Louisville city deacons' conference, delivered an address in which he took the stand for an educated ministry and greatly praised the efforts of President William T. Amiger, of the colored State University, in pushing forward the work.

The two standing committees of the association were named as follows: Credentials—H. D. Carpenter, J. W. Million, B. F. Patterson, S. Carpenter and G. F. Watson; Finance—R. Reynolds, V. S. Smith, W. D. Thompson, J. J. Brown and T. Timberlake. Recording Secretary W. H. Steward, of Louisville, read about 300 reports of the condition of the churches. The report as to the twenty-five churches in Louisville were encouraging and showed an increase in the donations over last year.

Successful Experiment.

Franklin, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The salesroom of the Planters' Protective Association, which was opened here January 1, has disposed of 1,300 hogsheads of tobacco, the last of the season's holdings. The salesroom was opened as an experiment and has proven gratifying to the local managers, as well as to the head officials of the association. A recent statement issued from the general office at Guthrie places Franklin among the leading salesrooms of the dark tobacco district.

Physician Dies of Apoplexy.

New Castle, Ky., Aug. 12.—Dr. Samuel P. Oldham, one of the most prominent physicians of Henry county, died suddenly of apoplexy here at 4:30 o'clock this morning. He had suffered several heat attacks.

Dr. Oldham was fifty-three years of age and leaves besides his wife, two daughters and one son, Dr. George P. Oldham, of Louisville. Dr. Oldham's first wife was a daughter of Judge William S. Pryor.

$15,000 Damages Asked.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 12.—Suit was filed in Circuit Coure here by J. H. Massie, administrator of the estate of Bennett V. Moss, against the Illinois Central railroad, R. E. McCarty and Foster Eldson for $15,000 damages for the death of Moss. While driving across the Illinois Central track at Heath, this county, June 30, 1909, Moss' buggy was struck by a train and he was killed. McCarty was engineer and Eldson fireman. The plaintiff alleges carelessness.

Brick Plant Burned.

Owensboro, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The plant of the Owensboro Sand, Lime and Brick Company was destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. Crossed electric wires is said to have been the cause of the conflagration. The loss is about $35,000, with $20,000 insurance. No night watchman was employed at the plant, and the fire had gained great headway when discoverey. Oil exploded in the oil room and threw large pieces of burning wood into the air.

Councilman Carpenter Dies.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 12.—George A. Carpenter, aged 60 years, a member of the City Council and one of the leading citizens at this city, died today of heart trouble after an illness of two weeks. His death had been expected for several days. He is survived by two children, Mrs. Leslie Patterson, of Louisville, and W. S. Carpenter, of Savannah, Ga.

Used Skeleton Keys To Escape.

Paris, Ky., Aug. 12.—Spencer Allen and Jim Wolf, negroes, serving one-year sentences for malicious shooting, escaped from the county workhouse during the temporary absence of a guard. The men used skeleton keys, releasing themselves from the ball and chain attachments and forcing the door locks, escaped.

Bogus Dollars At Paducah.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Several counterfeit dollars have turned up since the negro emancipation celebration Tuesday. The local banks discovered a few to-day that had been deposited by customers. Robert Hoopwood, a negro, of Louisville, is under arrest on the charge of passing one at a dance Tuesday. Government secret service men are working on the case.

Names For Election Commissioners.

Winchester, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The Democratic county chairman has certified to the State Election Commissioners the names of H. W. Scrivener, A. R. Baldwin, Ed Fox, A. Renick and J. C. Conkwright, and the Republican chairman the names of H. S. Bush, J. W. Pace, B. A. Ogden, W. M. Robb and C. W. Banks as lists from which to choose the county election commissioners.

Appointed To Chair of Latin.

Nicholasville, Ky., Aug. 12. — [Special.]—Harry S. Cannon has received notice of his appointment to the chair of Latin in the high school at Hereford, Tex. He received the A. B. degree at State University in June, of this year, and has been attending the normal school for the past two months. He is the son of M. W. Cannon, agent for the Courier-Journal.

Louisville Day At Spencer Fair.

Taylorsville, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—This was Louisville day at the Spencer county fair and the grounds were crowded with friends and visitors. The premium for the best decorated pony turnout was awarded to little Elizabeth Offutt, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Offutt. The second premium was given to Louise Ross, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Ross.

Death Ends Long Illness.

Nicholasville, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Milton C. Smith, aged 78 years, one of the leading coal merchants here, died last night after a protracted illness. He is survived by three children: W. R. Smith, teller of the First National Bank; F. D. Smith and Mrs. W. H. Fish, widow of Dr. W. H. Fish, who died about two weeks ago.

Primary For County Judge.

Carlisle, Ky., Aug. 12.—A. B. Tilton, chairman of the Nicholas County Democratic Committee, has called a meeting of the committee for August 18 for the purpose of naming a date and calling a primary election to select a Democratic nominee for County Judge to take the place of the late Thomas H. Collier.

Dr. Rodman Elected President.

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The Muldraugh Hill Medical Society met in this city to-day. Dr. H. D. Rodman, of Bardstown, was elected president. Vice presidents were appointed for each county. Dr. W. L. Helzer, of New Haven, is the permanent secretary.

Teachers' Institute In Hickman.

Hickman, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The Fulton County Teachers' Institute will be held in Hickman beginning August 23 and will last five days. Superintendent R. M. Shipp, of Winchester, has been employed as instructor.

Physician Probably Fatally Injured.

Henderson, Ky., Aug. 12.—Dr. L. C. Royster, one of the best-known physicians in this section, fell from a hayloft at his home near Smiths Mills, this county, and struck on his head. He will probably die.

Will Assist At Fair.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—C. L. Brunson, a florist, has been appointed assistant superintendent of the department of flowers and plants of the fair, which will be held September 13 to 18.

$10 Michigan and Return Monon Route—Steamer Manitou.

On Tuesday, August 24, the Monon Route will sell tickets to Charlevoix, Petoskey, Bay View, Wequetonsing and Mackinac Island and return at $10 via Chicago and steamer Manitou. Return limit September 10. Engage quarters at once. Address E. H. Bacon, D. P. A.

BENEFIT ENTERTAINMENT AT MACAULEY'S THEATER.

For the benefit of Vernon Wolfe, a young man who is ill at the city hospital, the Young People's Literary Society will give an entertainment at Macauley's Theater Monday night. A comedy sketch entitled "The Squire, a Coon and an Imp" will be presented.

After you've been an ad. reader for a time, "prices" will come to mean something to you.

All The "Influence" You Need Is Yours!

The best kind of "influence" that could be exerted on your behalf in your search for a good job is "want ad. influence." And that is yours—is at your service.

This want ad. "influence" makes employers see at once that you do business in a business way—have business ideas—realize that publicity is all the "pull" you need. And it would take a strong endorsement from a friend of a friend of the employer to be worth as much as this same want ad. influence.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY
INCORPORATED

BULLETIN:

Louisville, December 19, 1908.

Hearing before the Revision Committee of the Board of Aldermen.

Judge Richards: "I appear this afternoon at the request of the City Attorney and of the Mayor to briefly explain this ordinance and to say a few words in favor of its adoption:

"There was a time when the General Council of the City of Louisville and a large number of our people thought it was to the interest of the taxpayers and of the public generally to have two telephone systems in the City of Louisville. The General Council of the City of Louisville was persuaded that by selling a franchise at a very low rate for monthly charges, the new company would absorb all of the business of the old and in that way we would have virtually a new system at a lower rate. But they have been disappointed. The new company was created. It has a very large number of subscribers—somewhere between eight and ten thousand subscribers—but still the old company has grown also. It has increased its list of subscribers. It has possibly somewhere between ten and eleven thousand subscribers in the City of Louisville. Now, the result is that every man who does a large business—whether it is a corporation business, a mercantile business, or a professional business—is compelled to have on his desk both telephones, and instead of paying for one telephone system, he is to-day paying for two, AND IT HAS BECOME SUCH A BURDEN UPON OUR PEOPLE THAT THE MAYOR CAN SCARCELY WALK YOUR STREETS WITHOUT BEING IMPORTUNED TO DO SOMETHING TO RELIEVE THE SITUATION. IF IT IS IN THE POWER OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE TO DO IT, THE PEOPLE HAVE A RIGHT TO DEMAND AT YOUR HANDS THAT YOU SHALL RELIEVE THEM OF THIS BURDEN. Of the seventeen or eighteen thousand subscribers to the telephones in the city of Louisville, I should think it would be reasonable to assume that at least five thousand of them subscribe to this dual system. We might say if they pay an average of $4 for each unnecessary telephone, it makes $20,000 a month or $240,000 a year that the people of Louisville are paying for an unnecessary service."

Mr. Helm Bruce: "The Home Telephone Company is interested in having a franchise. It came here some years ago—seven now, I believe—and acquired a franchise to operate a telephone system. At that time, having had no great experience in the matter, it believed the rates, conditions and terms fixed in that franchise were reasonable and that it could live and prosper under the same. It therefore bought the franchise and gave $10,000 for it. Experience has simply demonstrated its mistake. THAT IS THE WHOLE STORY, TOLD RIGHT THERE. . . . Judge Richards said very truly a moment ago that the representatives of the Home Telephone Company had said to the Council, and I was one of them, that under the rates of the present Home Telephone franchise, by which I mean that which was sold in 1901, the Home Telephone Company could not live. I said, and I say again, that under these rates the Home Telephone Company cannot live and keep up its plant. I do not think the rates put in the original ordinance—namely $6.00 for the first half and $7.00 for the last—were fair. I have heretofore insisted, and I say now, THAT NOTHING LESS THAN $7.00 PER MONTH AS AN AVERAGE RATE FOR THE TWENTY YEARS TO COME WOULD BE FAIR. I have sat in the Board of Directors of the Home Telephone Company, operating under the present rate, and I know from experience that they are not living rates.

"I have gone into the question of rates as far as I, with my knowledge, am capable of doing, and I have enough to satisfy myself that a telephone company cannot, in the City of Louisville and with the character of plant required, maintain its plant and make a fair living profit for its investment at less than $7.00 per month. I do not believe it can be done. I have taken the figures, the actual cash, aside from watered stocks and bonds, the actual investment and the cost of operating, and coming to a conclusion as best I can and dividing the rates between the different classes of service, such as party lines and single lines and residence lines and business lines, and that is the conclusion I have reached after most deliberate investigations."

Mr. Newman: "Two telephones are a burden to everybody who has two. There is nobody satisfied. One man has the Home and another man has the Cumberland and they can't communicate and both are dissatisfied. It has been demonstrated the world over that two stock-yard companies and two telephone companies do not benefit any city. They simply divide the business. Chicago, Kansas City, Pittsburg and Louisville finally abolished the second stock yard because they were separating the buyers and sellers, and it did more injury to the stock business in Louisville than was ever done, and the farmers, merchants and packers all agreed to combine and abolish one of the plants. It is the same thing with two telephones."

NEW SUIT

Filed by Charles H. Stoll In Water Case.

STEP TAKEN TO PREVENT DEFEAT ON TECHNICALITY.

MILLIONAIRE HARKNESS PURCHASES MORE LAND.

HOLDINGS NOW 3,000 ACRES.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Charles H. Stoll, who has acted as attorney for J. H. Hostetter in the waterworks cases which were on trial in the Circuit Court last week, and in which the injunction case of J. T. Slade is now before the Court of Appeals, today filed a new suit in his own name against the city of Lexington, Mayor Skain and the members of the General Council, combining in one suit the allegations of the original bill of J. T. Slade as amended by him and the intervening petition of J. H. Hostetter.

In his petition Mr. Stoll asks that the city and city officials be enjoined from making any contract with the water company until further notice. In connection with the petition Mr. Stoll filed a motion for a temporary restraining order.

* * *

Restraining Order Granted.

The court granted the order restraining the defendants as prayed and he also entered an order directing Mr. Stoll to appear on Tuesday, August 17, and make his motion for an injunction pendente lite. The bond was fixed at $2,000, which will be furnished later. Mr. Stoll said he had decided to take this step owing to the uncertainty as to what would become of the Hostetter intervening petition, if the Court of Appeals should dissolve the injunction issued in the request of Mr. Slade. He said he wished to take no chances whatever on being defeated upon a mere technicality, and therefore deemed it best to have an original independent suit which could in no way be affected by the action of the Court of Appeals Judges next Monday, whatever their conclusion might be.

Mr. Stoll to-day made the following affidavit in executing bond for the Hostetter injunction case:

"Charles H. Stoll states that he is a resident of the State of Kentucky, residing in Fayette county, city of Lexington, on West Third street, between Broadway and Hampton court, and is worth $100,000 beyond the amount of his debts and has property in said State subject to execution of the value of more than $10,000."

* * *

Harkness Buys More Land.

L. V. Harkness, a millionaire, who has been briskly competing with his millionaire neighbor, J. B. Haggin, in the accumulation of bluegrass land in this vicinity, to-day bought about 417 acres on the Newtown pike adjoining Mr. Harkness' Walnut Hill stock farm. The purchase was made through Collins Marsh and Marla E. Marsh, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. Harkness now owns about 3,000 acres, while Mr. Haggin has already accumulated nearly 10,000 acres.

* * *

Meeting of Commercial Clubs.

C. A. Cooper, of Nicholasville; John A. Cassell, Frankfort; W. M. Swinford, Danville, and B. T. Adcock, Paris, met this morning in the offices of the Lexington Commercial Club, with Secretary Samuel Clay, to arrange for a meeting of representatives of the various clubs of Central Kentucky towns. The convention will be held in Lexington, September 16-17, at the operahouse. Representative business men from the following towns will be invited: Jackson, Salt Lick, Clay City, Morehead, Flemingsburg, Corinth, Williamstown, Somerset, Liberty, Campbellsville, Greensburg, Lebanon, Shelbyville, Christiansburg, Eminence, Owenton, McKinney, Houstonville, Perryville, McKinney, Smithfield, Berea, Ford, Wilmore, Campton, Stanton, Owingsville, Sharpsburg, Ewing, Booneville, McKee, Keene, Sadieville, Stamping Ground, North Middletown.

The convention will be open to all men who are interested in the federation of the Commercial Clubs and who desire to boost Central Kentucky.

G. G. Dowe, who is president of the congress of Commercial Clubs of the South, will be invited to address the convention.

* * *

Requests Sale of Estate.

The will of Mrs. Arabella M. Henry was filed for probate to-day. She directs that the residence she owns on the east side of North Upper street, between Church and Second streets, and all of her other property be converted into cash, and be distributed as follows: "To George H. Wilson, the son of Alice Wilson and B. B. Wilson, the sum of $500 (Five hundred), and to George H. Wilson I also devise my small clock. The residue I devise equally to George H. Wilson, Horace Wilson, Ben Wilson, Reed Wilson and Tilford Wilson, being the five sons of Alice Wilson and B. B. Wilson, it being my intention to give to George H. Wilson the clock mentioned above and $500 more than his brothers. To Mrs. George C. Webb, Buford A. Graves, James Madison Graves and George Thomas Graves my niece and nephews, I devise the sum of $1 each." Dr. J. W. Pryor is named as executor.

* * *

Highwaymen Foiled.

Miss Elizabeth Adams, daughter of John F. Adams, whose residence is just beyond the city limits on the Versailles pike, was accosted about noon by a negro man, who demanded a pocketbook which she held in her hand. When she refused, the negro knocked her down and began to choke her to stop her screams. Bryan Charlesworth, son of John Charlesworth, was working in a garden nearby, and, hearing the screams of Miss Adams, rushed into his home and secured Mrs. Charlesworth's revolver. The negro ran, taking Miss Adams' bundle and leaving her pocketbook and watch in his haste. The negro leaped over the stone wall near Mrs. Beauchamp's home and escaped.

* * *

Offered Place In Cuban Army.

Information has been received here by some close friends of Maj. R. A. Burton, commandant of cadets at the Millersburg Military Institute, that he has been tendered the position of Major in the new Cuban army now being organized.

Maj. Burton has been prominent in military circles of the State for several years. For some time he was commandant at Kentucky Military Institute. He has recently passed an examination before army officers. Maj. Burton is now at Jefferson Barracks.

Another Kentucky National Guard officer, whose name is withheld for the present, has received a captaincy in the same army.

* * *

Tobacco Shipped.

Secretary Clark, of the Fayette county board, shipped from here this morning twenty hogsheads of tobacco. This tobacco was recently sold by the organization at Winchester. It went to the following tobacco manufacturing concerns: American Tobacco Company, the Spencer Tobacco Company, the Globe Tobacco Company, W. D. Collins & Bros., and the J. B. Helzer Tobacco Company.

This is part of the tobacco that was thrown back upon the hands of the pool by the independent growers some time ago. Only twelve hogsheads are now left in Fayette county, and shipping orders for them are expected at any time.

* * *

Meeting of Jailers Postponed.

The date of the annual meeting of the Kentucky Jailers' Association, which was set for September 7 at Winchester, has been postponed until December 1. On account of the large number of Jaijers who will be elected this fall, the executive committee at a meeting held here to-day decided to postpone the meeting, that the new Jailers who are elected this fall may take part and have a voice in determining any questions which may come before the association.

* * *

The gambling cases against James Welch, Ben Brough and A. D. Wyatt, which have been on the Police Court docket since last week, were tried this morning, and upon failure of plaintiffs to make out a case were dismissed.

MADE COMMANDER OF THE PHILIPPINE VETERANS.

Honors Come To Col. Charles L. Jewett, of New Albany, At Pittsburg Reunion.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—The proceedings of the Philippine Veterans' Convention to-day were made interesting by the presence of Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, who aroused great enthusiasm in a speech upon the valor of the men who fought the country's battle in foreign lands. At the conclusion of Gen. Grant's speech the following officers were elected:

Commander, Col. C. L. Jewett, New Albany, Ind.; Vice Commander, A. H. Anderson, Pittsburg; Junior Commanders, Maj. W. H. Anderson, Manila, P. I.; Capt. F. W. Latimer, Galesburg, Ill.; Maj. Charles A. Howard, South Dakota; F. E. Krambs, St. Paul; Nicholas W. Muller, New York; Paymaster General, W. B. Brown, Chicago; Judge Advocate General, Capt. W. H. Keating, Iowa; Surgeon General, Maj. George W. Neff, Masontown, Pa., and Chaplain, Samuel J. Smith, Nineteenth United States infantry.

After the installation of the officers the new Commander addressed the convention in opposition to the merging of the Army of the Philippines with the American Veterans of Foreign Service.

GOVERNMENT REFUSES OFFER OF COMPROMISE.

Concern Who Had Their Alcohol Seized At Bristol, Tenn., Is Willing To Pay Fine.

Washington, Aug. 12.—An offer of compromise made by the Bristol Ethyl and Industrial Company, Bristol, Tenn., on account of a seizure of about 12,000,000 gallons of alcohol because of alleged fraud against the internal revenue laws, has been rejected by acting Commissioner Wheeler.

The seizure was made several weeks ago, and M. F. Tester, the Government gauger, was arrested for conspiracy to defraud the Government out of tax duty on distilled spirits.

While the exact nature of the compromise proposed is not announced, it is understood that the company

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Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 13, 1909

"Business."

Thursday Evening, Aug. 12.—The New York stock was very active and highly irregular. Many new high records were touched, but a sharp reaction in the final hour left prices at the close generally below yesterday's final figures.

Money on call was steady at 2¼ to 2½ per cent, with the ruling rate 2¼. Time loans were strong at 2¾ to 4. Sterling exchange was steady.

The Chicago wheat market on the Canadian crop report, which indicated a wheat harvest of 175,000,000, or in line with expectations of the most sanguine, final prices showing a net loss of ⅜c to ½c. Corn closed weak, oats easy and provisions firm.

The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 5 to 9 points, ruled fairly active, with a good undertone, and closed 5 to 14 points higher than first prices.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to strong, the hog market 10c higher and the sheep market steady.

A Deal In Insanity.

Justice Mills' decision may not convince a majority of the observers of the trial that Harry K. Thaw was insane when he killed White, or that he is insane at the present time, but the ends of justice are served by the recommitment of Thaw to the asylum for the criminal insane.

The defendant, a man of means, chose insanity as a defense after "dementia Americana" had proved insufficient to acquit him. He made a deal in insanity, proving, at considerable expense, his mental incapacity at the time of the killing and the incurable nature of his malady. He made a bed for himself at Matteawan to escape the gallows or the penitentiary. By all means let him lie in it. If Justice Mills is wrong in his opinion that the man was insane at the time of the killing, and is still insane, his having tried to get into the asylum places him in a position which should prevent anyone from sympathizing with him in his present predicament. If, upon the other hand, he was, and is, insane, the asylum is the place for him. The only catastrophe that could have resulted from the trial would have been freedom for a man who is either a murderer who should have been hanged or a maniac who should be kept in a safe place.

The decision is satisfactory from the point of view of everyone who believes that when a murderer is sane enough to escape the asylum he should be convicted of murder, and that when he isn't he should be sent to the asylum. No injustice has been done, no matter whether the court did or did not err as to the defendant's mental condition.

The court says that to turn Thaw loose now would be dangerous to the public peace and safety. It is by no means certain that the man will spend the remainder of his life in the asylum, but perhaps he may be forced to remain there for a few years at least. This will be better than would have been a decision setting him at large.

Burbank and the Watermelon.

Luther Burbank, who has accomplished many wonderful things in his experiments with plant life, is to make an effort to produce a seedless watermelon. It would hardly seem natural to cut open a watermelon and find it without its burden of seeds, but if their elimination did not impair the flavor of the succulent "red meat" such a transformation would be hailed as a great blessing by lovers of melons. The report, however, that Mr. Burbank proposes to supply the watermelon with a "handle" like unto that of the gourd or squash leads to the belief that the plant wizard may overdo this proposed reformation. It is generally agreed among melon experts that the crooked-necked watermelon is not so desirable as one of symmetrically oval form. A "handle" to a watermelon is superfluous. It is not of sufficient strength and tenacity to aid in the transportation of the melon and certainly does not add to its palatableness or to its general attractiveness.

If Mr. Burbank persists in his plan to give the watermelon a permanent "handle" his seedless variety will be slow to attain popularity, even though it be not lacking in lusciousness. It will be a hard matter to overcome the prejudice against the crooked neck. The old-time watermelon, seed and all, would be preferable to the squash-like product of the Burbank botanical gardens. Georgia would rise up in rebellion against such an atrocity and Posey county, Ind., would object strenuously to any innovations in the outward appearance of the melons which have contributed so much to its fame and prosperity. No Kentucky farmer would want to raise a watermelon that resembles a gourd. No Kentuckian would want to eat one and even the predatory small boy, rifling the vines of a neighbor's patch, would pass up such a base imitation except in a case of dire emergency.

Mr. Burbank should make haste slowly in the rebuilding of the watermelon. There should be no sacrifice of pulchritude in the operation; no departure from approved models; no infringements on the style of gourds and squashes.

Give us a seedless watermelon, if you can, Mr. Burbank, but please omit the "handle."

Advertising Cities.

The Springfield Union, commenting upon the news that business men of Buffalo are to spend $500 in five years to advertise their city, calls attention to the fact that Spokane, Seattle, Colorado Springs, San Antonio and Denver are among the cities that advertise and get results. Denver and Seattle rely chiefly upon securing conventions and entertaining the visitors so well that they take home good impressions and advertise these cities at home. The others employ publicity bureaus. Houston is to increase its size and fame by means of a Boosters' Club and display advertising in newspapers and magazines. Los Angeles, which the Springfield Union does not mention, is one of the best-advertised cities in the world, and California spends more for advertising than any other State. Oklahoma has done something in this direction. The rapid growth of Los Angeles—and the rapid rising of a new and greater San Francisco from the ashes of the old city—have been made possible by the fine California spirit which expresses itself in continuous "boosting" of California and her cities. And let us not forget Honolulu, with its "Promotion Committee" and its everlasting "push." No part of the civilized world is too remote for Honolulu to penetrate with advertising matter calling attention to the marvelous climate of the Hawaiian Islands, to their geographical location, "at the crossways of the Pacific," and to the advantages they offer to all who are lured to their shores by the somewhat strident but ever-confident and cheery voices of the boosters.

New York is advertised without much effort on her part because the nation is concerned with developments in the first American city, and what would be advertising for a smaller city in New York publications is gladly accepted as "pure reading matter" by those publications and by the press and periodicals elsewhere when it bears upon New York progress. Pittsburg recently published a book to explain that she is not so black as she has been painted, and other efforts to secure favorable publicity have been made in the East. A few cities in the South have attracted favorable attention by advertising. Knoxville recently laid down considerable cash for space in newspapers—and Knoxville is one of the "live" Southern cities, although still a small one. But generally speaking the fullest advantage of the use of printers' ink has been taken by the Western cities. It is in our farthest West, the Pacific coast and Hawaii, that the advertising campaign is most vigorously pushed. It is hardly necessary to say that experience has demonstrated the wisdom of the course taken by the advertising Westerners. Honolulu would never dream of abolishing her expensive promotion committee, and if Frank Wiggin were to die to-morrow the leading civic problem in Los Angeles would be where to find another man so well fitted to promote the interests of his city and State, by advertising, as that elongated and unsophisticated-looking prince of publicity promoters.

When the advertisement of cities becomes more general in America—that is to say, when the East, which prides itself upon its progress, catches up with the West—good results other than those aimed at by the advertisers will be assured. Out of the rivalry between cities there will develop a degree of pride that will demand progress at home. Improvements made in one city and vigorously exploited in the press of another will not only attract the interest of the people in the area covered by the circulating medium, but will awaken a local desire to keep abreast of the times. Nowadays, when advertising is not general, persons who chance to visit a neighboring city always return home greatly interested in whatever they saw that showed the neighbor ahead of the "home city." When such an interest is felt by a few thousands instead of a few individuals concrete results are likely to follow.

The East and South should profit by the example of the West, which hustles and advertises—and arrives.

Japan's Aggressive Attitude.

According to the Pekin correspondent of the New York Herald, the Japanese are moving large bodies of troops to Northern Korea. The Japanese are unalterable in their purpose of policing the Antung-Mukden railroad, or, in other words, establishing a military and political zone along its route, and a Chinese newspaper has been suspended for predicting that Manchuria will meet the fate of Korea. The Associated Press correspondent at Pekin says that extreme officials believe that as Japan has the support of Great Britain she supposes she can do what she likes, and that Chinese statesmen point out that Great Britain's attitude in this matter developed simultaneously with the war scare in Europe. A Tokio newspaper charges Germans in the Far East with intriguing to promote their commercial interests, taking advantage of the discord between Japan and China. The Washington correspondent of the Herald reports that advices received in Washington are that China recedes in the matter of the gauge of the railway under construction, but steadfastly opposes Japan's project of establishing a military zone in Manchuria.

To quote the Herald's Washington dispatch further:

"What the result will be of China's attitude in regard to Japan's policing the railway zone is not commented upon here. There is, however, the general impression that China will accede to Japan's demand if this question is pressed, and that Great Britain's support of Japan in the present controversy will go a long way toward forcing China's hand.

"The attitude of Great Britain in openly indorsing Japan's policy against China is looked upon here with surprise. While recognizing that Great Britain as the ally of Japan is acutely interested in the question, it is little understood why that Government found it necessary to enter into negotiations strictly between China and Japan before these negotiations had been completed. It is generally believed here that much pertaining to the controversy has not yet been made known."

It is somewhat difficult to connect the action of the British Government with the war scare in Europe, and it should be borne in mind that the war scare in Europe existed before the disagreement between China and Japan in the matter of the railway line reached a crisis. The charge of the Tokio newspaper that the Germans in China are trying to take commercial advantage of the situation is probably true. It would be natural for them to do so. But of all of the speculators upon the outcome the suspended Chinese journal seems to have hit the nail upon the head most squarely. Japan is evidently aiming at the absorption of Manchuria. Korea has already been made virtually Japanese territory. Its government has been completely emasculated and takes not the slightest part in the enactment of even the most unimportant internal laws. None of the Powers interfered when Japan broke her numerous treaties with Korea, and it is quite reasonable for Japan to feel that she may "go as far as she likes" in Manchuria, backed by British approval.

By the way, was there not at one time a theory that an open door existed in Korea and Manchuria, and was to be kept open by Japan?

The Tobacco Situation.

The burial of the hatchet by two organizations of planters, announced recently at Winchester, is followed by the announcement that the prospects for peacefully pooling the 1909 crop in the Burley district are bright. It is said that all planters will be invited to join the pool, but that none will be begged to do so. This proclaims an unassailable policy. There will be no outlawry if that policy is adhered to. All of the friction of the past has originated from attempts to club independent growers into organizations, shooting one now and then for the sake of discipline, and occasionally visiting one with loss of property by fire.

The plan of pooling tobacco to control prices seems to be a good solution of the problem, provided the pooling may be effected legitimately. But it is evident, from the existence of independents, that there are differences of opinion among growers as to efficacy of the pool, as managed, to relieve the farmer from trust oppression and other evils which cut his profits. When anyone, or any organization, seeks to coerce an independent grower—however misguided that grower may be—a right guaranteed by the Federal Constitution, and re-enforced by State laws particularizing from the generalities of that instrument, is infringed.

It is to be hoped that the burial of the hatchet between the organized planters will not be followed by the hatchet being exhumed in an effort to effect the proposed pool.

The New Orleans Picayune says Gov. Johnson, of Minnesota, errs in saying that the Western States can never control the policy of the country. But as long as Southern and Western Democrats in Congress go over to protectionism to cater to special interests Gov. Johnson will be able to say "I told you so."

Sereno E. Payne who weighs 280 pounds, is going to attempt to reduce. Mr. Payne now greatly resembles the schedules in the bill named in his honor. And he will probably continue to revise his adipose tissue upward.

"As usual the Democrats have carried the House of Representatives—a year before the election," says the Philadelphia Press. True, and as usual the Republicans have violated their pledge a year after the election.

President Roosevelt, who finds that Africa has many attractions as a place of residence, would find it dull if it had no attractions as a place from which to write for the magazines and be written about by the press.

The silly season days are come, the saddest of the year! A Henry James sentence, of no real importance, and as long as a Roosevelt message, is going the rounds of the press, its meaning guessed at by editors.

A Louisville capitalist's will shows a disbelief in the usefulness of inherited wealth. Diamonds aren't useful, but they do give the wearer a feeling of confidence.

Evelyn Thaw will, however, continue to run at large and display twice as much exaggerated ego as Harry has.

Georgia's freak Legislature has adjourned and the nonlunatic element in Georgia sighs in a relieved manner.

Louisville and Nashville stock behaves as if Orville Wright and Count Zeppelin had taken on a load of it.

Beverly will never be made as famous as Oyster Bay.

Points About People.

Dr. F. W. Hinitt and Mrs. Hinitt and their two daughters, Misses Dorothy and Margaret Hinitt, of Danville, are spending a few days at The Seelbach.

* * *

Miss Leila P. Masson left yesterday for a three weeks' visit to her cousin, Miss Emma Copper, in Philadelphia.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Lee and daughter, Miss Sophy Lee, left Saturday to be the guests of Mrs. Wallace at Marblehead for the remainder of the summer.

* * *

Miss Dorothy Dyer, who is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Simmons at Shepherdsville, will return to her home in Garvin Place the first of September.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Tompkins, of Owensboro, are spending the week at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Graham Vreeland and their two children and Miss Bessie Clarke left yesterday to spend several weeks at Atlantic City.

* * *

Miss Adelaide Culp, who has been the guest of Miss Lalla Swearingen at Amstel Terrace, and Miss Obrien, at Brooks Station, will leave to-day in her private car for her home in Washington.

* * *

Miss Marguerite MacLean, of Frankfort, arrived yesterday to be the guest of Mrs. C. W. Dorsey on Field avenue for a visit of two weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Edward W. Bentley will give a luncheon at Fontaine Ferry to-day in honor of her daughter, Miss Virginia Bentley, and the bridesmaids for her wedding.

Covers will be laid for the following:

MESDAMES.

J. Hale Dean, of Richmond; Pearl Hutton, of Grenada, Miss.
E. W. Bentley,

MISSES.

Janey Woodson, of Owensboro; Hettie Belle Fuqua, Virginia Bentley.

* * *

The following from the Narragansett Pier notes in the New York Times is of interest here:

"Mrs. Saunders F. Jones, of Louisville, gave a supper and dance last night at Grey Lodge Tea House, Beaver Tail, near Jamestown, for the Misses Mina and Fannie Ballard, of Louisville, who are her guests. Mrs. Jones and her party went from the pier to Grey Lodge Inn in two motor cars. Among those who attended were Charles Edison, John Welsh, Jack Cappeau, Paul Jones, Warner Jones, Miss Lucy Jones, Miss Sarah Welsh and others of the younger set at the Pier. The party returned to Narragansett early this morning."

* * *

Mrs. Charles L. Black, of St. Louis, will arrive Saturday to be the guest of Mrs. C. W. Dorsey for two weeks.

* * *

Mr. George Whipple Dobbs returned Wednesday from New York, where he has been the guest of his uncle, Mr. Willoughby Dobbs, for the past month.

* * *

Mrs. Harvey Chenault and Mrs. Eugenia Hume, of Richmond, who are returning from an extended trip in the West, are the guests of Mrs. Edward B. Hume on Third avenue for a short visit.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hale Dean, of Richmond, arrived yesterday in their motor car to be attendants at the Bentley-Logan wedding next Tuesday. Mr. Dean will be the best man and Mrs. Dean will be one of the matrons of honor.

* * *

Miss Mary Lucy Hall, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. Hamilton Lewis at their country home, "Nitta Yuma," for the month of July, and Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Mason at Transylvania since the first of August, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Mrs. Frederick D. Hussey has taken an apartment in the Sans Souci, at Third and Burnett avenues.

* * *

Mrs. J. D. MacLean, of Frankfort, arrived Tuesday to be the guest of Mrs. C. W. Dorsey on Field avenue for a visit of two weeks.

* * *

Miss Isabelle Haldeman and Miss Margaret Edwards will leave to-day for Crab Orchard to visit Miss Haldeman's grandmother, Mrs. Buchanan, for a week.

* * *

Miss Eugenia Hume and Mr. Stockton Hume, who have been the guests of their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Stockton, in Richmond, returned home last evening.

* * *

Mrs. Samuel Metcalf and Miss Mida Staebel left yesterday for a two weeks' stay at Niagara Falls.

* * *

Mrs. Andrew Smith, of South Orange, N. J., who has been visiting in Canada for the past two weeks, will join Mr. Smith here the first of next week to be the guests of their brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. George Babcock, at their country home on the upper River road.

* * *

Miss Eunice Young has returned from a short visit to Dr. P. E. Blackerby and Mrs. Blackerby at Erlanger, Ky.

* * *

Mr. John Stucky has returned to his home in Lexington after a short visit to his uncle, Dr. T. Hunt Stucky, at his apartments at The Seelbach.

* * *

Miss Lillian Netherland will leave today to join Miss Mead, of Ashland, at Olympian Springs for a week's stay.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Neill Roach are spending August in the trout lake region of Northern Wisconsin. They are camping out in the wilderness, and are equipped for fishing and hunting.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Ferguson and daughter will leave shortly for Hot Springs, Va., and New York and Eastern Point, Conn., where they will remain the rest of the summer.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Silverstone and daughter, Miss Love Silverstone, returned to their home in Seattle, Wash., after a pleasant visit with their brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. E. Wachtel.

* * *

Mr. Fleming G. Harper, who was operated on Tuesday at St. Joseph's Infirmary, is improving rapidly.

* * *

Mrs. Jacob Hoertz and daughters, Misses Margaret and Adelaide Hoertz, who left several weeks ago to spend some time in the country near Fern Creek, will return home September 1.

* * *

Mr. J. H. Weisenburgh is spending a few weeks in Chicago, Milwaukee and Wequetonsing.

* * *

Dr. N. Lelvy and Mr. P. B. Lelvy, of St. Louis, have returned home after a few days' visit to their brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. E. Wachtel.

* * *

Mr. William Petot, Jr., and Miss Bessie May Rugg were quietly married last evening at 9 o'clock at the home of the bride by the Rev. Dr. Lyons, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. Immediately after the ceremony they left for various points in the State, and on their return will be at home at 828 South Sixth street.

Baker—Landis.

Logansport, Ind., Aug. 12.—Fred Landis, former Representative in Congress of the Eleventh Indiana district, married at 5 o'clock this morning Miss Bessie A. Baker, daughter, of Dr. L. J. Baker, of this city. The fact that the wedding was to take place had been kept a secret from all but their immediate families. Immediately after the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Landis left the city in a motor car.

Vance—Dick.

Hickman, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Mrs. Mae N. Vance and Alfred Dick, of Dorena, Mo., went to Clinton and were quietly married. They will reside at Dorena. Mr. Dick is a well known farmer.

LOUISVILLE DAY AT MERCER COUNTY FAIR.

At 7:40 o'clock this morning the regular morning train of the Southern railway to Harrodsburg will carry a big crowd of Louisville business men affiliated with the Commercial Club to the Mercer County Fair, where Louisville day is to be celebrated. Julius V. Beckmann, who, in the absence of Secretary A. T. Macdonald, has had charge of the arrangements, said last night that he expects at least a delegation of 200 to make the journey.

TWO FINE SHEEP

With Blue Ribbons For Jeffersonian Barbecue.

WILL BE PART OF DEMOCRATIC HOLIDAY'S FEAST.

THESE AND ROASTING EARS TO COME FROM LEXINGTON.

INTEREST GROWING DAILY.

From stanch Democrats in Lexington yesterday the committee in charge of the arrangements for the big Jeffersonian barbecue, to be held here August 31 and September 1, received notice that prominent residents of the Bluegrass region have decided to contribute an abundant supply of foodstuffs to help make the rally a success. James Williams, of Lexington, advised the committee that he will send twenty barrels of peep o' day corn for the making of the burgoo, while Abraham Renick contributes two fine Bluegrass sheep from his large flock, which was awarded the blue ribbon at the Bluegrass Fair this week. Mr. Renick assures the committee that he will select the best two in the flock and send them to Louisville this week with the blue ribbons tied to their horns. They will be exhibited between the time of their arrival and the date set for their slaughter in the latter part of August. The following is the text of a telegram received from Lexington last night:

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 12.—Capt. James T. Williams, of Spring Station, who is widely known as a turfman and enthusiastic Democrat, was in this city to-day and stated that he intends to donate from the cornfields on his farm all of the roasting ears to be used at the great Jeffersonian barbecue, to be held in Louisville the latter part of this month.

* * *

All Want To Know.

According to those members of the committee who attended the Bluegrass Fair at Lexington this week in company with the Commercial Club delegation when Louisville day was celebrated, the barbecue to be held here is in every mind and on every tongue. They were assailed on all sides by eager Democrats who were anxious to hear everything about the big rally. They all assured the members of the committee that they will come to Louisville on the opening day legion in number to root for Democracy. It was announced at the local headquarters yesterday that ex-Congressman W. P. Kimball, who welcomed the Louisville delegation to the Bluegrass Fair, and Col. John R. Allen, two of the most loyal Democrats to be found anywhere, have consented to make speeches at the rally. They will accompany the Lexington delegation to Louisville.

From Larue county, the birthplace of "little Joe," a most interesting letter came to the committee yesterday. It bore the signature of R. H. Moss, and said in effect that a representative delegation of Larue Democrats will pour into Louisville to attend the big feast. The letter speaks for itself, and follows:

Hodgenville, Ky., Aug. 11, 1909.—Hon. Ollie M. James, Louisville, Ky.—My Dear Sir: Our people are very much interested in the success of the barbecue as well as the excellent ticket nominated by the party in Jefferson county. We are anxious to see a Democrat elected Governor of the old Commonwealth at the next election, and in order to do so, we think Louisville should be in the Democratic column, where she rightfully belongs.

We deplore the action of the bolting Democrats in nominating an independent ticket. Look for as big a crowd of true blue, all-wool-and-a-yard-wide Democrats as ever stamped under the rooster, at the Barbecue, from the old Democratic county of Larue. Again wishing you success with the barbecue, as well as at the polls in November, I am, yours truly,

R. H. MOSS.

Benjamin Marshall, of Frankfort, Ky., communicated with the local committee yesterday. He declares that the Franklin county delegation will whoop things up at the barbecue. They will make as big a noise as any delegation from counties the size of Franklin in the whole State.

* * *

To Insure Against Injury.

That the general public may understand that the committee is leaving no stone unturned to make the big barbecue and every attendant issue a success such as has seldom or never been realized here, a large corps of the most prominent medical men in Louisville have been engaged to do duty in the big public parade. Dr. J. I. Whittenburg, who has been appointed chief of the staff, will station his men along the line of march and at different places in the parade. The doctors who will make up the medical staff for the parade are as follows:

Dr. J. I. Whittenburg, chief of staff; Dr. Ellis Duncan, Dr. L. Spears, Dr. W. O. Humphrey, Dr. C. Godshaw, Dr. W. H. Rosenfield, Dr. M. K. Allen, Dr. J. W. Galvin, Dr. F. L. Wilhoyte, Dr. H. J. Collier, Dr. August Schachner, Dr. William Keller, Dr. Thomas Wallace, Dr. Ed Grant, Dr. Leon L. Solomon, Dr. J. B. Lukins, Dr. I. A. Arnold, Dr. H. E. Prather, Dr. Samuel E. Woody, Dr. A. P. Mueller, Dr. James A. Bland, Dr. C. W. Kelly, Dr. Ansel L. Thomas, Dr. C. L. Moir, Dr. J. Garland Sherrill, Dr. A. Lee Eddy, Dr. Irvin Abell, Dr. W. F. Boggess, Dr. Charles A. Edelen, Dr. Charles S. Russman, Dr. B. J. O'Connor, Dr. A. R. Bizot, Dr. D. Borgman, Dr. John K. Freeman, Dr. Frank C. Simpson and Dr. H. A. Jones.

MENU FOR A DAY.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Parsley Omelet.
Milk Biscuits.
Orange Marmalade.
Coffee.

LUNCH.
Crab Salad.
Cress Sandwiches.
Crackers.
Lunch Cake.
Iced Tea.

DINNER.
Clam Cocktail.
Lobster Farci.
Potatoes. Buttered Beets.
Olive Salad.
Pineapple Pudding.
Coffee.

* * *

Recipes For Friday.

PINEAPPLE PUDDING.

Dissolve 2 heaping tablespoonfuls powdered gelatine in 1 gill of water, over the fire, strain it into a basin, add 1 pound canned chopped pineapple, 1 tablespoonful sugar, ½ teaspoonful lemon extract, ½ pint whipped cream. Mix well, pour into wet mold. When firm turn out and pour custard sauce round.

LOBSTER FARCI.

Boil 2 lobsters thirty-five minutes; pick meat from shells in neat pieces. Melt 2 tablespoonfuls butter in a saucepan, stir in 3 tablespoonfuls flour, add 1 pint sweet cream, salt and pepper to taste, boil till thick, stirring all the time. Remove from fire, mix in lobster meat and put on ice three hours. Fill lobster shells, sprinkle bread crumbs and lobster butter over them, bake till brown, serve hot.

The proportion of felonies relating to property to the population in the police area of London has risen steadily of recent years. In 1907 it was 2,589 to each thousand of the population, a higher figure than in any year since 1895.

HEARD AND SEEN IN KENTUCKY.

Fine Bed of Mussels.

[Dover News.]

A fine bed of mussels has been found at the Fishing Shore, below town. Workmen are now engaged in gathering them for the Manchester Button Factory.

It is not generally known that mussels are found in beds from seven to ten feet in thickness, and that tons of them may be gathered from a single bed. The industry is becoming so important that the Government is taking a hand in establishing hatcheries.

Dinner For "Aunt" Beckie.

[Glasgow Republican.]

"Aunt" Beckie Saunders was given a rousing dinner by her friends at her home on Green street last Thursday, the occasion being Mrs. Saunders' 99th birthday anniversary. Among the guests were her only living sister, Mrs. S. J. Broady, of Slick Rock, herself 89 years old, and Mr. George Fortune, of this place, who is even older than Mrs. Saunders. The two sisters are the only two remaining of twelve children.

Notes From Crocus.

[Adair County News.]

B. H. Bradshaw is confined to his room as a result of having walked too close to a mule's heels. Harrison should have known that old mule had been waiting all these years for a good opportunity to "soak him one good and hard."

Washington Bloyd believes when we do business we should do it on a large scale. Last fall he sowed three bushels of wheat and a few days ago threshed three and one-half.

Sweetness For Winter.

[Richmond Climax.]

The blackberry crop turned out to be fine, and the good women have put up many gallons of jam for next winter. Blackberries have been called "the poor man's crop," but if we were as wealthy as the Goulds we wouldn't give a jar of good home-made jam for all the knickknacks and other damphool delicatessen to be found upon the rich man's table. Come down to the truth, now, would you?

Cleaned Up the Town.

[Boone County Recorder.]

Albert Conner, one of the trustees of Burlington common school district, brought his mowing machine over to Burlington one morning last week and mowed the school house lot, after which he turned his attention to the streets about town, where he did a good job cutting the weeds that would have been suffered to go to seed. Mr. Conner is entitled to the thanks of all.

Quail Drowned By Rain.

[The Pendletonian.]

Reports are coming in from all over the country that this year's crop of partridges will be the shortest ever known, and that the Nimrods will bag only Mollie Cotton-tails this fall. The shortage in the quail crop is attributed to the excessive rains in the spring, which drowned the young broods.

Fair Prizes.

[Adair County News.]

The following premiums were offered too late to be printed in the catalog:

5½. Special by Mrs. Junius Hancock, best six tea cakes made by a girl under 12 years. 50cts.

4½. Special by Dr. Garlin Grissom, for the dog that can eat the most at one time. 25cts.

Twelve Rattles Quieted.

[Adair County News.]

Mr. Horace Bybee, of Breeding, killed a rattlesnake last week that carried twelve rattles and a button, and was full four and half feet in length. The snake was discovered while crossing the public road.

Apple Cutting.

[Owingsville Outlook.]

Clay Reeves gave the young folks an apple-cutting Saturday night. All report a nice time.

THE SOULS OF THE LIQUOR MEN.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

Mr. George G. Brown is a good writer and is especially interesting when he deals with the liquor question. He is a leading manufacturer and seller of whisky, a most estimable and intelligent man, and knows more than anybody of the biblical aspects of the drink question.

Mr. Brown's last deliverance on his favorite subject was a long and very earnest and readable contribution to the Courier-Journal of the 10th inst. His text was "Have Liquor Men Souls, and, If So, Are Those Souls Worth Saving?" And besides this it was the purpose of his remarkable paper to show another thing, namely, that it seems to me that those who are undertaking to force prohibition are doing that which, if successful, will be destructive to true Christianity and at the same time destructive to civil liberty." With this last position of Mr. Brown's we may not find room to speak in this writing, but all must admit that, in sound at least, it is sufficiently alarming to give us pause and make us think. But the point is, will it stop the Prohibitionists? Probably not, but only make them hotter than ever. No matter, it is well enough for Mr. Brown to go on writing. At least his own party will agree with him, and perhaps here and there he may change the mind of an opponent.

The purpose of these remarks is to consider the soul question. It must not be supposed that Mr. Brown is in any doubt about his own soul. There are some churches, he says, "that require no conditions for membership that God does not require, and have erected no barriers to salvation that God has not erected," and of one of these churches, which are described by Mr. Brown as "havens for God's people," he has been a happy and worthy member for more than forty years. Of course Mr. Brown's church may change its views on the liquor question, as so many other churches have done. In that case, Mr. Brown might have to go churchless, which, to a man of his deep religious interest, would be a grievous trial. Mr. Brown is thoroughly opposed to churches following "fads," which is the name he gives to the Methodist Church in denying membership to anyone manufacturing or selling an alcoholic stimulant. And he says there are many other churches that have taken this positive stand against the membership of liquor men or have made them feel they would not be welcome in such churches. Truly, Mr. Brown has to put up with a good deal from the preachers. Some of them are using powerfully strong language about his business. Listen to this from the Rev. Aked, the eloquent pastor of Rockefeller's New York church: "And clearly, therefore, the church must refuse to hold communion with any man or woman who manufactures or sells intoxicating liquors. No man making his money by the liquor traffic must be admitted to church membership. The money made in the trade must not be accepted knowingly by any Christian community."

But in fact it is not Mr. Brown unduly alarmed? Is not the taking away of souls beyond the power of even the Prohibitionist? Because they can vote "dry" and run water wagons, it does not follow they can destroy the souls of the liquor men. No doubt, they would do so if they could, but as it is they have gone no further than to say that the less a man has to do with strong drink in any way the safer it is for his soul. We all know that in the start of life the liquor men are just as well provided with soul-stuff as any of us, but it may be the nature of their business exposes the precious stuff to more than ordinary risk. However, this is only guessing, as, to all outward seeming, the liquor men, starting, going and ending, are the same as others in the matter of soul, and only register low in this line, according as they register low peculiarly.

Therefore, Mr. Brown may rest easy; the liquor men have got souls, at least all they have any use for. The other concern of Mr. Brown's is: Are those souls worth saving? Of course they are. And when well saved they will be as good a class of souls as any that our human kind will turn out.

But Mr. Brown fears the churches will make a mess of things. Well, from his point of view, no doubt they will. No doubt they will become more and more against the liquor men and their traffic, but they will never close their doors to any who will repent and reform. Moreover, there is such a thing as getting on without the church. Notice what multitudes do this voluntarily and despite the appeals of the preachers. What makes Mr. Brown wince is that his business is picked out for ostracism. Well, that is pretty hard, but only hard for those who must go to church; it is no privation whatever to such as are of a less religious bent.

But if the worst comes to the worst, even the pious liquor man can save his soul. All he has to do is to sell his business, go into another kind and support the Prohibition party. It is not proposed by anyone that the money the business sells for should be thrown away. The seller can keep the price of his business. There is another way of getting men out of the liquor trade—that it shall become or be made unprofitable. But so long as it is a paying business few or none will sell out, and more and more will be getting into it.

As long as the liquor business pays it will be carried on. Souls and church standing are fine things in their way, but they do not figure as assets in most balance sheets, unless it be under the head of good will or something of that more or less fictitious order. Anyhow, the time is long gone by when people were willing to give up gold cash for soul insurance.

Oh, no, Mr. Brown, people with money, or a paying business, need have no fear for their souls or their good names; it is the people who are without money who are in danger. Always and everywhere it is the poor who are the wicked. The deeper the poverty, the worse the wickedness. So, if we would save our souls and anything else that is worth saving, we must not become poor. We would say to Mr. Brown and all the liquor men: Have no fear for your souls; they are safe as long as your money lasts. What is in danger is your business, your property, not your souls. It is the purpose of prohibition to destroy the liquor traffic. The agitation and legislation against you has only just begun. Who can tell how it will all end? Perhaps as so many former agitations and statutes against property have ended, by a sweeping, crushing decision of the Supreme Court.

A. R. C.

ON THE FUNNYBONE.

The Tightwad.

That I am close, some people say;
But they are wrong.
My instincts to give coin away
Are very strong.

In kindliness excelled by none,
I simply pant
To go and lavish wealth upon
The mendicant.

I'd give away my entire biz,
Deplete my roll.
The only thing that saves me is
My self-control.

* * *

Familiar Scenes.

"Yes; I'm just back from Europe."

"Did you see any towns abroad that reminded you of home?"

"Oh, yes. In Venice everything was flooded, and in Pompeii the streets were all dug up."

* * *

A Writer's Woes.

"I suppose it makes a humorist mad to have an editor return his jokes."

"It does. And it makes him still madder to see that same editor clip 'em later from another publication."

* * *

The Taciturn Barber.

Confine yourself to themes of pith
In your confab,
And don't annoy the barber with
Mere idle gab.

* * *

A Brief Respite.

"What's the matter, daughter?"

"Ferdy and I have parted forever."

"Um. In that case, I s'pose he won't be around for a couple of nights."

* * *

A Haughty Perch.

"What are the seats of the scornful?"

"Didn't you ever have a friend pass you perched up in a fine automobile?"

* * *

A Perfect System.

"I can't save anything. What I want is a patent bank that will take my pay envelope away from me every Saturday night and hand me lunch money every day."

"What you want is a wife."

WILL DEMAND LOOK AT MEDICAL BOOKS

DR. M. F. COOMES TO SEE THEM VERY SOON

OR WILL KNOW REASON WHY, HE ASSERTS.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE BUSY.

"I'm going to see those books or know the reason why," said Dr. M. F. Coomes, when he was asked last night what would be his next step in trying to see the books of the University of Louisville.

Yesterday he received a letter from Dr. T. C. Evans, dean of the university, in response to his letter asking leave to examine the books of the university, stating that the executive committee of the faculty of the medical department has the power of general supervision and administration of the affairs of the department, and that if any action was taken it would be taken by this committee. The letter follows:

"Dr. Martin F. Coomes, Gaulbert bldg., City—Dear Doctor: I have referred your communication of August 11, demanding 'leave to examine and audit the books of account of the University of Louisville,' to the executive committee of the faculty of the medical department. This committee has the power of general supervision and administration of the medical department under the control and direction of the board of trustees.

"I will communicate with you as soon as the committee reports on the matter.

Very truly,

"T. C. EVANS, Dean."

"I think that the citizens of Louisville are entitled to look into the books of the university," said Dr. Coomes. "I know that the university is indebted to the Kentucky School of Medicine for $39,000, to the Louisville Medical College for $50,000 and to the medical department of the Kentucky University for $27,000, and it ought to be known if these amounts are being paid and who is paying it. To pay these debts, together with the salaries of the members of the faculty, the university has only $104,000, $25,000 from the city and 79,200 from the 720 students."

SLIDES ON HIS FACE IN STEPPING FROM TRAIN.

Family of Thomas J. Keyer Starting For One Funeral When His Life Ended.

Thomas C. Brinley, 50 years old, alighted from a fast Chesapeake and Ohio railroad train at Anchorage last night and fell and fruised his face. Mr. Brinley is the manager of the estate of Col. J. J. Dudley, at Middletown, and had been in Lexington on business. Anchorage is the nearest station on the C. and O. railroad to Middletown, but the train that Mr. Brinley was on did not stop there. He jumped off at the station and fell and slid on his face along the ground. No one was around to render him assistance and he gathered himself together and went to the residence of Dr. C. W. Bayley, who dressed his injuries. He was afterward taken to his home at Middletown. It was said by Dr. Bayley that he would be confined to his home for several days.

STORIES OF THE TOWN.

The block on Green street between Third and Fourth is becoming known as "Newspaper Row." It is certainly the location of more periodicals of various kinds than any other section of the city.

On the corner of Fourth and Green is the Courier-Journal building, which is the home of the Courier-Journal and Times, and to the east of that building is one occupied by the Insurance Field. Across from it is the office of the Anzeiger, Louisville's German daily. A little farther east is a group of weeklies, including the Kentucky Farmer, the Focus

Ask you grocer for a free sample package of

CHOCONEL

The new breakfast cereal. A delicious combination of baked whole wheat and chocolate. A nourishing whole wheat food with just enough chocolate to make it tasty and appetizing. Nourishing, wholesome, easily digested.

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GALEN HALL
Hotel and Sanatorium.
ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY.
With its elegant comfort and superior table and service, is an ideal place for a long or short stay.
F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

New Princess Hotel
(Fireproof). Built of brick, stone and steel. South Carolina ave. and Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. Near Piers and attractions. Liberal management. Capacity 400 guests; 100 rooms with bath, single, en suite. Spacious piazzas; elevator; excellent table; white service; orchestra. Terms, American plan $9.00 to $15.00 weekly, $2 and $3 daily. Special season and family rates. ABSOLUTELY THE FINEST HOTEL AND LOCATION FOR THE PRICE. Write for Literature. C. E. COPE, Prop.

HOTEL KENTUCKY (NEW)
Kentucky ave., near Beach. Just completed. Capacity doubled, electric lights, telephones in rooms, elevator, private baths, center of all attractions, finest bathing. Table supplied daily from farm and dairy. "Sea food a specialty." Courteous white service. Rates $10 to $17.50 weekly, $2 to $3 per day. Booklet. F. A. CHAPMAN, Owner. Twelfth Season.

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Atlantic City, N. J. Whole Block Ocean front. Capacity 500; hot and cold sea water baths; spacious porches overlook ocean and Boardwalk; orchestra; table and service of highest standard. Indoor swimming pool. Special rates, $12.50 up weekly; American plan. Booklet. Electric coach meets trains. Third season. D. P. RAHTER.

ATLANTIC CITY HOTEL & AMUSEMENT GUIDE WITH MAP, TIME-TABLES, TIDES, FREE. CENTRAL INFORMATION BUREAU, 45 So. TENN. AVE., ATL. CITY

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM.

Write Town & Country Travel Bureau, 339 Fifth ave., N. Y., for information on Belgium and Brussels Exposition.

W. O. W.
Excursion To Shelbyville
SUNDAY, AUGUST 15
VIA
Southern Railway
75c ROUND TRIP.
Train leaves Seventh and River Depot 8:30 a. m.; returning, leaves Shelbyville at 5 p. m. Tickets on sale at 124 South Fourth ave., and Seventh-street Depot.

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The Atlantic Coast News Co.
The National News Co.

NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.
Hotel Astor News Staud.
Hotel Belmont News Stand.
Hotel Knickerbocker News Stand.
Imperial Hotel.
Waldorf-Astoria.
Hotel Latham News Stand.
Broadway Theater Building.
Unique News Stand, 256 West Thirty-eighth street.
H. J. Schultz, corner Thirty-second street and Broadway.
The Plaza, Fifth avenue and Fifty-ninth street.
Arthur Hoatling, Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.
L. Jonas News Stand.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.
Penn News Co., 810 Wharton street.
American News Co., 1600 Green street.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Becker & Orendoff, 1427 Penn. avenue.
Becker & Orendoff, New Willard.
Raleigh House.
Columbia News Co., 921 D st., N. W.
National News Agency.
B. F. Queen News Agency.

SEATTLE, WASH.
Puget Sound News Co.
Amos News Co.
A. Isserlis.
C. H. Gorman.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.
Colorado Wholesale Newspaper Agency.
J. M. Riley, Jr., 222 North Chestnut street.

MACKINAC ISLANDS, MICH.
L. E. Edwards.

MOUNT CLEMENS, MICH.
H. H. Lichtig Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.
N. Hexter, 338 Superior street.
J. S. Bushaw, 307 Superior street.
David Bloom, 181 Euclid avenue.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.
Rogers Book Store, 33 Patton avenue.
Brown Book Store, 66 Patton avenue.
Mountain City Stationery Co., 23 Patton avenue.
Morris S. Schas, No. 6 South Main st.
Battery Park News Stand.

BAY VIEW, MICH.
Blanshard Bros.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D.
Cataract Book and Stationery Co.

DETROIT, MICH.
Wolverine News Co., 72 West Congress street.

CHICAGO, ILL.
Chicago Newspaper Agency, 170 Madison street.
Auditorium Annex News Stand.
Auditorium Hotel News Stand.
Palmer House News Stand.
Grand Pacific Hotel News Stand.
Great Northern News Stand.
Sherman Hotel News Stand.
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Truitt News Co., 11 East Taylor street.
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Write for Booklet. E. FISHER, Propr.

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ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
Unexcelled Service and Quickest Time. Steamer "Montcalm" Affords One-Cabin Service.
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on your vacation, read the advertisements of the Resorts, Hotels, Steamship and Railroad lines in the
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Don't fail to order the paper sent to your address while away.

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Have your mail addressed care the London office of The Courier-Journal, No. 3 Regent street, London, England. If desired mail will be forwarded to all parts of Europe and the Continent. Tourists are requested to register at our office upon reaching London.
COURIER-JOURNAL CO.
London Office No. 3 Regent street

MERGER OF TWO BIG SOUTHERN COTTON MILLS.

New Company Formed At Danville, Va., With Capital Stock of Ten Millions.

Danville, Va., Aug. 12.—A merger of the Riverside Cotton Mills and the Dan River Power and Manufacturing Company, two of the largest cotton mill corporations in the South, was effected here to-day at separate meetings of the stockholders. The name of the new company will be the Riverside and Dan River Cotton Mills, which will have a paid-in capital of $4,500,000, in addition to $1,000,000 surplus. The authorized capital stock is $10,000,000.

The two mills have been practically controlled and operated by the same interests, the officers and directors being the same.

Improvements and additions that will cost about two million dollars are now in progress at the Dan River plant.

R. A. Schoolfield will continue as president, and H. R. Fitzgerald as secretary and treasurer of the consolidated mills.

NORTHERN PACIFIC REPORT SHOWS INCREASED RECEIPTS.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 12.—The annual report of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which was filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day, shows that the total business done last year by the company amounted to $68,460,747, an increase of about a quarter of a million over the figures of 1908. The net revenue was $28,322,267, an increase of $2,018,834 over last year.

REPUBLICANS

To Make Efforts To Carry Southern States.

HAVE EYES SPECIALLY FIXED ON VIRGINIA.

SENATOR BORAH TO JOIN THE RANKS OF PROGRESSIVES.

TROUBLE AHEAD FOR ALDRICH.

Washington, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—There is every indication that President Taft and the working politicians of his Cabinet are going to do what they can to help the Republicans in the Southern States which hold elections this year. They have their eyes specially fixed upon Virginia. Some Republicans here have been trying to create the impression that the Democrats in Virginia are badly split because of the defeat of former Congressman Harry Tucker for the gubernatorial nomination, and even went so far as to claim that the large majority of his followers would decline to vote for Judge Mann, the successful candidate for Governor at the recent Democratic primary.

* * *

Tucker Not a Sulker.

Mr. Tucker, not being of the sulking kind, has come out with a strong appeal to all who supported him to march up and give Judge Mann and the entire ticket a cordial support. The Taft Administration will also look sharply after Maryland this year, for in that State a constitutional amendment limiting the franchise and eliminating the utterly ignorant from participation in elections is to be voted upon.

* * *

Worries For "Pap Hunters."

But what worries the "pap-hunters" is that President Taft and Postmaster General Hitchcock, who is looked upon as the political manager in the Cabinet, are not coming to the front with offices for "the boys" very rapidly. The latest advices from Beverly are to the effect that the Republicans in the South will have to prove what they can do before their people can land into Federal jobs. Congressman Slemp, the only Republican in his State delegation, has admitted privately that the Republicans have no show of carrying Virginia. All they can hope for is to reduce the Democratic majority.

* * *

Troubles For Aldrich Crowd.

Evidences are multiplying that Senator Aldrich and his assistants will have to bestir themselves next winter if they are to continue to hold the upper hand in the Senate. The prediction is freely made here that Senator Borah, of Idaho, will join the forces that are to be arrayed against the New England crowd. Borah remained regular at the recent special session, but it is well understood by his friends that it was a bitter dose for him to have to support the tariff bill cooked up by Aldrich. Now that the tariff bill is passed and Borah's hands are free, it is learned that he intends to align himself next winter with the Senate Republican progressives, and to take a leading part in compelling a change in the present Senate conditions that make it possible for the few insiders in the Senate "family" to run the institution. At the next regular session corporation and railroad matters will be much at the front. On these things Borah has some advanced ideas. He ranks as one of the ablest of the Senate lawyers, and will, no doubt, be one of the leaders in the forces of the young Senators in their struggle against the older elements.

* * *

Pedestal For Lee Statue Missing.

The pedestal for the Valentine statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee, upon which it will stand in Statuary hall, at the United States Capitol, is missing and strenuous efforts are being made by Elliott Woods, superintendent of the building, to locate the large marble cube, without which the Lee statue cannot be put up in proper style. Whether the pedestal is mislaid in the freight yards or has been gobbled up is a mystery. Neither those in charge of the erection of the Washington and Lee statues, nor the transportation companies responsible for the delivery of both statues and pedestals in Washington, have been able to locate them. Both the Washington and the Lee statues were received intact and were unloaded in front of the Capitol last week, and it was thought that the pedestals for both were also delivered then.

* * *

Postal Receipts Increase.

The Postoffice Department issued to-day a statement of the gross postal receipts for July, 1909, as compared with receipts for the same month last year at fifty of the largest postoffices.

The receipts at Louisville were $69,584.55, against $69,175.51 for July of last year, an increase of $859.04.

Indianapolis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga all had heavier percentages of increase than Louisville, but this is not often true of those cities.

The receipts for the fifty offices, the department officials contend, usually reflect the conditions of business and the figures show that trade has improved practically in every section of the country.

* * *

Representative Langley, from the talk he hears around town, says he will not be surprised if there is a Congressional investigation of the Sutton case that has created such a sensation within the past few weeks at Annapolis.

* * *

Henry Isaacs has been appointed postmaster at Brazil, Jackson county, Kentucky, vice G. P. Richardson, resigned.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Key and Mrs. Charles D. Yates and Miss Annie D. Grundy, of Louisville, are at the New Willard.

MINISTER WU RECALLED.

China Will Send Chang Yin Tang In His Place.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Chinese Minister Wu Ting Fang has been recalled from Washington and ordered to Pekin for further arraignment. His successor will be Chang Yin Tang, formerly Charge D'Affaires at Madrid and now vice president of foreign affairs. Mr. Wu is now in Peru, to which country he has been credited along with the United States.

Announcement of the recall of Minister Wu came in a cablegram to the Chinese legation. This stated that an imperial decree had been issued recalling Mr. Wu and naming Chang Yin Tang as his successor.

The recall surprised government circles here. Mr. Wu has been the accredited representative of China in the American continents since March, 1908, and during that time has done much toward adding to the reputation he established among the people generally during his first term as minister to America in 1897-1902, of being one of the most popular diplomats who ever came to Washington.

His wit and interest in American life made him a popular figure. During his present ministry he became a convert to a vegetarian diet and announced he intended to live to be a hundred years old.

His sympathies with the United States during the Boxer trouble led to his recall. It was reported then that he was to be beheaded, but this Government promptly intimated that such a course would be offensive to the United States.

PAYS OFF JUDGMENT.

U. S. Treasurer Turns Over Money Due Steamship Company.

Washington, Aug. 12.—United States Treasurer Treat was to-day ordered by Justice Gould, of the District Supreme Court, to pay William E. Richardson, of this city, and William V. Rowe, of New York, as receivers, $205,614.37, appropriated by the recently-enacted deficiency bill to pay a judgment awarded last May by the United States Supreme Court in favor of J. M. Caballos & Co., steamship agents, of New York.

The money is due by the United States to pay the difference in passage money between third and first-class passage rates of the families of Spanish officers and officials returned from Manila to Spain following the treaty of Paris at the conclusion of the Spanish-American War.

The Government paid only third-class rate, and the steamship agents, having transported the persons first-class, sued to recover the difference.

WARM WORDS DURING IRRIGATION CONGRESS

SECRETARY BALLINGER'S POLICY ABLY DEFENDED.

WASHINGTON POWER COMPANY VICIOUSLY ATTACKED.

TALK OF DYNAMITING DAM.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 12.—John Wilson, former United States Senator from Washington, and John Farson, millionaire banker, of Chicago, to-day came to the defense of Secretary Ballinger before the National Irrigation Congress and succeeded in keeping the so-called "Ballinger-Pinchot feud" in the public eye.

Dr. Pardee started to-day's controversy by questioning a statement by a speaker. He again accused Secretary Ballinger of permitting the opening for entry of valuable water power sites.

This brought Mr. Farson to his feet asking Dr. Pardee if he meant to insinuate that the secretary was dishonest. With Dr. Pardee's reply that he meant no such accusation, the incident was dropped.

W. W. Ferrell, of Ferrell, Idaho, attacked the Washington Power Company, which supplies power to Spokane.

"I have been a settler in Idaho for twenty-five years," he shouted, "and there are many who have worked hard to make homes. And now, after a quarter of a century, the Washington Power Company, one of the many which threaten our lives, has dammed up our valley, overflowed our lands, drowned out our crops and many are about to lose their very means of livelihood.

"There are men in my town who will smash that dam with dynamite and send a forty-foot wall of water down this valley, and what will happen to Spokane will make the Johnstown flood look like a common shedding of tears if something is not done."

Former Senator Wilson replied:

"There may be those who do wrong in this land. There may be water power companies that disobey the law, but I want to say here that I stand for Richard A. Ballinger and I shall hear no man say he is dishonest. If it is necessary, I am here to defend Ballinger's superior—President Taft. What they have done they have done under the law. It is for the people to support the Government and not the Government the people, and for this reason I say that private enterprises should reclaim these deserts."

One of the interesting addresses of the day was that by Mrs. Emmons Crocker, a delegate from the Federation of Women's Clubs. She said that women first came on a par with men when President Roosevelt invited Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker to attend the gathering of Governors to discuss national conservation.

THREE GREEKS ARE SLAIN IN VIRGINIA.

Tragedy Due To Effort To Recover Tools Hidden From Employers.

Bristol, Tenn., Aug. 12.—Details of the shooting reported from Dane, Va., last night reveal that three men were killed and two wounded. The dead are Greeks, who were employed in getting out timbers for the mines.

Dissatisfaction among the foreigners because of alleged delay on the part of the contractors in paying their wages, led the Greeks to hide certain tools belonging to their employers. An effort to recover these led to the shooting. The Greeks shot an American, following which William Trent, a young man, entered their cabin. Securing a gun, which one of the foreigners was apparently intending to use on him, Trent shot and killed three.

An American on the outside was struck by a stray bullet. Trent, who claims to have shot in self-defense, was placed under arrest.

LOCAL OPTION LAW PRONOUNCED VALID.

South Carolina Supreme Court Upholds Act Under Which Elections Are Soon To Be Held.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 12.—The State Supreme Court to-day refused to declare invalid the liquor law passed at the last session of the Legislature. The test of the law was made on a petition brought by Thomas Jellico, of Charleston, for an injunction restraining the Charleston county election officials from holding the liquor election in that county on August 17.

The law provides for elections in the counties now wet, those voting for liquor to re-open the dispensaries under the system previously in operation. The constitutionality of the law was attacked on two grounds: That the subject of the act was not stated in the title and that it is special legislation.

Company Cook Dies.

Earlington, Ky., Aug. 12.—William Konald, cook of Company B, of Henderson, died from heat. He was stricken Tuesday and remained in the hospital all day, but was discharged yesterday morning. He suffered another attack and was removed to the hospital, dying about 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Konald was 40 years of age and had been with the company for one month.

Companies I, K and M were on the rifle range and made excellent records.

Wrecked By Spreading Rails.

Lancaster, Ky., Aug. 12.—Louisville and Nashville train No. 37, which left Louisville at 7:10 o'clock this morning, was wrecked about a mile and a half south of here at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon, caused by spreading rails. No one was hurt.

The train, consisting of coal tender, baggage car and two passenger coaches, left the track. Traffic was delayed several hours.

WOMAN IN CASE.

Police Captain Schmidt Was Asked To Resign.

FACT BROUGHT OUT DURING TRIAL OF PEARL GIBBS.

DEPOSED OFFICER SAYS CHIEF PROMISED JOB AGAIN

IF GRINSTEAD WON ELECTION.

The reason for the resignation of Capt. William Schmidt of the First Police District was publicly brought out yesterday when the case against Pearl Gibbs, who lives at the southwest corner of Twelfth and Walnut streets, and who was charged with keeping a disorderly house, was called in Police Court yesterday morning.

Col. J. H. Haager, chief of the police department, testified on the witness stand that he had received a letter informing him that Capt. Schmidt made visits to the house of the Gibbs woman at all hours of the day and night, notwithstanding the fact that he is a married man with five children. He said that he called Capt. Schmidt before him and showed him where he and the Board of Public Safety had procured proof of these visits and the resignation of Schmidt followed.

Col. Haager stated that the arrest of the Gibbs woman on the charge of keeping a disorderly house was made after he had procured proof through one of the detectives that Schmidt had been paying visits to the house and that on at least one occasion he had taken her riding. He stated that he had learned that Schmidt also bought whisky from George Lubbers, who conducts a saloon at 1132 West Walnut street, and carried it to the apartments of the woman.

* * *

Policeman Eighteen Years.

Schmidt had been a member of the police department for about eighteen years and was considered an efficient member. He was appointed captain under the Bingham administration and had been at the First District since then.

Just how long he had been visiting the Gibbs woman is not known, but Detective Frank High testified that he was assigned on the case three weeks ago and that during this period he had seen Schmidt enter the house four times. One time he visited the house at 1:30 o'clock in the morning, he said, and another time at 2:30 o'clock. He said that he had seen Schmidt drive up to the house one night at about 7:45 o'clock and go driving with the woman.

When the Gibbs woman was placed on the stand she said that her house was not an immoral one and that she had been properly conducting herself for the last seven years.

Two pictures of herself were presented by the prosecution, showing the woman in the uniform of a captain of the fire department. She stated that the pictures were hers, but refused to tell whose uniform it was that she wore. When it was shown that the pictures were taken more than two years ago they were ruled out by Judge McGee.

* * *

Girls Placed On Stand.

Three girls were placed on the stand and questioned in regard to visits they had made to the house of the Gibbs woman, but they declared that they had visited her only in a social way and had gone to the house for no immoral purposes.

Joseph E. Conkling represented the prosecution and in summing up the evidence said that the downfall of a captain of police had been accomplished in the house and therefore it was a disorderly one. The defense was represented by Robert Hagan, who several times fought strenuously against the admission of certain testimony, one instance being the offering as testimony the two pictures of the woman taken in the uniform of a captain of the fire department.

Judge McGee held the Gibbs woman over to the grand jury in the sum of $100 bond.

Col. Haager made the following statement in connection with the case last night:

"The case is to be regretted on account of the innocent ones who will suffer as a result. One thing is certain, however, and that is that such conduct on the part of any officer or member of the police department will not be tolerated.

* * *

Detectives Shadowed Schmidt.

"I was informed of Capt. Schmidt's conduct last month by citizens who told me that he had visited the house ten or twelve times. I immediately assigned Detective High to investigate the matter after conferring with the Board of Public Safety.

"The photograph of the woman attired in the full dress uniform of a captain of the fire department was found in a house on Tenth street.

"There can be no mistake about the identity of the woman. She rented two rooms on the second floor of the building at Twelfth and Walnut streets."

* * *

Capt. Schmidt's Statement.

Capt. Schmidt was seen last night and when asked about the charges made by Col. Haager said:

"I have been grossly misrepresented in this case. The whole affair came up over a liquor case.

"I was told to secure evidence in the case, and to do that I made was a friend of the alleged offender and who knew a lot of people who frequented the place.

"As soon as I began going to see Pearl Gibbs and it became known, a negro named Russell Reed, an ex-prize fighter, was told to follow me, which he did. Detective High took the negro's word for all he knows and did not find out anything himself, for I knew whenever he was in that vicinity.

* * *

Told To Keep Quiet.

"Reed has a letter in his pocket with Col. Haager's name signed to it to keep the police from arresting him on a charge of loitering.

"When I tendered my resignation on Monday Col. Haager told me if I would keep still and not talk to any newspaper men he would see that I was reinstated in the event of Mr. Grinstead's re-election.

"The reason that Col. Haager wanted me to keep still was that he had sent me to see several prominent Democrats and to find out if they would support Mr. Bingham for Mayor. If it is necessary I can tell the names of the men.

"While I was in the department I was constantly reminded of the active part my three boys were taking in politics. They are members of the Shelby Democratic Club. I am not through yet, and will give out some more news before long."

Heat Increases Insanity.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The mercury went to 96 degrees here to-day. According to Superintendent Laughlin, of the Southern Indiana Insane Hospital here, the hot weather is responsible for a large increase in insanity cases. The increase, he states, is 25 per cent. over cold weather months.

Former Librarian of Senate Dies.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 12.—Alonzo L. Church, former librarian of the United States Senate, died at the home of his son here this evening, aged 81.

QUARANTINE

Will Help Louisville Sheep Market

ACCORDING TO LOCAL STOCKYARDS OFFICIALS.

FARMERS MAY NO LONGER SHIP TO POINTS OUTSIDE STATE.

'SCABIES' EASILY ERADICATED.

While no definite information has been received by the local stockyards officers, cattle merchants and the Government stock inspectors in Louisville, it is expected that the Secretary of Agriculture will send out bulletins within a day or two, proclaiming a State-wide quarantine on sheep. This action is due to the prevalence of the skin disease, "scabies," in Kentucky.

The members of the Bourbon Stockyards Association say that the Federal quarantine is merely for the purpose of concentrating the diseased sheep in the Government-inspected markets, in order that the trouble may be quickly and effectively eradicated. For some months past the attention of the stock raisers in the State has been called to the fact that sheep scab was prevalent in the territory tributary to the Louisville market, and have urged the sheep raisers to dip their flocks and use every precaution to stamp out this disease.

So many sheep from different parts of the State have shown that they were infected that the Federal authorities have decided to place a quarantine on Kentucky, which might mean a loss of several hundred thousands of dollars to the sheep raisers in various parts of the State.

However, after a conference, the various members of the sheep raisers' organization, the County Judges of Kentucky and the Governor, A. E. Willson, decided that the best and quickest way to eradicate the disease was to take direct means. The quarantine is the result.

* * *

Good For Local Market.

When interviewed yesterday afternoon concerning the effect the quarantine will have on the Bourbon stockyards members of the Stockyards Association, including G. L. Watkins, J. W. Newman G. W. Embry and William A. Burnett, stated that the move will have but little effect other than to cause more shippers in the State to send their sheep to the Louisville market.

Said Mr. Watkins:

"I can't see how we will be unfavorably affected by the general quarantine. The Bourbon stockyards have been under Federal quarantine since last June. In that time all sheep that came into this market were inspected by the Government men and all those which were thought to have been exposed were dipped in the solution recommended by the Department of Agriculture. These were marked 'dipped sheep,' and sold as such. Those passing through this market which it was thought not necessary to treat were marked 'exposed sheep,' and sold under that name.

"As we have it from the Government experts, the sheep scab does not affect the meat of the animals, and there has been a steady sale of the diseased sheep in the Chicago and New York markets. The 'scabies,' you understand, is a mite which causes an irritation of the skin and causes the wool to fall out. The hides are often ruined, too, in advanced stages of the disease.

* * *

Hard On Sheep Raisers.

"Now this quarantine is going to work a hardship on stockraisers all over the State to what extent I cannot now say. When the word goes out none of the rural shippers can send sheep to markets out of the State. They will then be compelled to ship their stock to the Government-inspected markets, of which this is one and the other is at Covington. That, without doubt, will mean more business for us."

Mr. Burnett editor of the Bourbon Stockyards Journal, who is in close touch with the situation in all parts of the State, said:

"This quarantine is the result of the ignorance and obstinancy of some of the stockraisers out in the State. For several months we have been sending out bulletins and statements telling them of the ravages of the sheep scab, and admonishing them to treat their stock, and avoid the quarantine, which is now a settled fact. They evidently couldn't see it that way and preferred to let the trouble drift into a serious problem, which will mean a loss of thousands of dollars to them.

* * *

May Affect State Fair.

"I think that this trouble is going to have a serious effect on the stock exhibit at the State Fair, for the Federal authorities may decide that sheep cannot be exhibited at the fair. Of course, we know nothing specifically as yet. All the information we and the local inspectors have is what we have read in the newspapers, but we expect to get a communication from the Department of Agriculture to-day or to-morrow.

"If the farmers had only taken the matter in hand at the right time, we would not have this trouble to contend with now. Experiments have shown that there is no affliction among livestock which yields so readily to proper treatment as does sheep scab. A good many stockmen know this and we have no trouble in keeping their flocks free from the disease."

Ever since the quarantine has been established at the Bourbon stockyards the managers have maintained a sheep-dipping vat and plant, and all sheep which come into the market are dipped and labeled. They are then resold to the Chicago and Eastern markets for food purposes.

JAMES LYNN DIES AS RESULT OF SUNSTROKE.

James Lynn, 74 years of age, died at the residence of his son, John Lynn, 2323 Duncan street, yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from the effects of a sunstroke he suffered seven weeks ago.

The funeral service will be held at St. Cecelia's church, Twenty-fifth and St. Cecelia streets, at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning and will be conducted by Father Brady.

The burial will be in St. Louis cemetery. He is survived by the following children: John J., Charles, Walter, Agnes, of Louisville, and a daughter living in Cleveland, O.

"CAN'T-GET-AWAY CHILDREN IN NEED OF PLAYGROUND.

[Communicated.]

When you take the children to the mountains it's to get them away from the heat, to keep them in good condition, which is right and proper. But the other children, the hundreds left who would feel they had had a glimpse of heaven if allowed to play on the same lawns you deserted.

The Union Gospel Mission is trying to equip a playground on the property the mission owns so more of the "can't-get-away" children will have a grassy place to play.

2
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DEATHS.

FINCK—Suddenly Thursday, August 12, at 1:30 p. m., Rudolph Jacob Finck in his 36th year, at his residence, Brook and Gray streets.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

KEYER—Thomas J. Keyer, Sr., aged 79 years, at 1341 Second street.

Notice of funeral later.

LYNN—August 12, at 9 a. m., Mr. James Lynn in his 74th year.

Funeral from the residence of his son, John Lynn, 2323 Duncan street, Saturday morning at 8:45 and at St. Cecilia's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

KLEMT—Otto Klemt, August 11, 1909, at 10:40 a. m., aged 53 years 7 months.

Funeral from residence, 1420 W. Madison, Friday, August 13, at 2:30 p. m. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery. Friends invited.

WEBER—Fell asleep Wednesday morning, August 11, 1909, at 6:30 o'clock, Margaret E. Weber (nee Rudolph), beloved wife of Wm. Weber, aged 38 years 9 months and 2 days.

Funeral from her late residence, corner Texas and Milton avenues, Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, and from St. Matthew's German Evangelical church at 3 o'clock. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

HOSIERY COMES HIGHER

DUE TO NEW TARIFF SCHEDULE NOW IN EFFECT.

Chief Deputy Surveyor of Customs Tells of Other Changes In Duty On Imported Goods.

"The new tariff duties that went into effect August 6 raised the duties on wines and liquors considerably," said Omar W. Barber, chief deputy of the United States Surveyor of Customs, in his office in the Federal building yesterday afternoon.

Continuing, Mr. Barber said:

"The duty on liquors has been raised from $1.75 to $2.60 per gallon. Still wine, containing under 14 per cent. of alcohol, has been raised from 35 cents to 60 cents a gallon, while that containing under 25 per cent. and over 14 per cent. of alcohol now has a duty of 85 cents."

Speaking about other changes in the tariff, Mr. Barber said that next to liquors and wines, imported hosiery has received the largest increase in duty. All hosiery selling for $1 a dozen is raised from 50 cents to 70 cents a dozen, while under $1.50 and over $1 a dozen received an increase of from 60 cents to 85 cents. Hosiery that is imported for over $1.50 and under $2 a dozen now commands a duty of 90 cents instead of 70 cents, as formerly. On all these grades of hosiery an ad valorem duty of 15 per cent. has been added, Mr. Barber said.

According to Mr. Barber, the duties have been raised on fancy feathers, flowers and men's cotton gloves. The duty on matting is now 3½ cents, where formerly the lower grades were taxed 3 cents and the higher grades 7 cents. Mr. Barber announced that where there is a reciprocity treaty with any country the new charges in the tariff will not go into effect until six months or a year from the date of the changes.

The customhouse received yesterday the first importation of olives under the new duty, 7,000 gallons, with a duty of 15 cents a gallon. The olives were imported from Italy.

END OF ROBBERY CASES.

Elmandorf Dismissed and Evits Indictment Filed Away.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The Bandana Bank robbery cases were finally disposed of to-day in the Ballard Circuit Court at Wickliffe. Ernest Elmandorf was dismissed on peremptory instructions, the warrant against Sam Evits was filed away and the $500 bond of William Husbands was ordered forfeited.

The bank at Bandana was robbed of about $3,000 in April, 1908, and Elmandorf, Evits and Husbands, together with John Bulger, were arrested. Bulger was given two years in prison at the last term of court.

MOORS DRIVEN OFF BY ARTILLERY FIRE.

Forced To Seek Safety In Distant Hills, Where They Are Being Shelled By Spaniards.

Penon de la Gomera, Morocco, Aug. 12.—The Moors, who yesterday were firing on the Spanish garrison here, have been driven by artillery fire to the distant hills. Their losses were considerable. The bombardment of their present positions is being continued.

Moors Attack Convoy.

Melilla, Morocco, Aug. 12.—A Spanish convoy that marched out of Melilla Tuesday was attacked by the Moors. The Spanish losses in the engagement are not known, but the Moors had six men killed and many wounded.

EDUCATIONAL.

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Notre Dame, Ind. Write for catalogue.

MEETINGS.

Eureka R. A. Chapter, No. 101, will hold a called convocation in their hall on Main street, near Shelby, this (Friday) evening, August 13, 1909, at 8 o'clock, for the conference of the M. M., P. M. and M. E. M. degrees. Members of sister chapters and sojourning companions are cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us. By order

WM. R. SCHMIDT, H. P.
WM. H. MEFFERT, Secretary.

Kosair Temple, A.

GIANTS WIN TWO FROM THE CUBS

Pirates and the Quakers Break Even In a Double-Header.

REDS TRIM THE DOVES TWICE.

Detroit, Philadelphia, Boston and Chicago Teams Victorious In American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

MINNEAPOLIS	1	INDIANAPOLIS	2
LOUISVILLE	0	ST. PAUL	0
MILWAUKEE	1	KANSAS CITY	6
TOLEDO	0	COLUMBUS	2

National League.

NEW YORK	5-5	PITTSBURG	12-4
CHICAGO	2-1	PHILADELPHIA	3-5
CINCINNATI	2-8	ST. LOUIS	0
BOSTON	1-2	BROOKLYN	4

American League.

DETROIT	6	PHILADELPHIA	10
WASHINGTON	1	ST. LOUIS	4
CHICAGO	2	BOSTON	5
NEW YORK	0	CLEVELAND	4

Southern League.

NEW ORLEANS	2-4	ATLANTA	2-2
MEMPHIS	0-0	NASHVILLE	1-3
LITTLE ROCK	4	M'TGOMERY	3
MOBILE	1	BIRMINGHAM	3

Central League.

EVANSVILLE	5	WHEELING	1-1
DAYTON	2-1	SOUTH BEND	0-1
FORT WAYNE	3	ZANESVILLE	0
TERRE HAUTE	1	GRAND RAPIDS	3

Bluegrass League.

WINCHESTER	5	RICHMOND	4
SHELBYVILLE	1	LEXINGTON	2
PARIS	2		
FRANKFORT	1		

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Minneap.	67	50	.573	St. Paul	66	59	.487
Milwaukee	65	51	.560	Kan. City	63	60	.469
Louisville	62	51	.549	Toledo	53	68	.438
Columbus	58	59	.495	Indianap.	53	66	.444

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	72	38	.725	Philadel.	46	56	.451
Chicago	70	40	.667	Boston	40	66	.377
New York	59	37	.610	Brooklyn	36	52	.367
Cincinnati	50	50	.500	Boston	26	75	.257

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	63	41	.606	Chicago	49	54	.476
Philadel.	63	41	.606	New York	49	54	.476
Boston	56	44	.560	St. Louis	45	56	.446
Cleveland	53	52	.505	Washington	31	74	.295

Southern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Atlanta	62	39	.614	Mobile	53	50	.515
Nashville	60	40	.600	Birmham	45	49	.467
New Orleans	57	45	.559	Little Rock	46	54	.460
M'tgomery	53	49	.520	Memphis	35	70	.333

Bluegrass League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Richmond	37	24	.607	Frankfort	33	44	.484
Winchester	36	25	.590	Lexington	30	33	.476
Paris	35	30	.538	Shelbyville	29	40	.420

Central League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Wheeling	49	37	.570	Gr. Rapids	42	49	.462
Zanesville	48	38	.558	Terre Haute	45	53	.459
Ft. Wayne	53	44	.546	Evansville	39	57	.406
South Bend	51	48	.515	Dayton	34	59	.366

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

LOUISVILLE at MINNEAPOLIS.
TOLEDO at MILWAUKEE.
COLUMBUS at KANSAS CITY.
INDIANAPOLIS at ST. PAUL.

National League.

BOSTON at CINCINNATI.
BROOKLYN at ST. LOUIS.
NEW YORK at CHICAGO.
PHILADELPHIA at PITTSBURG.

American League.

DETROIT at WASHINGTON.
CHICAGO at NEW YORK.
ST. LOUIS at PHILADELPHIA.
CLEVELAND at BOSTON.

Southern League.

MONTGOMERY at BIRMINGHAM.
NASHVILLE at ATLANTA.
MOBILE at LITTLE ROCK.
NEW ORLEANS at MEMPHIS.

Bluegrass League.

RICHMOND at SHELBYVILLE.
LEXINGTON at PARIS.

Central League.

ZANESVILLE at GRAND RAPIDS.
WHEELING at DAYTON.
EVANSVILLE at FORT WAYNE.
TERRE HAUTE at SOUTH BEND.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg 13—4, Philadelphia 3—5.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—Pittsburg and Philadelphia divided a double-header here to-day, the locals hitting Moren hard in the first contest and winning by a score of 13 to 3 and losing the second in ten innings, 5 to 4. Heavy hitting by Pittsburg characterized the first game, Wilson and Gibson each getting a hit every time up. Wilson continued his batting in the second game. Wagner celebrated his return to the game by scoring three runs with his two-base hit in the third inning of the first contest. Willis was strong at all times, but Philadelphia hit timely in the second game. Two errors in the seventh inning of this period, with a double and a sacrifice fly, netted the visitors two runs. The winning run was scored when Bransfield singled and Knabe doubled. Scores:

Pittsb'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Barbeau 3b.	5	2	1	3	Grant 3b.	4	0	0	4
Leach cf.	4	1	4	0	Bates cf.	4	3	2	1
Clarke lf.	4	1	1	0	Titus rf.	4	0	3	0
Wagner ss.	3	2	2	0	Magee lf.	4	0	2	1
Miller 2b.	5	1	1	0	Br'sfield 1b.	4	2	6	1
Abstein 1b.	5	3	9	1	Knabe 2b.	4	3	0	5
Wilson rf.	5	3	1	0	Dodd ss.	4	0	5	2
Gibson c.	3	3	5	0	Doolin c.	3	1	2	2
Simon c.	0	0	1	0	Martell c.	1	0	0	0
Willis p.	3	1	1	2	Moren p.	3	1	1	0
Totals	35	17	27	7	Totals	33	6	24	15

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Pittsburg	0	0	4	1	1	2	5	0	*	13
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3

Error—Titus. Two-base Hits—Wagner, Abstein 2, Leach, Moren, Bates. Three-base Hit—Willis. Sacrifice Hits—Wagner, Wilson, Willis. Sacrifice Fly—Gibson. Stolen Base—Knabe. Bases on Balls—Off Moren 3; off Willis 2. Struck Out—By Moren 2, by Willis 3. Passed Ball—Doolin. Left on Bases—Pittsburg 5, Philadelphia 5. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Rigler.

SECOND GAME.

Pittsb'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Barbeau 3b.	4	2	0	1	Grant 3b.	4	1	4	2
Leach cf.	4	1	7	0	Bates cf.	5	2	1	1
Clarke lf.	2	1	4	0	Titus rf.	5	2	0	0
Wagner ss.	4	2	1	3	Magee lf.	4	0	2	0
Miller 2b.	5	1	1	2	Br'sfield 1b.	5	1	13	0
Abstein 1b.	4	2	7	0	Knabe 2b.	4	2	4	5
Wilson rf.	4	1	4	0	Doolan ss.	5	0	3	5
Gibson c.	4	2	6	1	Doolin c.	5	2	6	1
Maddox p.	4	0	0	0	Corridon p.	4	0	0	7
Totals	35	11	30	7	Totals	39	10	30	19

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	T.
Pittsburg	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	5

Errors—Clarke, Wagner, Miller, Doolan. Two-base Hits—Barbeau 2, Wilson, Knabe 2. Three-base Hits—Miller, Titus. Sacrifice Hits—Leach, Clarke. Sacrifice Flies—Wagner, Magee, Doolin. Stolen Base—Doolan. Double Play—Knabe and Doolan. Left on Bases—Pittsburg 7, Philadelphia 8. Bases on Balls—Off Corridon 1; off Maddox 1. Bases on Errors—Pittsburg 1, Philadelphia 1. Struck Out—By Corridon 3, by Maddox 4. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Rigler.

New York 5—3, Chicago 2—0.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—New York won both games before the largest local attendance of the season. Brown kept the visitors down to two singles in seven innings of the opener, but was batted for five hits in the eighth, which, with an error, netted five runs. The locals scored their two at the start on a gift, two hits and two wild throws, but were unable to touch Wiltse after the first inning. Mathewson was a complete puzzle in the second game, allowing but five scattered hits, only one Chicagoan reaching third. Three bunched hits, one a double, gave New York two runs in the third, a double, an out and a long fly scoring the other. Scores:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. York.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Evers 2b.	3	1	3	3	Doyle 2b.	4	1	2	1
Sheckard lf.	3	0	0	0	Seymour cf.	3	1	3	0
Schulte rf.	3	0	5	1	McC'mick lf.	4	1	4	0
Chance 1b.	3	1	10	0	Murray rf.	4	1	0	0
St'nfeldt 3b.	4	1	0	1	Devlin 3b.	4	0	1	4
Hofman cf.	4	2	1	0	Bridwell ss.	3	1	2	1
Tinker ss.	4	0	3	5	Merkle 1b.	4	1	7	0
Archer c.	3	0	5	1	Meyers c.	3	0	7	1
Brown p.	3	0	0	3	Schlei c.	1	0	0	0
Stanley 4f.	0	0	0	0	Wiltse p.	4	1	0	1
*Zimm'rm'n	1	0	0	0	O'Hara cf.	1	1	1	0
					†Devore	1	0	0	0
Totals	31	5	27	14	Totals	34	8	27	8

*Batted for Sheckard in eighth.
†Batted for Seymour in eighth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	5

Errors—Steinfeldt 2, Murray, Meyers. Stolen Base—Evers. Double Play—Tinker, Evers and Chance. Left on Bases—Chicago 5, New York 3. Bases on Balls—Off Brown 1; off Wiltse 3. Bases on Errors—New York 2. Struck Out—By Brown 3; by Wiltse 7. Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Klem and Kane.

SECOND GAME.

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. York.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Evers 2b.	4	0	4	2	Doyle 2b.	4	2	0	3
Sheckard lf.	4	0	2	1	Seymour cf.	4	0	4	0
Schulte rf.	4	1	1	0	McC'mick lf.	4	1	2	0
Chance 1b.	3	2	11	1	Murray rf.	4	1	3	0
St'nfeldt 3b.	2	0	1	2	Devlin 3b.	3	0	0	2
Hofman cf.	3	0	1	0	Bridwell ss.	4	1	3	2
Tinker ss.	3	0	2	3	Merkle 1b.	4	1	9	0
Archer c.	1	0	2	0	Meyers c.	3	0	1	1
Moran c.	2	0	2	0	Mathewson p.	3	1	0	2
Pfiester p.	1	0	0	2					
H'gginb'm p.	2	1	1	1					
Totals	29	4	27	12	Totals	33	8	27	10

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	*	3

Two-base Hits—Meyers, McCormick, Chance. Hits—Off Pfiester 7 in 5 innings (none out in his part of sixth); off Higginbotham 1 in 4 innings. Sacrifice Hit—Steinfeldt. Sacrifice Fly—Devlin. Left on Bases—Chicago 3, New York 8. Struck Out—By Pfiester 2; by Higginbotham 1; by Mathewson 5. Time—One hour and thirty-one minutes. Umpires—Klem and Kane.

* * *

Cincinnati 2—8, Boston 1—2.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 21.—Cincinnati won both games of the double-header with Boston here this afternoon. The first game went ten innings, the winning run being scored on a base on balls, a sacrifice, a steal of third and a single by Paskert. In going to third in this inning Downey, the Cincinnati shortstop, sprained his ankle and had to be carried off the field. In the second game the Cincinnatis profited largely by the errors of Boston. Diehl, a local man, played in left for Boston in this game. A great one-handed catch by Paskert was the fielding feature. Scores:

Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Bescher lf.	4	1	1	0	Becker rf.	5	2	3	0
Paskert cf.	3	1	3	0	Beck lf.	5	2	2	0
Egan ss.	3	2	1	3	Schinl c.	3	1	3	2
Mitchell rf.	4	1	3	0	Beaumont cf.	4	1	3	0
Hobl'r'l 1b.	4	1	12	0	Sweeney 3b.	4	0	1	3
Lobert 3b.	3	0	4	3	Stem 1b.	5	2	12	1
St'nfeldt 3b.	4	1	0	1	Devlin 3b.	4	1	0	4
Hofman cf.	4	2	1	0	Bridwell ss.	3	1	2	1
Tinker ss.	4	0	3	5	Merkle 1b.	4	1	7	0
Archer c.	3	0	5	1	Meyers c.	3	0	7	1
Brown p.	3	0	0	3	Schlei c.	1	0	0	0
*Huggins	1	0	0	0	White p.	4	0	0	2
Gaspar p.	0	0	0	0					
					Totals	37	9	128	13

*Ran for Downey in tenth.
†One out when winning run scored.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	T.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Errors—Downey 2, Coffey. Two-base Hits—Egan, Becker. Three-base Hit—Beck. Sacrifice Hits—Gaspar, Coffey. Sacrifice Fly—Shean. Stolen Bases—Becher 2, Mitchell, Bobbell, Downey. Bases on Balls—Off Gaspar 3; off White 6. Struck Out—By Gaspar 1; by White 4. Time—Two hours and nine minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Bescher lf.	4	1	5	1	Becker rf.	4	0	3	0
Paskert cf.	4	1	6	0	Beck cf.	4	0	1	0
Egan ss.	3	2	1	2	Shean 2b.	4	1	0	1
Mitchell rf.	4	0	2	0	Diehl lf.	4	0	1	0
Hobl'r'l 1b.	4	2	6	0	Sweeney 3b.	4	3	2	2
Lobert 3b.	4	0	3	0	Stem 1b.	3	1	9	0
McLean c.	2	0	3	1	Coffey ss.	4	0	2	3
Roth c.	2	0	2	0	Shay c.	4	0	7	0
Huggins 2b.	3	1	1	2	Rariden c.	3	0	4	0
Rowan p.	3	0	0	0	Ferguson p.	3	1	0	4
Totals	32	9	27	6	Totals	33	8	24	11

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Errors—Easterly, Ball, Wagner, Hall. Two-base Hits—Easterly, Bradley 2. Three-base Hit—Hinchman. Hits—Off Wood 4 in 4 inning; off Hall 2 in 5 innings; off Young 8 in 4 innings; off Boles 3 in 4 innings. Sacrifice Hit—Carrigan. Sacrifice Fly—Birmingham. Stolen Bases—Wagner, Hinchman. Double Play—Speaker and Wagner. Left on Bases—Boston 7, Cleveland 6. Bases on Balls—Off Young 3; off Wood 1; off Hall 4; off Boles 2. Struck Out—By Wood 3; by Boles 2. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Sheridan and O'Loughlin.

* * *

Philadelphia 10, St. Louis 4.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 12.—Philadelphia easily defeated St. Louis to-day by hitting the deliveries of Bailey and Graham hard, the former being knocked off the rubber in the first inning. In five times at bat Heitmuller made two singles, a double and a triple. Collins also hit the ball hard and did sensational work on the bases, stealing third base twice and also stealing home. Score:

St. Louis	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hartzell rf.	4	2	1	0	H'tmuller lf.	5	4	1	0
Stone lf.	2	0	2	0	Oldring cf.	4	1	4	0
Hoffman cf.	4	0	0	0	Collins 2b.	4	3	2	4
Wallace ss.	4	2	2	4	Baker 3b.	3	1	2	1
Jones 1b.	4	0	9	0	Davis 1b.	2	1	10	1
Williams 2b.	3	0	4	1	Murphy rf.	5	2	1	0
Ferris 3b.	4	0	1	1	Barry ss.	4	1	2	2
Criger c.	3	1	5	2	Livingstone c.	2	0	4	0
Bailey p.	0	0	0	1	Lapp c.	0	0	0	0
Graham p.	2	0	0	4	Bender p.	3	0	1	5
*Griggs	1	0	0	0					
Totals	31	5	24	13	Totals	32	13	27	12

*Batted for Graham in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
St. Louis	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	*	10

Errors—Wallace, Bailey. Hits—Off Bailey 4 in 1-3 inning; off Graham 9 in 7 2-3 innings. Two-base Hits—Collins, Heitmuller. Three-base Hits—Wallace, Heitmuller. Sacrifice Hits—Oldring, Bender, Livingstone, Baker. Sacrifice Flies—Williams, Davis. Double Sacrifice Flies—Williams, Davis. Double Plays—Williams, Davis. Struck Out—By Bender 3; by Graham 3. Left on Bases—Philadelphia 8; St. Louis 5. Bases on Balls—Off Bender 4; off Graham 5. Bases on Errors—Philadelphia 2. Wild Pitch—Bailey. Time—Two hours and two minutes. Umpires—Perrine and Evans.

* * *

Detroit 6, Washington 1.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Detroit defeated Washington to-day, 6 to 1. Kahoe was hit on the wrist by a foul tip in the fifth, and, with bases on balls, wild throws and passed balls, the visitors scored five runs. Blankenship, with a broken finger, was pressed into the game and the scoring stopped. Score:

Wash.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Detroit.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Browne rf.	4	1	2	0	Bush ss.	3	0	1	3
Schaefer 2b.	4	0	1	3	Jones lf.	4	0	1	0
Unglaub 1b.	4	2	12	0	Cobb rf.	3	0	0	0
Leliveit cf.	4	1	4	0	Crawford cf.	4	0	2	0
Conroy 3b.	2	0	0	0	Rossman 1b.	4	0	13	2
Milan lf.	3	2	1	0	D'hanty 2b.	4	1	2	3
McBride ss.	2	0	1	3	Moriarty 3b.	3	2	2	4
Kahoe c.	1	0	2	1	Schmidt c.	4	0	5	0
Blk'nship p.	2	0	2	0	Mullin p.	4	2	1	0
Johnson p.	3	0	0	0					
Dorner p.	3	0	0	1					
Totals	29	7	27	13	Totals	32	5	27	18

*Batted for Conroy in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Washington	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Detroit	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	6

Errors—McBride, Kahoe 3, Delehanty. Two-base Hits—Mullin 2, Milan. Sacrifice Hits—Conroy, Cobb. Stolen Bases—Bush, Jones 2, Delehanty 3, Moriarty 3. Double Plays—Delehanty, Bush and Rossman. Left on Bases—Washington 4, Detroit 5. Bases on Balls—Off Johnson 4, Mullin 1, Dorner 1. Hit by Pitcher—Mullin 2, Johnson 1. Struck Out—By Johnson 5, by Mullin 4. Passed Balls—Kahoe 2. Wild Pitch—Johnson. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Egan and Kerin.

* * *

Chicago 2, New York 0.

New York, Aug. 12.—New York and Chicago are again tied for fifth place, for to-day the visitors, with Scott pitching, shut out the locals, 2 to 0. Both of Chicago's runs were batted in by players on whom the New York club formerly had claim—Dougherty and Atz. Parent's work at short was a feature of the game. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. York.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Altizer rf.	3	0	2	0	Demmitt cf.	3	0	3	1
Parent ss.	4	1	2	6	Hemphill rf.	4	2	1	0
Isbell cf.	3	0	2	0	Engle lf.	4	1	5	0
D'gherty lf.	3	2	1	0	Elberfeld ss.	3	0	3	4
Davis 1b.	4	1	13	0	Orth 2b.	3	0	1	4
T'nehill 3b.	4	2	1	3	Laporte	3	0	1	0
Atz 2b.	4	2	3	3	Knight 1b.	4	0	9	1
Owens c.	3	0	3	1	Austin 3b.	4	0	2	1
Scott p.	3	0	0	0	Kleinow c.	3	1	3	1
					Quinn p.	2	0	0	3
Totals	32	11	27	14	Totals	31	4	27	15

*Batted for Orth in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Error—Altizer. Two-base Hit—Isbell. Three-base Hit—Tannehill. Sacrifice Hits—Owens, Dougherty. Stolen Bases—Tannehill, Atz. Left on Bases—Chicago 7, New York 7. Base on Error—New York. Struck Out—By Scott 3; by Quinn 1. Bases on Balls—Off Scott 2; off Quinn 2. Hit by Pitcher—By Scott (Elberfeld). Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Connolly.

BLUEGRASS LEAGUE.

Winchester 5, Shelbyville 1.

Winchester, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The concluding game of the series with Shelbyville was won by Winchester by a score of 5 to 1. The game was won in the first two innings, in which Winchester made five scores. This ended the scoring until the ninth, when the visitors got one man across the plate. Shelbyville used three pitchers during the game, Yantz, Feeney and Shultz, while Toney did the twirling for the Hustlers. Stout, the Hustlers' new first baseman, played his first game to-day and did fine work. The features of the game were the batting of Goosetree and the base work of Kuhn and Williams. The Hustlers gave Toney fine support and played without an error. Batteries—Toney and Horn; Yantz, Feeney, Long and Kircher. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R. H. E.
Shelbyville	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6 5 1
Winchester	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	5 6 0

Two-base Hits—Hollitzell, Beacher, Sweeney, Diehl. Sacrifice Flies—Egan, Stem. Stolen Bases—Beacher, Parker, Egan, Mitchell, Huggins. Bases on Balls—Off Rowan 1; off Ferguson 5. Struck Out—By Rowan 2; by Ferguson 4. Passed Ball—Shaw. Time—One hour and thirty-two minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

* * *

St. Louis 6, Brooklyn 6.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 12.—St. Louis and Brooklyn played twelve innings to a 6-to-6 tie this afternoon. Sallee, Rucker and McIntyre were the pitchers. McIntyre relieved Rucker in the seventh and, save in this round, was invincible. Phelps was hurt by a collision at the plate with Alperman in the second inning. Score:

St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Byrne 3b.	4	0	1	2	Burch lf.	5	2	2	0
Corcoran ss.	5	1	4	0	Clement lf.	5	3	2	1
Phelps c.	1	1	0	0	Lennox 3b.	6	1	3	4
Schorch lb.	6	3	14	2	McElveen 1b.	5	2	16	0
Shaw rf.	5	2	2	0	Alperman ss.	5	2	2	5
Hanny 2b.	5	1	6	4	Hummel rf.	5	1	3	1
Murphy cf.	5	2	4	0	McMillan ss.	6	0	2	6
Charles ss.	4	1	4	7	Bergen c.	5	2	6	1
Sallee p.	4	1	0	0	Ewan lf.	4	2	1	0
Bliss c.	3	0	2	3	McIntyre p.	2	1	0	1
					*Jordan	1	0	0	0
					Marshall c.	0	0	0	0
Totals	40	9	36	23	Totals	51	17	36	21

*Batted for Bergen in twelfth. (Called on account of darkness.)

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	T.
St. Louis	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	6
Brooklyn	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6

Errors—Ellis, Murphy, Charles 2, Sallee, Bliss, Lennox, Rucker. Two-base Hits—Clement, Phelps, Lennox. Three-base Hits—Delehanty, Charles. Home Run—Konetchy. Sacrifice Hits—Bliss, Clement, Sallee, Delehanty. Stolen Bases—Alperman 2, Ellis, Konetchy, Hummel, Charles. Hit by Pitcher—By McIntyre (Byrne). Bases on Balls—Off McIntyre 4; off Rucker 3; off Sallee 1. Struck Out—By Sallee 1; by Rucker 1; by McIntyre 2. Hits—Off Sallee 9 in 9 innings; off McIntyre 2 in 6 innings. Left on Bases—St. Louis 9; Brooklyn 11. Time—Two hours and fifty-two minutes. Umpire—Johnstone.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston 5, Cleveland 4.

Boston, Aug. 12.—"Cy" Young was batted out of the box by Boston to-day, the locals winning a close game from Cleveland, 5 to 4. Wood was also taken from the box after four innings. A sensational catch by Speaker, resulting in a double play, and Harry Lord's batting were features. Score:

Cleve'd.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
B. Lord rf.	4	0	1	0	Niles lf.	3	1	1	0
Bradley 3b.	4	2	1	1	H. Lord 3b.	4	3	1	2
Stovall 1b.	4	1	9	0	Speaker cf.	3	2	2	0
Lajoie 2b.	3	1	5	3	Gessler rf.	3	2	4	0
Easterly c.	4	1	3	4	Wagner ss.	4	0	3	4
H'chman lf.	2	1	2	0	Stahl 1b.	3	0	10	1
Br'ngh'm cf.	3	1	1	0	McC'rnell 2b.	4	1	1	1
Ball ss.	3	0	5	3	Carrigan c.	3	2	3	0
*Goode	1	0	0	0	Wood p.	0	0	0	1
Young p.	1	0	0	1	Wolter	1	0	0	0
†Fiene	0	0	0	0	Hall p.	2	0	0	0
Boles p.	1	0	0	0					
‡Clarke	1

MAY MEET IN A SPECIAL RACE

Ocean Bound and Waldo Likely To Measure Strides In the East.

WOODFORD CLAY IS WILLING.

Wintergreen, the Kentucky Derby Winner, Has Not Returned To Early Spring Form.

OTHER GOSSIP OF THE TURF.

SINCE Charles L. Harrison's champion 2-year-old colt Waldo, winner of the Juvenile, Laureate, Manhanset, Tremont, Flash and Saratoga Special Stakes, and Woodford Clay's crack 2-year-old filly Ocean Bound, winner of the Astoria and Spinaway, have no engagements in common about New York in the fall, it has been suggested that this two be brought together at the Bay in a match. And it is not improbable that some such race may be pulled off, says a special from Saratoga.

Mr. Clay said this afternoon when approached on the subject that Ocean Bound would be ready to meet all comers after she starts in the Futurity. Nothing, however, will be permitted to interfere with the starting of the Star Shoot filly in the great 2-year-old Special at Sheepshead Bay. She will be pointed for the Futurity as soon as she is through with the Hopeful, in which she will start next Saturday.

Mr. Harrison, who went home Saturday evening with the $2,500 gold trophy that fell to him by virtue of Waldo's victory in the Special, did not come back to-day. It was, therefore, impossible to sound him on the subject of matching Waldo against Ocean Bound.

But if the Coney Island Jockey Club is as willing to offer a purse for a race between the Star Shoot filly and the Pianudes colt as Mr. Clay is to start Ocean Bound it is safe to predict that there will be a match at the Bay.

* * *

For Mr. Harrison is a sportsman. He passed up the opportunity to win two stakes at Sheepshead Bay which Waldo had at his mercy to the end that he might get the Pianudes colt to the post fit to make a first-class showing against Sweep in the Saratoga Special. Mr. Harrison is confident now that Waldo is the best colt of the year, and he is as keen as the next man to find out whether the gallant bay is as good as the winner of the Astoria and Spinaway Stakes.

The Coney Island Jockey Club could not arrange a race that would draw a better crowd than a six-furlong go between Waldo and Ocean Bound. To the astute sportsmen profess to think that Waldo is merely a fair 2-year-old in a bad year. But there are many who think that he is as good as 2-year-olds come, and he does make an enthusiastic following for him.

That Ocean Bound is a first-class filly is conceded by all. Few perhaps rate her another Artful, but it is agreed that she is as good as either Blue Girl or Tanya or Beldame or Wedding Bells was in their years. The Star Shoot filly has done so nicely since her victory in the Spinaway, notwithstanding she came out of that race with half a dozen ugly cuts on her legs, it is freely predicted that she will go down to Sheepshead Bay and win the Futurity as Maskette did last season.

Waldo did not have to run his best for more than a sixteenth of a mile to win the Special, so it goes without saying that he is all right. There was never a better colt than Waldo. He does not miss a meal after the hardest race, nor does he permit anything to interrupt his sleep. Raleigh Colston has handled many good racehorses in his time, but never one that fretted as little as Waldo does. Colston waxes enthusiastic when he talks of Waldo. He says that it is a pleasure to work hard for such a colt.

* * *

There was talk some time ago of a possible sale of Waldo to James Edward Gaffney. But it is improbable that Waldo may bear the colors of any person but Mr. Harrison. Mr. Harrison is getting a stud together and he will put Waldo at the head of it when the Pianudes colt is through with racing.

William Bissett has returned from abroad and is here for the Saratoga meeting. Mr. Bissett is for John A. Drake in France. Mr. Drake will come home in the fall and it is expected that he will have a stable of horses in training next season.

There are at Philip Chinn's farm, near Harrodsburg, Ky., eighteen or twenty yearlings belonging to Mr. Drake. They are sons and daughters of the Iowa turfman's famous racehorse, Ort Wells, winner of the Tidal and Realization stakes of 1904, and conqueror of Beldame in the Brighton mile in 1905.

Mr. Chinn does not know what disposition Mr. Drake may make of these youngsters, but he is of the opinion that he will train them. Their dams were all mares that bore Mr. Drake's silks a few years ago, and every one knows how hard it is for Drake to sell a horse he has won a bet on.

Mr. Bissett saw the Epsom Derby and he is of the opinion that the American horse Sir Martin was the best 3-year-old in that race.

But unlike many Americans, Mr. Bissett does not consider Sir Martin the greatest 3-year-old in England. Nor is he of the opinion that King Edward's winner, Minoru, is the star. Bayardo, the crack 2-year-old of 1908, and the Derby favorite last winter, is better, Mr. Bissett thinks, than either Minoru or Sir Martin.

Bayardo did not train satisfactorily for the Derby because of a distemper contracted early in the year. He has improved vastly recently, and Bissett says he will beat all the Derby horses in the autumn. Bayardo will go any distance, Mr. Bissett predicts, notwithstanding the opinion entertained by many English critics that he was cut out for sprinting.

* * *

Stories circulated here last week to the effect that H. Guy Bedwell had grown tired of the selling race war and planned to ship his horses to Canada.

The hiring by Mr. Bedwell of a car billed to Canada seemed to lend color to the rumor that the Oregon turfman was preparing to get away. But he did not hire that car with an idea of quitting the Eastern turf. The car was hired to send North some horses Bedwell did not think good enough to take to Sheepshead Bay. Mr. Bedwell has a big stable and some of his horses are jaded, because they have raced steadily winter and summer for the better part of two years. These tired ones might continue to win in Canada. But they will not be sent away.

Bedwell has decided to freshen them up by a long rest for the coming winter. He will get them good and fat and take them either to California or to Mexico after the windup of the Eastern season. Mr. Bedwell believes that there will be racing in California.

Prince Ahmed, Bellwether, Nadzu and the other good ones will go to Sheepshead Bay and race with the big fellows. Some horsemen profess to think that Prince Ahmed will not go farther than one mile. Mr. Bedwell, however, believes that the King Hanover horse will carry his speed as far as horses are asked to go, and he will point the horse for the Twin City Handicap.

Bedwell's jockey, Taplin, has improved since he came to Saratoga. No small boy hereabouts has any business with him. He is as quick at the barrier as any man's jockey, and he rides diligently and with judgment after getting away. Gen. Stephen Sanford has second call on the services of Taplin, which insures his stable of a good rider for the rest of the season.

* * *

Rome Respess does not consider Wintergreen, the Dick Welles colt with which he won the Kentucky Derby last spring, as good now as he was at Churchill Downs last spring. Wintergreen has had a long let up. He spread a foot at Louisville in the race in which Olambala beat him, and he was so lame after the race that Mr. Respess could not cool him out.

For upward of three weeks he could not leave his stall, and for above six weeks Mr. Respess was afraid to give him any kind of hard work. The best trial Wintergreen showed for his race yesterday was seven-eighths of a mile in 1:29. That would have been fair work for many horses, but Mr. Respess did not consider it good for Wintergreen. When the Kentucky Derby winner is right he has a lot of dash. He did not show a keen desire to run in this instance.

Mr. Respess thought that Handicapper Vosburgh treated Wintergreen nicely when he let the horse in the Saratoga Handicap under 107 pounds, and he believes that the colt could have beaten Affliction and King's Daughter if he had got to the post as fit as he was in the spring.

The Ohio turfman is not sure he can get Wintergreen back to his Churchill Downs form, but he is going to put the colt in the Twin City, Russet, Turf and September handicaps at Sheepshead Bay and in distance specials to be run at Gravesend and Belmont Park later on.

* * *

Wintergreen is of the first crop of Dick Welles' 2-year-olds. Mr. Respess trained five of them altogether, Dick Roller, a ten pounds better horse than Wintergreen in 2-year-old form, was one of the others. Dick Roller and Wintergreen were enough for Dick Welles' first season. It is a pretty sure thing that the King Eric stallion will make a record.

There are seven Dick Welles' 2-year-olds in the Respess barn this season, but it is improbable that any of them may show first-class form here. They were sick in the spring and they have not yet recovered their form.

Lady Roller, the dam of Dick Roller, and Winter, the dam of Wintergreen, were two of the mares Mr. Respess bred back to Dick Welles last spring. Winter's sire was Exile, and Mortimer horse who sent Melba and Irish Reel to the races. His dam was Wildflower. Wildflower was the dam of White Frost, one of the most highly prized broodmares at Hurricane Farm.

* * *

Thomas Clay McDowell has been complimented highly on the fine appearance of his fine-looking mare, King's Daughter, the Commonwealth Handicap winner. There is no denying that King's Daughter is looking well. She is better in every way than she ever was before.

But Mr. Respess and other Western horsemen say that Mr. McDowell has at home a 4-year-old half sister to King's Daughter who can beat the Ornament mare doing everything. This mare is called Ellen-a-Dale. She was a daughter of Alan-a-Dale.

Mr. Respess saw Ellen-a-Dale take up 125 or 126 pounds and work a mile over the Latonia course in 1.39 when 1.40 was considered first-class time for a race there.

Ellen-a-Dale bowed a tendon last spring and she is resting at Mr. Clay's Ashland Farm. Mr. Respess says he will give $4,000 for Ellen-a-Dale whenever Mr. McDowell decides that he wants to dispose of the mare. Mr. Respess considers her worth $4,000 as a broodmare, even if she never raced.

PLAYERS WHO MAY RETURN TO THE MAJOR LEAGUES.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 12.—The National Commission to-day promulgated a list of all major league players who have been sold to minor league clubs under agreements submitted to and approved by the commission, containing options held by the various major league clubs to repurchase such players on August 20, 1909. The list of agreements approved follows:

By NATIONAL LEAGUE.

By New York—To Atlanta, Harry Curtis; Little Rock, John Cocash; Toronto, Lewis Durham.

By Cincinnati—To Montreal, Pitcher Egan; Omaha, John Lower.

By Chicago—To Toronto, George Starnagle; Rochester, Wm. A. Maloney, J. S. Holmes; Baltimore, Philip Lewis; Lawrence, Thomas H. Catterson.

By Boston—To Lawrence, Walter W. Thomas; Lynn, Wm. A. Autrey.

By Chicago—To Quincy, Oscar B. Hofman.

By Pittsburg—To Louisville, Hughie Tate.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

By New York—To Rochester, George McConnell; Buffalo, Albert J. Schmidt; Jersey City, Russell Ford; Lynchburg, A. L. Orth; Lawrence, Wagner and Demaree; Jersey City, Earl Gardner.

By Philadelphia—To Savannah, Jos. Jacobson; Toronto, A. G. Kellogg; Johnstown, Silas Wilson; Montreal, Mortimer Manush; Newark, John Lapp; Milwaukee, Amor Strunk; Utica, Catcher Egan.

By Detroit—To Wilkes-Barre, H. G. Sterzer; Providence, Ed La Fitte; Williamsport, Wm. Coughlin; Little Rock, Clayton Perry.

By Cleveland—To Portland, G. Graney, Dick Breen; Toledo, Grover Land, W. S. Wright.

By Washington—To Omaha, Players Keeley and Shipke.

The National Commission has decided that where a major league club desires to recall any player above specified that it must notify the secretary of the commission as well as the minor league club with which the player is now playing on or before August 20 that it intends to exercise its option. It must also send to the secretary of the commission a check for the amount specified for each player, which will be forwarded by the secretary to the minor league club interested.

NEW OWNER FOR THE EVANSVILLE BALL CLUB.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 12.—Arthur Gross, one of the stockholders in the Evansville Central League baseball club, and owner of the baseball park in this city, became sole proprietor of the franchise and team to-night when the result of negotiations which have been pending secretly since the other directors threatened to give up the franchise because of dwindling patronage and increasing losses.

The purchase price is less than $2,000, covering only the current debts of the baseball team.

Charles Knoll is retained as manager, with entire authority to sign and release players.

Individual Rifle Matches.

Camp Perry, O., Aug. 12.—Two individual matches were completed to-day at the tournament of the Ohio State Rifle Association and the Ohio National Guard competition—the Hall medal and the State individual revolver match. The former was won by Maj. W. Z. Roll of the First brigade, who scored 100 out of the possible 105; seven shots at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, the latter by Sergt. J. C. Snood, of Troop B, Columbus, with 219.

In the Hall medal, in which the first prize is the gold medal presented by Maj. Joseph A. Hall, of Cincinnati, Surgeon of the Guard, and 30 per cent. of the entrance fees. There were thirty-six contestants in the revolver match.

The four winners of the Hall match, Maj. Roll, H. E. Simin, formerly of the Sixth, but now a resident of Illinois; Capt. W. H. Richards, of Cleveland, and Lieut. Col. C. B. Winder, division, have all been in the Ohio State team. The United States infantry, cavalry and marine corps teams are scoring big in their practice for the Herrick match, to be shot next Wednesday, the chief contest on the programme of the Ohio Association with a special telescope sight. Lieut. W. D. Smith, of the marines, to-day scored twenty bull's eyes in succession on the thousand-yard range.

Capt. W. H. Richard, of Ohio, this afternoon made one of the greatest thousand-yard bull's-eye runs in the history of rifle shooting in this country. With a telescopic sight he made it twenty-three straight.

Eighteen past exalted rulers of the Elks' lodge, No. 53, of Toledo, were guests this evening of Brig. Gen. William McMaken.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 12.—Manager Phillips, of the locals, held South Bend hitless, as well as runless, in the first game of a double-header here to-day, and then went back in the second game and held them to one run in seven innings. The second game was tied, with the score 1 to 1, when it was called to permit both teams to catch a train. Score:

FIRST GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
South Bend	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Wheeling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	2

Batteries—Alberts and Tieman; Phillips and Stratton.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R.	H.	E.
South Bend	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0
Wheeling	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	2

Batteries—Moffet and Tieman; Phillips and Stratton.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 12.—By bunching hits off Clyde in the seventh inning the locals scored five runs and beat Dayton 5 to 2. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Dayton	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	6	2
Evansville	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	*	5	6	3

Batteries—Covington and Cady; Clyde and Pearce.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 12.—Although both sides played errorless ball and the hits were evenly divided, Fort Wayne players clouted for extra bases on three occasions with men on bases and won easily 5 to 1. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	8	0
Fort Wayne	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	*	5	9	0

Batteries—Bemis and Zimran; Robertson and Clark.

Zanesville, O., Aug. 12.—After holding first place for six weeks Zanesville today was passed by Wheeling when Grand Rapids defeated the locals 3 to 0. Zanesville plays at Newark, O., to-morrow. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Grand Rapids	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	*	3	8	0
Zanesville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1

Batteries—Humphries and Bailey; Sample, Hargrove and Smith.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Savannah 3, Chattanooga 1.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 12.—In a pitchers' battle, Demaree, for Savannah, won out over Kenna to-day. In the fourth inning, after striking at two perfect ones and missing, Manusch reached far out and caught what looked like an impossible ball and knocked it over the fence at center field for a home run. Chattanooga's errors did no damage. The decisions of the umpire were never disputed. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Chattanooga	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	4
Savannah	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3	6	1

Batteries—Kenna and Meek; Demaree and Lauzen. Time—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpire—Van Syckle.

Columbus, Ga., Aug. 12.—Jacksonville and Columbus broke even in a double-header this afternoon. In the first game the locals found Lee for nine safeties while Heim yielded only four, although he was a little wild. Inability to hit Kelley in the second game, together with splendid fielding by the visitors, was responsible for the locals' defeat. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R.	H.	E.
Jacksonville	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0
Columbus	1	0	2	0	0	0	*	3	9	2

Batteries—Lee and Roth; Heim and Coveney. Umpire—Collins. Time of Game—One hour and twenty minutes.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R.	H.	E.
Jacksonville	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	2
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1

Batteries—Kelly and Roth; Eyler and Smith. Umpire—Collins. Time of Game—One hour and fifteen minutes.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 12.—Miller pitched in splendid form to-day and Columbia had little trouble with Macon, winning 5 to 0 in a well-played game. Miller did not allow a hit until the eighth. Granville, playing short for Columbia with a very sore arm, and Evans, who took his rather wild throws to first, were the fielding stars. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Macon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Columbia	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	*	5	8	1	

Batteries—Seems and Lafitte; Miller and Kalkhoff. Time of Game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Gifford and Westervelt.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 12.—To-day's game was a good exhibition until the eighth, when Mayo was batted all over the field and Augusta won easily, 6 to 1. Hannigan was taken out after the second inning and Pierce, who succeeded him, was very effective. The fielding of Castro and Marshall were features. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Augusta	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	*	6	11	1
Knoxville	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	2

Batteries—Hannigan, Pierce and Woodward; May and Massing. Time—Two hours. Umpire—Davern.

Birmingham 3, Montgomery 3.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 12.—Birmingham and Montgomery played ten innings to-day, the score resulting in a tie, 3 to 3. Umpire O'Brien decided Rockenfield safe at the plate with the tieing run in the eighth inning, almost precipitating a riot, and during the wrangle he benched Raub and McGilvray. A big crowd gathered at the close of the game, but O'Brien remained under police protection till the crowd dispersed. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	R.	H.	E.
Birmingham	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	2
Montgomery	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	4	0

Innings Pitched—Fleharty 5, Robinson 3. Hits—Off Fleharty 2, off Robinson 1. Base on Balls—Off Fleharty 6, off Robinson 1, off Guese 1. Two-base Hits—Molesworth, Gygli, Larsen, Pope, Rockenfield. Three-base Hit—Yancey. Stolen Bases—Molesworth, Osteen, Rockenfield 2, Hart 2. Sacrifice Hits—Elliam, Hart, Kerwin, Shannon. Struck Out—By Fleharty 3, by Robinson 4, by Guese 4. Hit by Pitcher—Daley 2. Wild Pitch—Fleharty. Time—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpire—O'Brien and Pfenninger.

Carolina Association Games.

At Winston-Salem—Winston-Salem 2, Greenville 1.

At Charlotte—Charlotte 3, Spartanburg 0.

At Greensboro—Greensboro 1, Anderson 2.

Virginia League Results.

At Portsmouth — Portsmouth - Danville, rain.

At Richmond—Richmond 2, Roanoke 1. Called at the end of the sixth inning on account of rain.

At Lynchburg—Lynchburg 3, Norfolk 5.

Eastern League Results.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 12.—Providence 3, Rochester 2.

Northeast Arkansas League.

At Jonesboro—Jonesboro 9, Marianna 3.

At Newport—Paragould 7, Newport 3.

Grand Western Circuit Trots.

Galesburg, Ill., Aug. 12. — Good sport marked to-day's meeting of the Grand Western Circuit. In point of speed the 2:12 class pace excelled. Sunday Pipes took the race in straight heats, improving with each heat. Results:

2:12 pace; purse $1,200; Sunday Pipes, br. m., by Hans G. (Rash), won in straight heats; Bob Manager second; Virginia third. Time, 2:06¾.

2:15 class pace; purse $500; Ora Jackson, b. m., by Nerda (McMahon), won second, third and fourth heats and race; Ashon second; Miller Boy third. Time, 2:11¼.

Trots On Lake Erie Circuit.

Bradford, Pa., Aug. 12.—Favorites were much in evidence at to-day's meeting of the Lake Erie Circuit. The crowd was large. Summaries:

2:18 pace; purse $400: Maggie C. won in straight heats; Ed Ammon, second; Alta Coast, third. Best time, 2:15¼.

2:24 trot; purse $400; Newton B. won second, third and fourth heats and the race; Rebberta, second; Emily Marion, third. Best time, 2:21¾.

2:12 pace; purse $400; Merry Widow won in straight heats; Nettie Marie, second; Miss Peeler, third. Best time, 2:12¾.

NELSON AND WELSH TO FIGHT FOR CHAMPIONSHIP.

London, Aug. 12.—Freddie Welsh, the English pugilist, has arranged for a forty-five-round glove contest with Battling Nelson, which is to be fought in the United States in September. The battle will be for the world's lightweight championship.

Good Scores Made At Golf.

Manchester, Vt., Aug. 12.—The second round of match play in the tournament for the first President's Cup, on the links of the Ekwanok Country Club, was finished late to-day. T. M. Claflin, of Wollaston, in his match with J. M. Ward, of West Brook, finished the course in 73, equalling the score made by A. L. White, of Wollaston, in the morning play. These scores are the best of the tournament thus far.

Motorcycle Races Begin To-day.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 12. — Business meetings and a parade in the afternoon and an outdoor entertainment in the evening made up the day of the members of the Federation of American Motorcyclists in attendance on the convention of the organization in this city.

Officers are to be elected to-morrow morning. The races at the Indianapolis motor speedway will begin to-morrow afternoon and will continue through Saturday.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ended August 12 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	94	.00	Marquette	64	.20
Amarillo	86	.00	Memphis	90	.00
Atlanta	86	1.00	Montgomery	88	.00
Bismarck	88	.02	Nashville	96	.00
Cairo	94	.00	New Orleans	88	.32
Cincinnati	86	.02	New York	78	.00
Charlotte	86	T	North Platte	94	.50
Chattanooga	90	.00	Oklahoma	98	.00
Chicago	78	.12	Omaha	78	.06
Cor's Christi	88	.04	Palestine	90	.22
Davenport	94	.00	Pittsburg	78	.01
Dodge City	96	.00	San Antonio	94	.00
El Paso	94	.00	Shreveport	86	.00
Fort Smith	92	T	St. Louis	96	.00
Galveston	86	.44	St. Paul	76	.06
Indianapolis	88	1.18	Vicksburg	88	.11
Jacksonville	90	.34	Washington	72	.02
Kansas City	94	.00	Yello'ne Park	82	.10
Little Rock	88	1.02			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Aug. 12, 1909.	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.02	29.96
Temperature	72	82
Dewpoint	63	61
Relative humidity	71	58
Wind velocity	2	4
State of weather	Pt.cl'y	Pt.cl'y

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Aug. 12, 1909.	
Maximum temperature	94
Minimum temperature	72
Mean temperature	83
Normal temperature	77
Departure for day	+6
Departure for month	+34
Departure since March 1	+6
Prevailing winds	SW
Mean barometer	29.98
Mean relative humidity	69
Character of day	Pt.cl'y
Total precipitation	.90
Normal precipitation	.11
Departure for day	—.11
Departure for month	—1.29
Departure since March 1	+3.31

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river continues to fall slowly at this point. The stage last night was 2 feet 4 inches and falls, at 6 inches in the canal and 8 feet 4 inches below the locks. Business on the wharf was good. The weather was clear and warm.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Indiana, Capt. Brennan, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m.....Tarascon, Capt. Zoll, for Evansville at 4 p. m....Park City, Capt. Ballard, for Camp Nelson at 4:30 p. m....Clerimond, Capt. Green, for Leavenworth at 2 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenburn, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, from and to Carrollton....Park City, Capt. Ballard, from Camp Nelson.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Park City arrived from the Kentucky River yesterday afternoon and will receive freight and passengers at the foot of Fourth avenue for her return trip this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. She takes passengers and freight as far up as Camp Nelson. Capt. C. V. Williams is her agent.

The Tarascon will be the Evansville packet to-day. She takes passengers and freight for all points on the lower Ohio and Green River. She leaves the Fourth-avenue wharfboat at 4 p. m. M. J. Connelly is her agent....Miss Fannie Brown, one of the employes of the Mail Line office, is all over the boat....Mrs. Matthews....Capt. C. C. Fuller, of the Louisville and Cincinnati Packet Company, expects one of the largest crowds of the season to go up on the cut-rate excursion trip to Cincinnati to-morrow afternoon on the steamer City of Cincinnati. This boat leaves the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 p. m.....The packet built at Howard's for the Southern Steamboat Company was launched this week. The boat is built for cotton-carrying, and is little over 300 feet in length. The Clerimond and barge will receive at the foot of Fourth avenue this morning for Leavenworth and all way landings....The Indiana will be the packet for Cincinnati to-day, leaving the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 p. m....Edward McDonough, one of the United States life-saving crew, has gone to Niagara Falls on his vacation....The Henry Harley, which has been chartered by the Louisville and Evansville Packet company, will make her initial trip to-morrow morning. She leaves from the Fourth-avenue wharfboat at 10 a. m. M. J. Connelly is her agent....The Markle showboat, which is being built at Parkersburg, W. Va., will be launched some time this month.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—To the continued low stage of water in the rivers has been added another woe for local rivermen, this being that of strikes. A number of shipments by packets, it is complained, are held up by strikes affecting shippers. One of the many walkouts of employes affects the steamer Tom Dodsworth, now on the Ellzabeth ways to have a new keel built. A strike of ship carpenters is delaying the work, and there is no sign of an early settlement of this labor difference. Stages of water to-night at Davis Island dam were: In the pool, 12.1 feet; below the pool, 8.3 feet and stationary.

Point Pleasant, Aug. 12.—River 2 feet and falling. Weather cloudy.

Wheeling, Aug. 12.—River 1.3 feet and falling. Weather clear and warm.

Cincinnati, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the stage of the river was 7.5 feet and falling. Showers and warm. Arrivals at this port to-day were: Tacoma, from Pomeroy; Courier, from Maysville; Chilo, from Chilo; City of Louisville, from Louisville. Departures: Tacoma, for Charleston; Courier, for Maysville; Chilo, for Chilo; City of Louisville, for Louisville.

Madison, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—River 7 feet and falling. The Lizzie Bay left to-night for Cincinnati in response to a telegram from Commodore Laidley. Weather hot.

Paducah, Aug. 12. — [Special.] — The gauge reads 9.5 feet and falling. Weather hot and cloudy. Arrived: Dick Fowler, from Cairo; Chattanooga, from Evansville; Kentucky, from Waterloo, Ala.; Bernice, from Fairview, Ky., for repairs. Departed: Dick Fowler, for Cairo; Chattanooga, for Evansville; United States boat Goldenrod, for Cairo.

Cairo, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Government boat Delatour, from Jeffersonville, 1 p. m.; Hoosier Boy, from Cincinnati, 6 p. m. Departed: Delatour, for lower Mississippi, 1 p. m. Stage 19.3 feet and falling.

St. Louis, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Fred Herold, from Memphis; City of Saltillo, from Tennessee River; Cape Girardeau, from Commerce; Belle of Calhoun, from Hamburg; City of Memphis, from Clarksville; St. Paul, from St. Paul. Departed: Belle of Calhoun, for Hamburg; Omaha, for Clarksville; Henry Wahlt, for Hermann, Mo. Stage 12.7 feet and falling.

Memphis, Aug. 12. — [Special.] — River here 15.2 feet on the gauge, a fall of one-tenth of a foot in twenty-four hours. The City of Savannah is now on her last trip in place of the Kate Adams. The latter boat will resume her place Monday in the Memphis and Arkansas City trade. The snagboat H. G. Wright went South this evening. The Harvester arrived this evening from the lower Ohio River with a tow of coal for this place.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, Aug. 12.—Sailed: Steamers Bremen, Bremen; La Touraine, Havre.

Naples, Aug. 11.—Arrived: Steamer Principe di Piemonte, New York for Genoa.

Havre, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Steamer La Savoie, New York.

Plymouth, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Steamer George Washington, New York for Cherbourg and Bremen, and proceeded.

Cherbourg, Aug. 11.—Sailed: Steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse for New York.

Naples, Aug. 11.—Sailed: Steamer Carpathia, New York.

Boulogne, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Steamer Noordam, from New York, for Rotterdam, and proceeded.

Queenstown, Aug. 12.—Sailed: Majestic, for New York.

Bordeaux, Aug. 12.—Reported sailing on the 7th of steamer Bordeaux was in error.

Algiers, Aug. 7.—Sailed: Steamer Delphina, for New York.

New York, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Steamer Lusitania, from Liverpool.

Killed By Lightning.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 12.—During an electrical storm at Hobbs Island, Ala., to-day, Mrs. John Hornbuckle was instantly killed and her little niece, Mattie Lemley, fatally injured by a bolt of lightning. George McNinn, who was seated near the woman and child, was severely shocked, but will recover.

CONSIDERING CALL TO CHURCH IN VIRGINIA.

The Rev. Henry W. McLaughlin To Make Known His Decision In Matter Sunday.

The New Providence Presbyterian church, situated between Staunton and Lexington in the State of Virginia, has issued a call to the Rev. Dr. Henry W. McLaughlin, pastor of the Stuart Robinson Memorial Presbyterian church here. Announcement was made yesterday that the Rev. Mr. McLaughlin probably will decide by Sunday whether he will accept the place.

The New Providence Presbyterian church is said to be one of the oldest and largest country churches in the entire South. It was established generations ago and has a splendid following. The Rev. Mr. McLaughlin recently returned here from a visit to the field in which the church is situated.

* * *

In some years the total of coffee, tea and cocoa imports into this country is considerably more than $100,000,000. Coffee imports alone have on certain occasions approximated $100,000,000 in value.

* * *

Taking the average for the world, around fewer than half of the babies born live to be fifty years old.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

Flora G. Rothchild to J. P. Edwards, 115 feet, southeast corner of Chestnut and Thirty-first ..... $ 1

M. F. Langsford to Emma Z. Gray, 25 feet, south side of Woodland, east of Hazel 1

J. P. Edwards to Flora G. Rothchild, 70 feet, southeast corner of Rudd and Thirty-first 1

City of Louisville to S. J. Wolf, 30 feet, east side of Eighth, south of Grayson 4,080

Marydale Realty Company to Christie Wilson, two lots in Marydale subdivision 600

A. B. Barnes to Emma Beyer, 23½ feet, south side of Walnut, east of Twenty-seventh 1

G. L. Everbach to J. P. Voekler, 75 feet, south side of O'Hara, west of Fifteenth 1

C. F. Stiebling to J. A. Cahoe, 40 feet, east side of Maryland Court.. 1

J. J. Schwab to J. A. Kelly, 24 feet, north side of Cawthon, west of Seventh 1

D. F. Gibbs to G. D. Billiesen, 30 feet, south side of Stratton, west of Twenty-second 760

Mary E. Strickler to H. F. Schweitzer, 25 feet, north side of O, east of Sixth 1

B. A. Fitzsimmons to G. J. Gaisser, lot in Seventh-street addition..... 1

E. R. Sprowl to J. A. McCann, lot in Livingston Heights 235

W. H. Stine to J. R. Dorsey, 25 feet, east side of Floyd, north of F..... 1

R. H. Grinstead to F. G. Rothchild, four lots in Beechmont..... 1

M. J. Hammond to Elizabeth Nicholson, 11 acres 1

T. H. Riorden to Florian Bumann, 15 acres 1

Fidelity Trust Company to J. B. Humphrey, 30 feet, south side of Caldwell, west of Preston..... 1,200

Samuel Hyman to J. P. Tepper, 58 feet, northwest corner of Floyd and first alley south of Main..... 1

Barbara Dillman to J. H. Rompf, 35 feet, north side of Ormsby, east of Twenty-first 1

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—

A LOVELY HOME

IN BEAUTIFUL SOUTHERN

HEIGHTS.

A suburban home away from the soot, smoke, filth and cramped, narrow streets of the city, out where the pure air flows, where

CONTRACT FOR COAL AWARDED

School Trustees Show Their Loyalty To Kentucky.

Same Old Firm To Supply the Fuel.

Truant Officers Deposed and Then Re-elected.

SECRET BALLOT ILLEGAL.

It took some fine figuring last night to settle the coal contract for the Louisville schools. Jellico-Laurel came in with a bid of one-eighth of a cent a bushel under the price asked for Pittsburg coal. The majority report favored the Pittsburg coal because they said experts declared each bushel of Pittsburg contained more heat units than the same amount of Jellico-Laurel, and that Pittsburg at three-quarters of a cent more a bushel was cheaper than the Kentucky product. The minority report favored the Kentucky coal, and eight trustees voted for it. It was a turn-down for the business manager and the president.

* * *

Majority Report Defeated.

The majority report of the committee on supplies, signed and approved by Mr. Jones, business agent, was beaten by eight of the trustees and the minority report of Trustee A. J. Domeck was adopted where it applied to coal letting. In all other particulars the majority report was sustained and the efforts of the minority to go over the head of Mr. Jones were put into eclipse because of a lack of votes.

Aside from the Jellico Laurel Coal Company again getting the contract for supplying approximately 122,000 bushels of coal, seven truant officers were unseated by an opinion of Howard Lee, the board's attorney, and then reseated by a vote of eleven of the thirteen trustees at the meeting. The seven ought to stick this time. All in all, the meeting was extremely characteristic of a "real" reform board hard at it.

In the bids on the coal the bid of the Jellico Laurel Company was ⅛ cent lower per bushel on lump and nut and slack than the bid of the Union Coal Company, which has the Pittsburg coal for sale. But, according to Mr. Coker, Dr. I. N. Bloom, Mr. Jones and the eminent authorities cited by these men, Pittsburg coal is worth ¾ cent more a bushels on the open market because of its greater heat value.

* * *

Causes Some Dispute.

There was some dispute on the latter question. R. A. Watson, manager of the Kentucky company, wrote a letter to the board declaring that his coal was the best. Trustee R. J. Gough also said it was the best. But what got the eight votes and the contract was the appeal of Mr. Watson in his letter reminding them of their feality and fidelity to Kentucky's interests, corporations and coal mines. Such lovers of Kentucky as the eight trustees couldn't stand to have the finger of disloyalty pointed at them, so they stood and voted by their Commonwealth to the bitter end. The eight patriots were Trustees Borgman, Domeck, Gough, Haack, Klein, Piazza, Remmel and Shafer. Dr. Bloom and Trustees Gotschalk, Varble, Caper and Reitze thought Pittsburg was entitled to the contract and now they know it has only a chance for the pennant and nothing more.

As it was, the board saved a whole bunch of money on its coal purchases this year. Last year it payed the Jellico Company 11¾ cents a bushel for its lump coal, when Pittsburg offered coal at 11 cents a bushel. This year the Jellico lump was bought at 10¼ cents. Trustee Coker remarked that "coal is getting cheaper, it would seem." Although, according to the figures of Mr. Jones, the Jellico bid was not the lowest and the best, he figures the board saved $2,000 over last year on coal.

The contract awarded last night was the thirteenth consecutive one given to the Jellico by the board. This fact prompted Dr. Bloom to make the following motion with some show of heat:

* * *

Bloom's Motion.

"I move that no member of this board purchase any coal from the Jellico Company at less than the rate granted to the general public. It is my understanding that in years passed this has taken place with great regularity." Dr. Bloom's motion was seconded by Trustee Piazza and there was a rush of eight of the thirteen members at the meeting to indorse it with their votes. The five trustees that voted against Kentucky coal also voted for the motion, but took their time about doing so.

In another minority report Trustee Domeck attempted to throw a printing contract to a firm which had had School Board work for a long string of years. In this effort he was unsuccessful, his minority report being voted down 7 to 6 and the majority report of Mr. Jones and Trustee Reitze being carried unanimously. There was no minority report appended to the report of the committee on buildings and the committee on supplies for the purchase of window shades, floor dressing and disinfectants. The committeemen found the disinfectant bids to be quite a joke and therefore none of them were accepted. These bids ranged all the way from 34 cents to $1.50 a gallon. The disinfectants all had fancy names—the fancier the names, the higher the price—and they all turned out to be nothing more nor less than crude carbolic acid. The board will buy its crude carbolic acid as it needs it and bottle its own disinfectant.

* * *

Floor Dressing.

The floor dressing—this is the material which has set the trustees on fire more than once—was purchased at 14 cents a gallon and the School Board "gets to keep the cans." Floor oil has been purchased at more than 50 cents a gallon.

When the board went into session Mr. Lee was ready with his opinion on the legality of the election of the seven truant officers by secret ballot. It was a regular Court of Appeals' decision, because it threw them all out of office. It had its silver lining, as they were permitted to run for office again. Mr. Lee opined that it was unconstitutional for the representatives of the people to elect public servants by secret ballot and declared the former election null and void.

Trustee Piazza was on the job and immediately placed the seven deposed men back in nomination for the vacancies created by the opinion. Trustee Varble asked for a postponement of the election so that he could look into the qualifications of the candidates, but this was denied him by a vote of 10 to 3.

Dr. Bloom had a letter read which indorsed Thomas Hines, Thomas Scally and Thomas Parks for the positions. The names signed to the letter included some of the most prominent men and club women in Louisville interested in Juvenile Court work. Thomas Parks the colored candidate, was in the first seven elected and therefore had a double nomination. The vote was then put and Scally and Hines got the votes of Dr. Bloom and Mr. Varble, and that was all. The seven deposed and re-elected men are L. Litterel, Joseph Steuerle, John Rauechle, Fred Kreig, Thomas Parks, Alex Burke and John J. Keane.

* * *

Contract With County.

Mr. Lee also submitted a contract between the Louisville School Board and the Jefferson County School Board in which the latter agrees to pay Louisville $8,000 for instructing its pupils in the Louisville high schools this year. The contract was ratified by all the trustees.

A resolution was adopted which fixes September 10 as the date for the examination of all applicants for teaching positions in the Louisville schools not at present qualified to teach under the laws because they are not graduates of the normal school.

The meeting closed with the eagle screaming and patriotism running high.

FINE MORTAR FIRING RECORD ESTABLISHED.

Lieut Cardwell, of Louisville, Member of Battery Key, Which Has Distinguished Itself.

A new world's record for mortar firing has been established by Battery Key, stationed at Fort Howard, near Baltimore, which numbers among its efficient military men Lieut. S. Creed Cardwell, of Louisville. Lieut. Cardwell is a brother-in-law of Paul Burlingame, secretary to the Mayor, and has hosts of friends here who will learn with satisfaction the news of Battery Key's achievement.

According to the Baltimore Sun, the gunners of Battery Key, commanded by Capt. Chase, hit the bullseye ten times out of fourteen shots with each gun loaded, set and fired in thirty seconds. Two shells were in the air nearly every four seconds. Lieut. Cardwell, who is commander of the Twenty-first company, filled the responsible position of range officer.

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF LAST WITNESS ENDED

SUTTON CASE TO BE ARGUED AT ANNAPOLIS TO-DAY.

ONCE MORE ADAMS RE-ENACTS THE DEATH SCENE.

FOR SCHAEFFER'S BENEFIT.

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 12.—After an investigation extending over a period of more than three weeks the naval court of inquiry into the death of Lieut. James N. Sutton, U. S. M. C., here on October 13, 1907, finished the taking of testimony to-day. To-morrow will be given over to the summing up and it was stated by counsel that the arguments would be completed to-morrow.

The court will then prepare its report and forward it to the Navy Department as required by the precept.

In connection with the closing hours to-day Major Leonard, judge advocate, furnished a surprise when he stated that he would have no opening address to make in behalf of the Government unless something might be said by the attorneys or other parties to the investigation that would require explanation or reply. Commander Hood, president of the board, said to-night that he did not think the court would consume much time in arriving at its conclusions.

The cross-examination of Dr. E. M. Schaeffer, of Washington, D. C., called as an expert in gunshot wounds, was finished this morning.

Hypothetical and technical questions figured largely in his examination by Mr. Birney, counsel to Lieut. Adams, and although Adams was again called upon to illustrate the movements of Sutton as he lay prostrate on the ground on the fatal night, Dr. Schaeffer's conclusion was that under the conditions given, Lieut. Sutton could not have shot himself.

Lieut. Adams again pantomimed the shooting of Lieut. Sutton, the scene being re-enacted on the floor of the courtroom, with Lieuts. Utley and Osterman and Sergt. de Hart placing themselves upon him. Lieut. Adams pulled the trigger of a service revolver, but Dr. Schaeffer declared that he could not thus have inflicted a wound duplicating the one which killed Lieut. Sutton. This closed the testimony.

VAN SANT ELECTED.

DEFEATS JUDGE KETCHAM FOR COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

St. Louis Probably Will Land Next Encampment of the Grand Army.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 12.—Former Gov. Van Sant, of Minnesota, was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Van Sant won over Judge William A. Ketcham, of Indiana, by a vote of 587 to 156.

Mrs. Jennie L. Berry, of Des Moines, Ia., won in a fight for the national presidency of the Woman's Relief Corps. After three ballots she was elected over Mrs. Belle Harris, of Kansas, by 213 to 90.

In addition to Commander Van Sant, the following officers were elected:

Senior Vice Commander—W. M. Bostaph, Ogden, Utah.

Junior Vice Commander—Judge Alfred Beers, Bristol, Conn.

Surgeon General—W. H. Lemon, Lawrence, Kas.

The election of chaplain and selection of the next meeting place went over until to-morrow.

A poll indicates that the chances of St. Louis for the forty-fourth encampment are much brighter. Atlantic City, the other aspirant, does not want the encampment in August, and the veterans are loath to change the month of meeting.

No business of public interest except the annual address of the retiring commander, Henry M. Nevius, and the election of officers was transacted at today's executive session.

SERIES OF MEETINGS AT NAZARENE CHURCH.

Commencing Friday, August 20, the Rev. Howard Eckel, of Haverhill, Mass., will begin a series of meetings at the Nazarene church, 2314 West Chestnut street. Following these meetings the district assembly will convene on Tuesday, August 24, with the Rev. E. P. Ellyson, general superintendent of the district, in charge. There will be sermons every afternoon and evening.

SAMUEL W. MOODY TAKEN SUDDENLY ILL.

While on his way to the railway station at Fourteenth and Main streets last night, Samuel W. Moody, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania railroad, was taken ill with an attack of indigestion and was removed to Norton Infirmary. His friends do not believe the attack is serious and say he will be able to go on to Pittsburg to-day.

EDNA MAY

Champion Saddle Horse At Bluegrass Fair.

AWARDED FIRST MONEY IN $1,000 STAKE.

NAZIMOVA FROM UNDULATA TAKES SECOND HONORS.

HIGH ORDER IN THIRD PLACE.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Thursday is almost always the best-attended day of the Bluegrass Fair, and this was no exception to the rule, as the largest crowd of the week was at the fair grounds to-day. The immense crowd was attributed in one sense to the Kentucky saddle horse, as this was particularly saddle-horse day both in the breeding and show classes, to which almost the entire programme was devoted, with a $1,000 stake for five-gaited horses as the chief feature. Shorthorn cattle were the chief other distinctive class of livestock shown, and the prizes brought out some of the greatest herds in the country, the entries in most cases being large and the competition close. The weather was threatening during the forenoon, and a slight shower fell about 11 o'clock, but the clouds then disappeared and the remainder of the day was clear and warm.

* * *

Famous Show Mare First.

The $1,000 stake for five-gaited saddle horses brought into the ring eight of the most magnificent types of this class ever exhibited in Kentucky, and was won by Mrs. Lowndes' famous mare, Edna May, ridden by Mat Cohen.

Second honors went to Undulata Stock Farm's splendid young mare, Nazimova, and as she is only 4 years old and has not had the ring experience and work of the veterans, who comprised most of her competitors, her triumph was a signal tribute to her intrinsic worth.

The old Champion High Order was given third prize, and Bride of the Mistletoe the fourth.

The entries and riders which competed in this ring were as follows: Edna May, ch. m., by Rex Peavine, ridden by Mat Cohen. Bride of the Mistletoe, ch. m., by King, ridden by Henry Durtham. Red McDonald, b. h., by McDonald Chief, ridden by C. F. Nagel. Eleasa, blk. m., by Dandy Jim, ridden by M. D. Martin. High Order, b. h., by Highland Denmark, ridden by Walter Baker. Nazimova, b. m., by Montgomery Chief, ridden by Sam Hinkle. Col. John Allen, b. h., by Montgomery Chief, ridden by W. A. Moore. Mabel King, ch. h., by Bourbon Chief, ridden by A. G. Jones.

* * *

Winners In Other Rings.

In the ring for runabout horses Moreland's Little Prince won a close contest with Cohen's McAltara second. The famous mare Daisy Field was first in the fine harness mare ring with Katie Hamilton second.

Mrs. Lowndes, owner of Edna May, won the combination class with Princess Louise, and the roadster mare premium went to John Stout's Chatty Direct by Director General. Bobby Moreland, with Kennith Mac, was first for roadster horses with S. T. Harbison driving Alvin T., second.

The two rings respectively for saddle stallion and mare four years old and over were postponed until to-morrow on account of many of the entries being fatigued from showing in other rings.

In the breeding classes for saddle horses, High Order took first prize for stallion in service, with the 3-year-old Astral King second, Daisy Beatty took first prize as broodmare.

For suckling colt, a colt by Bohemian King, out of Josie B (dam of Queen Quality and King Quality), took first prize.

A chestnut filly by Highland Flower won in the suckling filly ring, with a filly by Bohemian King second. For mare and foal Daisy Beatty and filly won with Josie B and foal second.

For yearling colt a chestnut by Dandy Jim won with a bay by Montgomery Chief second.

A yearling filly by Dominor, the stallion Major David Castleman had purchased to head his stud, but which died after serving a few mares, won in the ring for her age and sex.

The herd ring was won by Lord Denmark and two handsome mares.

* * *

Prize Winners.

Roadsters, Stallion, 2 Years Old—First, S. S. Combs, Lexington; second, Clem Beachy, Lexington.

Runabout Horse, Mare or Gelding—First, Harbison, Jewell & Patterson, Lexington; second, Mat S. Cohen, Lexington.

Fine Harness Mare—First, J. C. Campbell, Columbus, O.; second, A. L. Lawless, Georgetown.

Heavy Harness Stallion, Mare or Gelding—First, Mrs. H. M. Skillman, Lexington; second, Harbison, Jewell & Patterson, Lexington.

Bluegrass Fair Stake for Five-gaited Saddle Horses—Special stake of $1,000; stallion, mare or gelding, any age, to be shown under saddle in accordance with the rules of the Bluegrass Fair Association governing five-gaited saddle horses:

First, $500, Edna May, owned by Mrs. Richard Tasker Lowndes, Clarksville, W. Va.

Second, $250, Nazimova, owned by Undulata Stock Farm, Shelbyville.

Third, $150, High Order, owned by J. F. Cook & Co., Lexington.

Fourth, $100, Bride of the Mistletoe, owned by L. T. Anderson, Maysville.

The Smith, Watkins & Co. Trophy—Pair of matched mares, geldings, or mare and gelding: First, L. T. Anderson, Maysville.

Three-gaited Saddle Horses—First, Matt S. Cohen, Lexington; second, Harbison, Jewell & Patterson, Lexington.

Roadster, Mare or Gelding, 2 Years Old—First, J. W. Stout, Versailles; second, M. Bowerman, Lexington.

Three-gaited Saddle Mare or Gelding—First, Harbison, Jewell & Patterson, Lexington; second, Matt S. Cohen, Lexington.

Roadster, Gelding — First, Harbison, Jewell & Patterson, Lexington; second, Matt S. Cohen, Lexington.

BREEDING CLASSES FOR AMERICAN SADDLE HORSES.

Stallion in service, any age; must have done service in 1909; to be shown in hand: First, J. F. Cook & Co., Lexington; second, J. C. C. Jones, North Middleton.

Broodmare, 4 years old and over; to be shown in hand: First, J. P. Beatty, Lexington; second, A. S. Edelen, Burgin.

Colt, foal of 1909; to be shown in hand; dams not permitted in ring: First, A. S. Edelen; second, W. H. Murphy, Stanford.

Filly, foal of 1909; to be shown in hand; dams not permitted in ring: First, Gay Bros., Pisgah; second, A. S. Edelen.

Broodmare, 4 years old and over, with foal of 1909 at heel; each to count 50 per cent; both to be shown in hand: First, J. S. Beatty; second, A. S. Edelen.

Colt, foal of 1909; to be shown in hand: First, C. L. Bailey, Lexington; second, Ward & Ward, Newton.

Filly, foal of 1908; to be shown in hand: First, Mad. David Castleman, Lexington; second, Collins & Redmon, North Middleton.

Aged stud: stallion in service, any age, and two broodmares; each 4 years old or over; all to be bona fide property of the exhibitor at the time the entry is made; no combination of any kind allowed; stallion to count 60 per cent and each broodmare to count 20 per cent; all to be shown in hand: First, Gay Bros.

Get of stallion: two, the get of one stallion without regard to ownership; both under 2 years of age; each to count 50 per cent; all to be shown in hand: First, Gay Bros.; second, Collins & Redmon.

CLASSES FOR SHORTHORN CATTLE.

Bull, 3 years old and over: First, Walnut Hall Farm, Donerail; second, H. P. Hawkins, Stanford; third, Abram Renick, Winchester.

Bull, 2 years and under 3: First, Elmendorf Farm; second, Walnut Hall Farm; third, J. A. Gerlough, Horshman.

Bull, junior yearling: First, Elmendorf Farm; second, H. P. Hawkins; third, Abram Renick.

Bull, senior yearling: First, J. G. Robbins & Son, Horace, Ind.; second, Elmendorf Farm.

Bull, senior calf: First, Abram Renick; second, Elmendorf Farm; third, H. P. Hawkins; fourth, J. A. Gerlough; fifth, Elmendorf Farm.

Bull, junior calf: First, Walnut Hall Farm; second, H. P. Hawkins.

Cow, 3 years or over: First, Elmendorf Farm; second, J. G. Robbins & Sons; third, Abram Renick; fourth, H. P. Hawkins.

Heifer, 2 years and under 3: First, Elmendorf Farm; second, Walnut Hall Farm; third, J. G. Robbins & Sons; fourth, Abram Renick.

Heifer, senior yearling: First, Walnut Hall Farm; second, Elmendorf Farm; third, Elmendorf Farm; fourth, H. P. Hawkins.

Heifer, junior yearling: First, Abram Renick; second, Abram Renick; third, J. G. Robbins & Sons; fourth, Abram Renick.

Heifer, senior calf: First, J. A. Gerlough; second, Elmendorf Farm; third, J. A. Gerlough; fourth, J. G. Robbins & Sons; fifth, Elmendorf Farm.

Heifer, junior calf: First, Elmendorf Farm; second, J. G. Robbins & Sons; third, Walnut Hall Farm; fourth, Abram Renick; fifth, Elmendorf Farm.

Senior Champion Bull—First, Elmendorf Farm.

Junior Champion Bull—First, Elmendorf Farm.

Senior Champion Cow—First, Elmendorf Farm.

Junior Champion Heifer—First, Walnut Hall Farm.

Grand Champion Bull—First, Elmendorf Farm.

Grand Champion Female—First, Elmendorf Farm.

Aged Herd—First, Elmendorf Farm; second, J. G. Robbins & Son, Horace, Ind.; third, Walnut Hall Farm.

Young Herd—First, Elmendorf Farm; second, J. A. Gerlaugh.

Calf Herd—First, Elmendorf Farm; second, J. A. Gerlaugh.

Four Animals, Get of One Sire—First, Elmendorf Farm; second, Abram Renick; third, J. A. Gerlaugh.

Two Animals, Produce of One Cow—First, Elmendorf Farm; second, Abram Renick; third, Elmendorf Farm.

Best Two Heifers, Under 1 Year—First, Elmendorf Farm; second, J. G. Robbins.

Herd, Consisting of One Bull Under 2 Years Old, Two Heifers, 1 Year and Under 2, and Two Heifers Under 1 Year—First, Elmendorf Farm; second, Elmendorf Farm.

Best Ten or More Shorthorns, Any Age, Either Sex, Owned by One Exhibitor—First, Elmendorf Farm.

Fat Stock Steer, Spayed or Martin Heifer, 2 Years and Under 3—First, J. L. Van Natta, Lafayette, Ind.; second, Elmendorf Farm.

Steer, Spayed or Martin Heifer, Under 1 Year—First, J. L. Van Natta; second, Abram Renick.

Steer, Spayed or Martin Heifer, Under 1 Year—First, W. T. McCray, Kentland, Ind.; second, J. G. Robbins & Son, Horace, Ind.

Best Three Steers, Spayed or Martin Heifers, 1 Year and Under 3, One 1 Year and Under 2 and One Under 1 Year—First, J. L. Van Natta.

WAR CLOUD GATHERS.

TURKEY PRONOUNCES GREEK NOTE UNSATISFACTORY.

Reply To Assurances As To Crete Will Be In Nature of An Ultimatum.

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—The Porte has decided to address a more energetic note to Greece, in which it will be stated that Greece's reply to the Turkish note concerning Crete is unsatisfactory.

The Greek Minister to-day called on Hilmi Pasha, the Grand Vizier, who strongly urged the Minister to advise his Government to confirm the friendly protestations contained in the note by giving assurances that Turkey's demands will be complied with.

Prepared To Fight.

London, Aug. 13.—The Daily Telegraph's Constantinople correspondent says it is difficult to discover the influences under which the Turkish Government is acting, but that in military quarters the talk is wholly of war with Greece.

It is asserted that the Ministers of War and Marine insist that war is the only possible solution of the difficulty, and that Mahmoud Schefket Pasha, the commander of the troops, has told the Grand Vizier that if the present situation is prolonged he will resign because it will be impossible to calm the spirits of the officers and men.

Believes War Unavoidable.

Berlin, Aug. 13.—Telegraphing from Constantinople, the correspondent of the Tageblatt says that Turkey's answer to the Greek note will have the character of an ultimatum. He adds that the opinion now is that war between Turkey and Greece is unavoidable, and that an outbreak is near at hand. The forts around Salonika, the correspondent declares, are ready for war.

DATE FOR WATERWAYS CONVENTION CHANGED.

New Orleans, Aug. 12.—Again the dates for the Lakes-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterways Convention have been changed. It has now been decided that the convention, which is to be held in New Orleans, and which will form the crowning feature of President Taft's trip down the river from St. Louis, will take place October 28, 29 and 30.

President Taft's steamboat, the Mississippi, is slated to dock at New Orleans at 8 o'clock on the morning of October 30, and the President will address the delegates to the convention on that day. President Taft will be the guest of the city of New Orleans, October 30 and 31.

CITY NEWS.

Contracting Company Formed.

The Louisville Contracting Company filed a charter in the County Clerk's office yesterday listing its capital at $6,000 divided into shares of $100 each. The debt limit will be $30,000 and the life of the corporation will be fifty years. The incorporators and their holdings are: William W. Gaunt, 3 shares; Keith L. Bullitt, 24 shares; Charles Helme Strater, 3 shares. The company will do a general construction business.

H. H. Bancroft Dies.

The funeral of Henry H. Bancroft, who died at 6 o'clock yesterday morning at his residence, 1913 Lytle street, of a complication of diseases, after a lingering illness, will be held at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning from St. Patrick's church, Thirteenth and Market streets. Burial will be in St. Louis cemetery. Mr. Bancroft was well known in the West End, where he had lived for the past several years. A wife, two sons and a daughter survive.

Changes Position.

The resignation of Fay C. Dorsey as discount officer of the Union National Bank was submitted yesterday to take effect next Monday when Mr. Dorsey will assume charge of a new office created at the Southern National Bank, where his official title will be general utility officer.

Able To Resume Runs.

G. D. Childress, of Fairfield, Ill., and Mr. Ezra Crane, of 727 Barret avenue, the two mail clerks who were badly hurt in a head-on collision of Southern passenger trains Nos. 1 and 2 on June 21, have sufficiently recovered to resume their runs.

Company Changes Name.

The Tischendorf-Chreste Lumber Company amended its charter yesterday by changing its name to the W. R. Tischendorf Lumber Company.

CATTLE TESTING

Goes On Despite Opposition of City Administration.

DAIRY FARM OF ERED WITTWER VISITED YESTERDAY.

PRESIDENT OF DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION INTERFERES.

GOOD WORK ACROSS RIVER.

"Despite the opposition of the city administration and the dairymen, ignorant of the first principles of hygiene and health in cattle, we are going to test the cattle furnishing milk to the citizens of Louisville, and prevent the dairymen who have diseased cattle from selling milk in the city," said Dr. Frank Eisenman last night.

When Dr. Eisenman, Dr. Grace, Dr. Burneson and three assistants went out to the dairy of Fred Wittwer, on the Preston-street road, to make tuberculin tests yesterday, Wittwer received the veterinarians courteously and told them to go right ahead and make the tests. He was entirely willing.

While the inspectors were getting their instruments and drugs ready for the work, A. J. Weikel, president of the Dairymen's Association, and Louis Zehnder, a member of the organization, arrived. They displayed an unfriendly attitude, and perhaps laboring under the impression that the inspectors were deficient as linguists, spoke to Wittwer in German, asking him to go with them for a talk. The dairyman complied with the request. The three men talked vehemently for some little time, according to the statement of Dr. Eisenman. When Wittwer returned, he brusquely told the inspectors, they say, that they could not test his cattle. He added that they were grafters, and he knew it.

* * *

Dr. Eisenman's Reply.

Dr. Eisenman retorted by declaring that they would make the tests at the first convenient opportunity, and under proper conditions.

Dr. Eisenman said that Weikel and Zehnder told him he did not dare make tests without the consent of the owners of cattle.

Dr. Eisenman handed out the retort direct:

"You fellows arrange it with some of your friends who own cattle furnishing milk to Louisville to make a test case of this tuberculin testing business. Name the time and place, and then try to oppose our work. Just you try it!"

Zehnder and Weikel did not "call the bluff."

The Government inspector, Dr. J. C. Burneson, killed a fine registered Holstein cow belonging to Capt. H. O. Hoffman, of Jeffersonville, yesterday, after the cow had been condemned as being tubercular. Another milch cow of the same stock as that owned by Capt. Hoffman, owned by Ed Dunn, of Jeffersonville, also was condemned, but it has not been dispatched yet. Both animals were valued highly.

In contrasting the cases of the Indiana dairymen in comparison with the attitude of some of the Jefferson county, Ky., dairymen, Dr. Eisenman said:

* * *

Glad Test Was Made.

"When we informed Capt. Hoffman and Mr. Dunn that their cows had been condemned, instead of getting violently angry and threatening to have us prosecuted, they thanked us for the interest we had taken in their stock, and told us that they were glad that we had made the tests. Every Indiana dairyman with whom I have discussed the matter has shown a fine spirit of cooperation and invited us to make tests on their stock. Of course, we cannot do that, for we have enough to do to look after the cattle in Jefferson county. The work in Indiana will have to be done by the Indiana health officials. What they are going to do we do not know yet, but they seemed willing to work with us for the good of the cause. I do wish that the milkmen on this side of the river could be impressed with the importance of having healthy cows—that they would become educated to the point of view held by the Hoosier dairymen."

The cattle inspected at the Reichmuth dairy Wednesday were all found to be in a healthy condition.

The action of Acting Judge Edward Meglemry of the county court, yesterday, in assigning County Patrolmen Wes Gilbert and George Parsons to the aid of the health officers, who are making tests of the dairy cattle in the county, stands out sharply against that of Mayor Grinstead, who on Wednesday withdrew two patrolmen who had been assigned to the same work. The action of Judge Meglemry was taken at the request of Dr. B. W. Smock, county health officer, who laid the situation before the court.

* * *

May Not "Start Anything."

In granting the petition, Judge Meglemry made it clearly understood that the patrolmen were to accompany the veterinarians only as peace officers. They may not "start anything," but are required to prevent any breach of the peace.

Apropos of the statement made by the county health officers that Mayor Grinstead was displaying a "yellow streak," and playing a political game in withdrawing the city patrolmen from the scene of the testing at the Reichmuth dairy Wednesday, Mr. Grinstead said yesterday that he was going to stand pat on his resolution. He declared that he would use the police for nothing but duties which are plainly incumbent upon them, and that the imputations of a "yellow streak" will not affect his views along that line. Continuing, he stated that he was convinced that there was no real cause for the police being sent to the Reichmuth dairy, and that he did not purpose to have members of the Louisville police department perform duties that did not come within their jurisdiction.

* * *

Refuse To Permit Test.

Following is a list furnished by Dr. B. W. Smock, County Health officer, who declares they have refused to have the tuberculin test applied to their milch cows:

Dominick Zehnder, St. Matthews; Henry Diepholz, Preston and Shelby streets; Joe Ehrler, Preston-stret road; M Reichmuth, Rawlings street; C. F. Gaufan, Preston-street road; John Wittwer, Preston-street road; Fred Wittwer, Preston-street road; Andy Kaelin, Brownsboro road; Chris Hahlen, Preston-street road; Chris Moser, Thirty-fourth and Courtney street; B. M. Kaelin, Preston-stret road; Seewer Bros., Thirty-sixth and Amy streets; Theodore Brumleve, Ashbottom road; Ben Fischer, Thirty-fourth and Market streets; F. Schurch, Texas and Goss avenue; Charles Kaelin, Jr., Brownsboro road; A. Burkhalter, Poplar Level road; Louis Kamber, Poplar Level road; A. Schoenbachler, Poplar Level road; Lawrence Liebert, Workhouse road; Ed Zehnder, Zehnder lane, Brownsboro road; Fred Von Allman Sons, Brownsboro road; J. H. Roehring, Thirty-fourth and Virginia avenue; Ben Grieve, Preston-stret road; John Hahlen, Forty-fourth and Greenwood avenue; Charles Oeschsli, Forty-fourth and Greenwood avenue; Steve Bisig, Workhouse road; Henry Dearsing, Seventh-street road; Boecherlie Bros., Eighteenth-street road; W. H. Churchmann, Lynhurst, Jefferson county, Ky., and Charles Kammer, Brownsboro road.

WATERWORKS COMMISSION OF NEWPORT WINS OUT.

Newport, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—The waterworks commissioners of Newport to-night won a signal victory over the Board of Aldermen when Mayor Krieger vetoed their action to hold up all payments to officials of the commissioners. Mayor Krieger was sustained by a majority vote, and the commissioners can now go on with their improvements to the extent of $85,000. The payment of $1,000 to Engineer J. W. Hill will be made by Treasurer Lohstroh, and the work will go on, it is said, without delay.

TOBACCONIST KILLED IN RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Covington, Ky., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—News of the death of William H. Ryan, a well known tobacconist living at 133 East Ribbins avenue, was received here to-night. Ryan was single and lived with his sister, Miss Etta Ryan. He died in Edgarton, Wis., several weeks ago, being killed in a railway accident. The details of the manner of his death have not yet been received.

OTHERS IMPLICATED

IN SHORTAGE OF CASHIER MARKER, AT TIPTON, IND.

Warrants To Be Issued For Business Men Alleged To Be Accomplices.

Tipton, Ind., Aug. 12.—Assistant United States District Attorney Nichols returned to Tipton to-day and said he was prepared to issue warrents for the arrest of several business men charged with complicity in the alleged embezzlement of Noah R. Marker, assistant cashier of the First National Bank.

Several secret service men are in the city. It is said that the persons charged with being accomplices of Marker are associated with him in land deals in Canada and Texas, in which a great deal of money has been invested.

It was announced this afternoon that the bank would be reopened on Saturday. A shortage of about $150,000 in its funds has been covered from the private funds of the stockholders.

TO AVOID RECEIVERSHIP.

Stockholders Will Meet All Demands of Depositors.

Washington, Aug. 12.—From a telegram received by Controller Fowler, it is now at Tipton, Ind., it appears likely that the First National Bank of that city will be permitted to go into voluntary liquidation. Mr. Fowler went to Tipton two days ago after it developed that the reported shortage in the accounts was more serious than first reported. The stockholders have indicated that they will be able to meet the claims of all depositors, in which event the receivership will be avoided.

MINNEAPOLIS GETS NEXT CONVENTION OF I. T. U.

Committee On Mortuary Benefits Recommends Taxing Members To Raise Funds.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 12.—Minneapolis was selected by the International Typographical Union convention to-day as its meeting place next year. A strong fight for the 1910 gathering was made by Salt Lake City and by Atlanta, and the ballot resulted: Minneapolis, 129; Salt Lake City, 116; Atlanta, 80.

Union conditions in Los Angeles were discussed for four hours to-day.

The mortuary benefit committee reported a plan for benefits varying from $75 for first-year members to $400 for members of fifteen years' standing and over. To raise funds for this it is proposed to tax the earnings of the members one-half of 1 per cent. This report will be made a special order of business to-morrow afternoon.

The last social feature of the convention was the reception given to the visitors to-night at Krug Park by local union, No. 40, in celebration of its golden jubilee.

BURDENSOME EARNINGS.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

The news dispatches say that the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Co. has accumulated such a surplus that it proposes to increase the capital stock from $60,000,000 to $75,000,000 or $100,000,00, the added fifteen to forty millions to go to the present stockholders either at par or as a gift.

Now I would like to state a few propositions and ask a few questions. The L. and N. runs throughout Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia. It serves the people of those States and has charged them so much that it not only pays a good dividend on the $60,000,000 of stock (already largely water), but has made vast improvements and still has a great surplus. This surplus has been taken mostly from us and belongs mostly to other people in other States who care nothing for us.

Why should not the L. and N. be compelled to reduce the freight and passenger rates so as to bring the earnings down to fair level and give the people a chance to develop their business? As it is, the rates are higher than business can stand, and the L. and N. territory languishes as compared with the country north of the Ohio River. It costs, for instance, as much to ship a barrel of potatoes between Bloomfield and Louisville (fifty miles) as it does between Louisville and New Jersey (600 miles). Of course the business is killed; no potatoes can be grown around Bloomfield except for home use. It costs more to do business within the State from Louisville than it does between L. and N. towns in the State and rival cities beyond the State. We are arbitrarily and stupidly handicapped by the L. and N. until we are commercially, industrially and financially in a state of stagnation, while the stockholders of the company have coined our distress into many millions more than they can use as a company. They are just obliged to put some of it in their individual pockets.

If the L. and N. is earning more than a liberal dividend on its capital, and attempts to water the stock, there are two things that ought to be done at once. Protest should be made by the commercial boards in all the States concerned and suits should be prosecuted by the authorities to prevent any stock-watering deal.

Besides this, the boards of trade of Louisville, Memphis, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Lexington, Birmingham, Montgomery, Mobile, Atlanta and other cities in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia should formulate an united demand for lower freight rates throughout this territory and for better service at all their terminals. For instance, the L. and N. in Louisville should be forced to switch the cars of all connecting roads wherever they are wanted on fair and equal terms, so that merchants, warehousemen and manufacturers may buy and sell in the best markets and build up their business and the city.

The important thing to remember is that we of Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia have to pay nearly all the interest and dividends on the L. and N. bonds and stock. If the capital is watered to the extent of fifteen to forty millions it means that amount of additional debt saddled upon us. And it means an indefinite continuance of the freight rates that are throttling us now. It is a trick of modern finance to swell the debt to hide the robbery of excessive earnings.

If the road is earning a surplus let us use it as an argument for our relief and not let the company use it as a cloak for further oppression.

W. S. B.

DISGUISED AS FARMER

ROBBER HOLDS UP BANK CASHIER IN ILLINOIS.

Asks To Have Bills Exchanged and When Victims Back Is Turned Draws Revolver.

Jacksonville, Ills., Aug. 12.—A daring bank robbery took place to-day at Franklin, this county, when a bandit secured $2,500 in currency from the cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank. One suspect has been arrested.

Clad like a farmer, a man appeared at the cashier's desk and asked to exchange some bills of small denominations for larger ones. The cashier went to the vault to get the bills. When he emerged the robber was inside the railing and covered him with a revolver, demanding the bank's cash.

The cashier handed over the box in his hand containing $1,500 in currency and the robber, after hurriedly rifling the money drawer of $1,000 more, escaped through an alley. A posse was organized by the sheriff. The bank is insured against robbery.

DYNAMITE USED ON CINCINNATI BRIDGE.

Attempt Made To Destroy New Structure and Several Persons Are Injured.

Cincinnati, Aug. 12.—An explosion of dynamite made by unknown persons in an attempt, it is believed, to destroy the construction work for the Cincinnati Southern railroad's new bridge in the West End of the city, did much damage to buildings and caused great excitement in the vicinity to-day. Window panes were blown from several buildings several blocks distant.

In one house an infant was tossed up from a bed and thrown to the floor, but was not seriously hurt. Several pedestrians were slightly cut by flying glass. The only damage to the bridge was the shattering of girders. The contractors in charge of the work have had trouble with their workmen.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 12.—While at times irregular, the cotton market showed a generally firmer tone to-day and had a sharp advance during the afternoon, with the close firm at a net gain of 17@20 points. The opening was steady at an advance of 5@9 points on better cables than expected and covering, but there was a renewal of bear pressure in advance under which prices eased off to within 2 to 3 points of yesterday's close during the first few minutes. The market seemed to be attracting a good deal of support, however. Foreign houses were buyers here, and there was a big demand from some of the people, who are credited with having organized

I ADVISE THE PURCHASE OF

Seattle Electric
COMMON

Pacific Coast Power
COMMON

Northern Texas
COMMON

For very much higher prices—All paying handsome dividends.

ALSO

Seattle Electric
PREFERRED

Northern Texas
PREFERRED

Both paying 6 per cent. and high-class for permanent investment.

All are under the management of the "STONE & WEBSTER" organization.

Upon application, I will furnish full information by telephone or mail.

John L. Dunlap
118 S. Fifth St.

	Bid.	Asked.
Col., Dela. and Marion Ry. Co..	...	34
Dallas Electric com.	10	20
Do preferred	45	50
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	41	42
Do preferred	...	70½
Grand Rapids com.	106¼	108½
Do preferred	89¼	91
Lex. and Interurban Rys. Co....	6	7¼
Louisville Traction com.	96¾	97¼
Do preferred	115½	116½
Nashville Ry. and Lt. com.	44	46½
Do preferred	81	83
New Albany Street Ry. pref...	85	...
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	19½	20
Do preferred	80	90
Norfolk Railway and Light Co....	...	17
Northern Texas Electric com....	57	58½
Do preferred	94¾	95
Paducah Traction and Light com....	20	20
Do preferred	30	35
Portland Ry. and Light com....	84¾	...
Do preferred	89¼	89¾
Rochester Ry. and Light pref....	88¾	90
Savannah Electric com.	11	12½
Do preferred	40	45
Seattle Electric com.	114½	120
Do preferred	104	107½
St. Joseph L. H. and P. com....	58	...
Do preferred	86¾	...
Toledo Railway and Light....	11¾	12
Tri-City Ry. and Light com....	23	23½
Do preferred	66	90¼
United Railways Invest. com....	37½	38
Do preferred	54	56
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon Ry.	44	47¾
West Penn Rys. com.	45	46
Do preferred	80¼	80¾

†Less than $1,000 bond or ten shares stocks. ‡Ex-dividend.
Interest is to be added to all bond quotations.

Louisville and Nashville was less prominent in the dealings on the New York Stock Exchange to-day. It made a new high record, however, selling up to 162½, but closed at 160¾, a decline of ¼ compared with the close yesterday. It opened in buoyant fashion at 162, 1⅛ higher than it closed yesterday, advanced to 162⅜ in the early dealings, receded and sold down ot 159½, then rallied and closed at 160¾. There was still a lack of official information to account for the strength of the stock.

At present prices many holders have very handsome profits. During the panic in 1907 the stock sold down to 85¼ and remained below 100 for quite a long time and many Kentucky investors, both large and small, bought the stock outright and locked it up. These investors now have a profit of from $50 to $75 a share, and those who bought it back in the nineties have profits of over $100 a share. Local investors, so far as can be learned, are showing no disposition to part with their stock at the present prices, they being of the opinion that still higher prices will be seen.

"Melonicuttings" are the order of the day. Several large systems have made very handsome distributions to their stockholders during the past few months, and expectations are running high of others. There have been several raises in dividends. The Louisville and Nashville has never cut a "melon," and local investors are inclined to think its time has come.

Toledo Railways and Light gross earnings for the first week of August were $31,376, an increase of $2,411. The Libbey glass plant, of Toledo, has resumed, giving employment to 1,300 men, which is calculated to further increase the Toledo Railways' income.

Louisville and Nashville gross earnings for the first week of August were $881,347, an increase of $61,222, and since July 1 $4,703,882, an increase of $206,405.

Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh may order a change in paper money which would make all bills bear the same portrait, with designs so distinctive that no confusion could occur. He also favors reducing the present size of paper money about one-quarter. An order issued by Cortelyou authorizing an issue of $10 notes, with a portrait of Grover Cleveland, has been held by the new Secretary until he can reach a decision regarding a uniform style for all bills.

Earnings of the Detroit United System are steadily picking up, and it faces a brighter future than it has had ahead of it for many months. At the same time what little talk there has been lately of a possibility of dividends being resumed before long is decidedly premature, says the Wall Street Journal. The company is earning a surplus which would seem on its face to justify a restoration of the full 6 per cent., but local considerations make this out of the question for the present. These considerations are the road's need of money for necessary improvements and extensions and the uncertainty regarding a final settlement of the franchise problem.

The franchise trouble is of long standing and has been one of many points on which the railway company and the city authorities have disagreed in past years. The City Council has passed a number of ordinances to regulate fares and service in recent years, which have involved court litigation and unfavorable public sentiment. With a hostile Council it was impossible to get an extension of franchises, which had to be secured before the company could undertake the building of new lines. The committee of fifty citizens, which has been going into the points of difference between the city and the company has reported on the conditions which confront Detroit in a sane and comprehensive manner, which is expected to smooth a way for an amicable settlement of all points in dispute. Once this is done the Detroit United can give its undivided attention to improving its service.

During the month of July stocks of copper decreased no less than 32,201,454 pounds, which is probably double the amount that was generally expected.

The Chicago Stock Exchange has listed the $230,880,700 capital stock and $150,000,000 convertible gold bonds of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

A membership on the Chicago Stock Exchange has been purchased by J. Ogden Armour at $1,750.

The improvement in the steel trade, which set in shortly after the declaration of an open market the latter part of February, has benefited the shareholders of seven companies nearly $500,000,000 from the viewpoint of appreciation. Of the gain in question more than $250,000,000 is credited to the United States Steel Corporation, the common stock appreciated $176,952,000 from the level of February last and the preferred stock $80,162,554.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Bank of England rate unchanged at 2½ per cent.

Americans in London very strong with gains of over a point in most active issues.

For last half year American Telegraph and Telephone shows net balance of $14,190,933, compared with $13,109,514 same period year ago.

General London market quiet and firm.

United States bankers to get one-quarter of Chinese railway loan.

"B. and O. equipment orders to reach $10,000,000.

Coney Island property owners say a 10c fare has seriously injured business of the resort.

Resumption of Westinghouse preferred dividend shortly expected.

Northern Pacific earnings indicate 11 per cent. on stock.

Steel earnings for third quarter may reach $36,000,000.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—Notwithstanding the heavy distribution of long holdings prices held fairly well for the leaders, and final quotations showed numerous gains, including Union Pacific, Pennsylvania, New York Central and various grangers. But others lost ground, a score or more of the lesser active stocks closed substantially lower, indicating where distribution was going on. United States Steel and the metals grew freely sold all day and ended lower. We will have more sharp bulges, but to our view they will be merely repetitions of that of to-day, probably a more or less weak imitation. A cautious policy will pay best. That a substantial break is near at hand we firmly believe. It is one thing to buy, another thing to take profits. Thus far influential people have been trying to make a market for their holdings by sharp upbidding. The test will come when they make a concerted effort to liquidate and remove support, while to-day they have kept up the support, while selling gradually. The Harriman mystery in Southern Pacific and Union Pacific will partly help to keep up public interest until next Tuesday, the date of the dividend meetings.—C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—Considering the heavy realizing that took place on the advance the market gave a very good account of itself to-day. For the present we see no reason to change from the position taken in the market in the past. The Harriman plan will have to come to light before another reaction begins.—J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

New York.—There was little news. The Union Pacific rumors of segregation and increase in dividend received more credence than formerly. Price movements were erratic, and in view of the large business done it would not be surprising if many stocks had not been distributed. This word of warning has been slightly worn out, but don't forget what these stocks are being put up for.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Aug. 12.—Money on call steady at 2¼@2½ per cent.; ruling rate 2¼@2½; closing bid 2¼; offered at 2½. Time loans strong; sixty days 2⅝@3 per cent.; ninety days 3¼ per cent.; six months 4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8495@4.8505 for sixty-day bills and at $4.8650 for demand. Commercial bills $4.84¼@4.84¾. Bar silver 51c. Mexican dollars 44c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

The speculation in stocks took on a sudden excess of activity and resulted in a frothy upshot of prices in to-day's market. The appearance of these symptoms, after as prolonged an advance as has now occurred and with prices at as high an altitude as the present aroused the suspicion of operators of the professional class, who were keenly alert for first signs of reaction. The relapse late in the day was sharp.

The comparative steadiness of some important stocks in presence of the volatile movements of others around them was suggestive of a process of distribution going on under cover of the excitement caused by the sensational advances in other quarters. In the Southern group, which centered attention yesterday, the realizing process was more forcible and caused abrupt reactions and feverish fluctuations. The conspicuous character of the stocks in which the principal rise occurred and their influential standing as stock market leaders served as effective stimulants to the speculation.

With the nearer approach of the average prices of the active stocks selected for comparison with the other high record level of 1906, there was closer analysis of the details of the price quotations then, for the purpose of making comparison clearer. The part played by the excessive prices of a few stocks in the previous averages stands out. For instance, Great Northern preferred sold as high as 326¾ in connection with the Great Northern ore disbursements and the subscription rights to new stock. That price compares with 167¾ to-day. Northern Pacific also sold then at 211¾, compared with 139½ to-day. Some of the industrials exhibit similar discrepancies. The 1906 maximum for Amalgamated Copper reaching 125¾, compared with 89¾ to-day. American Smelting touched 174 in 1906, compared with 104⅝ to-day, and Colorado Fuel 83¾, compared with 48¾.

These discrepancies lead to an inference on the part of some observers that the present average price level is in reality the absolute highest in history. But there are examples of distortion on the averages by excesses in prices of particular stocks now also. For instance, Union Pacific 210¾ to-day, compared with 100½ in January of 1906; Southern Pacific 137⅜, with 72⅝, and United States Steel 78⅛, with 46¼. The prices affect the averages in a way to reduce the excess in the present level.

There was much discussion in the financial district to-day of a report that the governors of the Stock Exchange had admonished one of the most active stock exchange houses in the present market of dangerous over-extension and thinning out of margins. Yesterday's heavy selling was supposed to have resulted from this warning, which was in accord with the policy inculcated by the report of the commission appointed by Gov. Hughes to investigate charges and tacitly agrees to; it was intimated by the authorities of the New York Stock Exchange. This incident sharpened the watchfulness for signs of a culmination in the rise. The news in connection with price movements moved away from the more general consideration of conditions common to all securities and took up "deal rumors." The buoyancy of the Harriman Pacifics grew out of a rumor that the Union Pacific executive committee had already moved to advise an increase in the dividend distribution of the two companies. The discussion of Union Pacific's proposed segregation plan was revived with a variation pointing to an issue of beneficial certificates of participation in profits on the company's investment. Reports come from abroad that French houses would participate in the coming Gould loan and in Pennsylvania stock subscriptions. Buying for London account was a helpful factor toward a strength. The day's business proved the largest since the active market in June, when the Paris listing for United States Steel was first claimed. The latter market was decidedly reactionary, and with a considerable list of stocks selling lower than last night. The feverish action of some stocks increased the suspicion of a technical position and prompted to some heavy unloading, which broke prices badly.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales (par value), $7,078,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $11,278,405; balances $1,409,903. Call money 4½@5 per cent. New York exchange 30c discount bid, 15c discount asked.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $42,482,665; balances $3,236,156. No market for New York exchange. Money firmer at 4½@5 per cent. for 60 days.

Boston, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Clearing house exchanges: In Boston $24,755,461; in New York $800,512,616. New York funds sold at 7½@10c discount.

Cincinnati, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,020,850. New York exchange par. Collateral loans 4 per cent. Discounts 4½ per cent.

Memphis, Aug. 12.—(Special.)—Clearings $574,259.59. Exchange selling at $1@1.50, buying at par.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

Trust funds:

Gold coin	$851,275,863
Silver dollars	485,998,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,153,000
Silver certificates outstanding	485,998,000

General funds:

Standard silver dollars in general fund	6,041,732
Current liabilities	109,951,302
Working balance in Treasury offices	35,015,017
In banks to credit of Treasurer of the United States	40,072,104
Subsidiary silver coin	26,218,803
Minor coin	2,218,645
Total balance in general fund	102,838,917

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'sg Bid.
Allis-Chalm. pref.	900	55⅜	55	54⅞
Amal. Copper	45,900	89¾	87⅝	87⅞
Am. Agricultural	1,000	50	49¾	49¾
Am. Best Sug.	700	47¾	45¾	46
Am. Can pref.	8,500	85¾	83	84¾
Am. Car and Fdy.	5,200	69⅜	68⅛	68⅜
Am. Cotton Oil.	2,100	76	75	74½
A. H. and L. pref.	1,100	40¾	39¾	40
Am. Ice Securities	2,300	38¾	37¾	37¾
Am. Linseed	...	...	...	16¾
Am. Locomotive	2,800	68½	67	67¾
Am. Sm. and Ref.	8,400	104⅞	103½	104¾
Do preferred	200	116¾	116	116
Am. Sugar Rfg.	800	134⅝	133½	133½
Am. Tel. and Tel.	7,400	142¾	141¾	141¾
Am. Tobacco	600	101¾	100¾	101¾
American Woolen	600	39	38¾	38¾
Ana. Mining Co.	6,100	51	50¾	50¾
Atchison	28,000	121⅜	120	120⅜
Do preferred	300	103¾	103¾	103¾
Atl. Coast Line	2,800	143⅜	141¾	141¾
B. and O.	8,400	120¾	119¾	119¾
Do preferred	...	...	...	93
Bethlehem Steel	600	33½	32¾	32¾
B. R. T.	5,900	81¾	80	80¾
Canadian Pacific	6,800	187½	186¾	187⅜
Central Leather	5,200	37⅜	36⅜	36⅜
Do preferred	0	100	100	100
Central of N. J.	200	314¾	314	314
C. and O.	38,000	83¾	83	83
Chicago and Alton	300	69	69	68¾
C. G. W.	600	3⅜	3¼	3¼
C. and N. W.	3,900	198	196	197¾
C. M. and St. P.	21,300	160⅜	159⅛	160¼
C., C., C. and St. L.	100	77¼	76	76
Col. Fuel and Iron	3,600	47¾	46¾	46¾
Col. and Sou.	800	55	54¾	55
Do 1st pref.	200	82	82	82
Do 2d pref.	100	80¾	80¾	80¾
Consolidated Gas.	21,100	148¾	146¾	147¾
Corn Products	1,600	24⅝	24	24⅜
D. and H.	2,500	157⅜	156¼	156¾
D. and R. G.	9,000	52⅝	51	51
Do preferred	4,700	89¾	88½	88⅝
Distillers' Sec's.	800	39	38½	39
Erie	19,000	28⅝	27¾	27⅞
Do 1st pref.	2,000	56⅞	55¾	55¾
Do 2d pref.	100	46	46	45
General Electric	1,100	172⅜	171¼	171
Gt. North. pref.	15,800	138⅞	137⅜	138¾
Gt. Nor. Ore ctfs.	17,400	88¾	87	87¾
Illinois Central	21,100	162¾	157⅜	161
Interboro-Met.	3,300	15¼	14⅜	14⅜
Do pref.	6,600	49	46¾	47¾
Inter. Harvester	200	89¾	89¾	85½ @88¾
Inter. Marine pref.	600	23¾	23	17 @23¾
Int'l Paper	...	...	...	17
Internat'l Pump.	900	43¾	40	40
Iowa Central	900	32¾	32¾	32¾
K. C. Southern	2,800	41	40¾	40¾
Do preferred	0	73¾	73¾	73¾
L. and N.	9,100	162½	160½	160¾
Minn. and St. L.	200	56	56	56
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	1,200	145¾	145	145
Missouri Pacific	1,700	77⅜	75⅞	75⅞
Missouri Pacific	1,700	77⅜	75⅞	75⅞
M., K. and T.	8,200	43¾	42¾	42¾
Do preferred	1,300	76	74¾	74¾
National Biscuit	100	106¾	106½	106
National Lead	6,500	62¾	62¼	62¾
Nat'l Ry. of Mexico 1st pref.	200	52½	52½	52½
N. Y. Central	70,100	134¾	133¼	133⅝
N. Y., O. and W.	4,400	32	31¾	31¾
N. and W.	2,000	96	95½	95
North American	400	89¾	88¾	88½
Northern Pacific	22,400	139⅜	137¾	138⅛
Pacific Mail	300	32¾	31¾	32
Pennsylvania	93,700	143¾	142¼	143⅜
People's Gas	19,700	117⅜	116¾	116⅞
P., C., C. and St. L.	200	92	92	92
Pressed Steel Car	3,400	35	31¾	32¼ @33
Pullman Pal. Car	...	...	...	135 @137
Ry. Steel Spring	600	52¾	51¾	51¾
Reading	208,900	168	163¾	164¾
Republic Steel	6,100	30¼	28½	29
Do preferred	200	96	96	96¾
Rock Island Co.	30,100	42¾	41¾	41¾
Do preferred	2,600	80	79¼	79¼
St. L. and S. F. 2d pf.	2,400	67¾	66	66
St. L. and S. W.	1,000	29¾	28¾	27¾
Do preferred	1,400	58	57¼	57¾
Sloss-Shef. S. and I.	600	57¾	57¼	57¾
Southern Pacific	120,100	137⅜	135¾	136⅝
Southern Railway	14,100	34	33¾	33¾
Do preferred	2,100	75	74	74
Tennessee Copper	1,900	41	39¾	39¾
Texas and Pacific	3,200	37⅞	36¾	36¾
T., St. L. and W.	1,300	82¼	82¼	82¼
Do preferred	2,000	71¾	71¾	71¾
Union Pacific	118,200	210¾	208¾	209¾
Do preferred	28,100	109¼	108¾	107⅝
U. S. Realty	100	83	83	82½
U. S. Rubber	11,500	18¾	17¾	18¼
U. S. Steel	134,900	78⅜	77¼	77⅝
Do preferred	4,700	127	126¾	126¾
Utah Copper	7,600	54½	53¾	53¾
Va.-Car. Chemical	1,500	45	44¼	44¾
Wabash	2,700	22¾	21¾	21¾
Do preferred	8,400	58¾	57¾	57¾
Western Maryland	1,700	44	43¾	43¾
West'house Elec.	2,400	89	87¾	88¾
Western Union	1,000	75	74¾	74¾
W. and L. E.	200	84½	84½	84½
Wisconsin Central	500	57	56¾	57

Total sales for the day, 1,451,400 shares.

U. S. BONDS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	100¾	101½
Do coupon	100¾	101½
2s, registered	101	102
Do coupon	101	102
New 4s, registered	116	117
Do coupon	118	...
Panama 3s, registered	100½	101½
Panama 2s, registered, 1938	100½	101½
District of Columbia 3.65s	108	...

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Aug. 12.—Money was in better demand to-day and discounts were quiet. The Stock Exchange has concluded the settlement satisfactorily. Business for new account to-day was on a fair scale. The general tone was good, and it was helped by the buoyancy of Americans. Kaffirs, copper shares, foreigners and Mexican rails shared further improvement and consols gained fractionally, but home rails were neglected. At the opening this morning American securities were from ⅛ to 1 point over last night's New York closing. Yesterday's strength in Wall street was reflected by the entire list, and under the lead of the Harriman issues, United States Steel and Atchison, values continued to advance. At noon the tone was strong, with prices from ⅛ to 2 points over parity. Americans drooped from ⅛ point to 1 point on the receipt of the Wall-street opening, but later a further hardening occurred in places and the market closed irregular. Closing quotations follow: Consols for money 81 15-16, do for account 84¼; Amalgamated Copper 91⅜; Anaconda 10½; Atchison 124; do preferred 107⅜; Baltimore and Ohio 123⅜; Canadian Pacific 191½; Chesapeake and Ohio 85¼; Chicago Great Western 4; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul (ex-dividend) 165; De Beers 15⅜; Denver and Rio Grande 54; do preferred 92; Erie 39⅜; do first preferred 57¾; do second do 47; Grand Trunk 24⅜; Illinois Central 162½; Louisville and Nashville 163½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 41½; New York Central 145; Norfolk and Western 98¾; do preferred (ex-dividend) 91; Ontario and Western 53¾; Pennsylvania 72¾; Rand Mines (ex-dividend) 10½; Reading 84⅝; Southern Railway 34⅛; do preferred 76; Southern Pacific 140⅝; Union Pacific 214⅛; do preferred 108½; United States Steel 80⅝; do preferred (ex-dividend) 130½; Wabash 22¾; do preferred 60½; Spanish 4s 95⅝. Bar silver quiet 23¼d per ounce. Money ½@¾ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1¾@1⅞ per cent.; do three months' bills 1 7-16@1⅛ per cent.

Berlin, Aug. 12.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm and trading was active. American railroad shares were higher. Exchange on London 20 marks 44½ pfgs. for checks. Money 2¼ per cent. Private rate of discount 2 per cent.

Paris, Aug. 12.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm. Three per cent. rentes 98f 12½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 19c for checks.

Foreign Bank Statements.

Paris, Aug. 12.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation decreased	134,575,000
Treasury deposits decreased	21,125,000
General deposits increased	22,550,000
Gold on hand increased	4,125,000
Silver in hand decreased	650,000
Bills discounted decreased	40,075,000
Advances decreased	10,650,000

London, Aug. 12.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£1,018,000
Circulation decreased	453,000
Bullion increased	565,929
Other securities decreased	250,000
Other deposits decreased	1,340,000
Public deposits increased	2,062,000
Notes reserve increased	986,000

Government securities unchanged. The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 51.91 per cent.; last week it was 50.70 per cent.

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.80; New York French red kidney fancies $2.5c.; Lima 5½c.

BUTTER—Elgin 28c in 60-lb. tubs, 28½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 29c; 25½c in 20-lb. tubs; 26c in lb. prints.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—American Portland $1.35@1.60 per bbl.; imported Portland $3.30@7 per bbl.; Louisville cement 60@85c per bbl.; lime 70@85c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.65@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—Wisconsin cream daisies 17½c; full cream long horns 17½@18c; full cream Limburger 16c; cases 15½c; full cream brick 16c; cases 15½c; domestic Swiss, block 19c; wheel 20c; New York cream 19½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13½@15c; Maracaibo 12@13c; La Guayra 12@13½c; Mocha 26@22c; Java 23@27c; Green Rios: Fancy 12½c; choice 12c; prime 11c; good 9½c; roasting grade 9½c; Santos 10@12½c; Home Comfort in lb. packages 12½c.

CORN PRODUCTS—Corn meal $1.80 per 100 lbs.; hominy, grits and pearl meals $1.90 per 100 lbs.; prime 1¼ good 9¼c; granulated corn $2.20 per ton; feed meal $28.50 per ton.

FIELD SEEDS—Choice timothy $2 per bu.; clover $7 per bu.; orchard grass $1.40 per bu.; Kentucky bluegrass, fancy, $1.70 per bu.; red top, fancy 15@15½c per lb.; English bluegrass $2.25; rape 7@7½c per lb.; seed rye $1.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $6@6.25 per bbl.; Kansas patents $5; straights $4.75; family $5.25. Soft winters: Patents $5.25@5.50; straights 0.75; winter straights $5.50@5.75; low grades $5.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $1.60 per base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft steel 4c per lb. for base; horseshoes, No. 2 and larger, Junnia $3.90 keg; Perkins' $4.04½ base; Burden's $4.20 keg; Hudson $3.85 keg; harrow teeth $2.85 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅜x6 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ⅜x4 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 & 5 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $22; shorts $22.50; whitestuff $23; fair to good $25@26.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 88c per gallon, 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 80c; linseed 58c for raw and 54c for boiled; in less in 5-bbl. lots; boiled 57c; linter oxidized 67c; extra No. 1 56c; No. 1 52c; No. 2 50c; benzine 12c; 63 deg. off 23c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 23c; Coqilse cylinder 27c; extra white refined, 50c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 52c; coal oil, Kentucky test, 16c; Indiana test 10½c; radiant 11½c; star headlights, 175 test, 12½c; turpentine 58@59c; wood alcohol 55c; denatured alcohol 45c in bbls. and 50c in ½ bbls.; pine tar 19c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾@7½c per lb.; red 7@7½c; less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1½@2c; yellow ochre 2½c.

PROVISIONS — Hams — Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14½@15c; heavy to medium 14½c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 14c; regular clear sides 14c; breakfast bacon 14½c; sugar-cured shoulders 12c; bellies, light, 15c; heavy 15c. Lard—Prime steam in tierces 10½c; pure lard in tierces 13¾c, 1 ntubs 14½c; pure leaf lard in tierces 13¾c, 1 ntubs 14½c; in firkins 14c. Dried beef 15c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7½c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.30; 5-bu. bbl. $1.05@1.10; dairy salt $1.50; 280-lb. sacks, freezing salt in 20-lb. sacks 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list of October 1, 1903: Single 90 and 5; per cent. off list; double 90 and 40 per cent. off.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

FEATHERS—Prime white geese 38c; No. 1 gray 32@36c; No. 1 old white 25@32c; No. 2 old white 20@23c; white duck 35c; old and mixed duck 10@18c; dry chicken feathers 29@30c per lb.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in car as it is selling to-day on its arrival: No. 1 timothy $17; new No. 1 timothy $14; No. 2 timothy $16; No. 3 timothy $14; No. 1 clover mixed $14; No. 2 clover mixed $10; No. 1 clover hay $9; No. 2 clover hay $10; wheat straw $5.50@6; oat straw $5; rye straw $7.50@8.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots dry flint 20c; dry salted 18c; green salted 12c; fresh green 11c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail, $3@3.10; No. 2 $2@2.10; sheepskins with wool on 50c@$1; shearings from 5@25c, according to wool and size; goatskins 20@25c.

ROOTS—Dry. All roots ought to be washed before dried and ginseng roots should not be split or strung. Indiana ginseng $6@6.50; Kentucky ginseng $5.50@6, according to size of roots; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.60; Seneca snake root 35c; Virginia snake root 25c; blood root 5c; lady slippers 15c; maypapple 5½c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 5c; No. 2 4½c.

WOOL—Easier; dealers are quoting Kentucky and Indiana clear merchantable grease wool 28@30c; Bluegrass grease wool 31@32c; burry wool 15@25c, according to burrs; black wool 24@25c; dead sheep and seedy wool 18@20c; merino 18@22c; unwashed wool 34@37c. Southern wool from 2c to 3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@3c less, dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	$8 10	No. 8	$4 85
Eagle tablets	7 10	No. 9	4 80
Cut loaf	6 55	No. 7	4 75
Cubes	6 45	No. 8	4 70
XXXX powdered	5 55	No. 9	4 65
Powdered	5 45	No. 10	4 60
No. 2 carton gran	5 55	No. 12	4 55
Diamond A	5 30	No. 14	4 50
Standard granulated, bags and barrels			5 10

GRAIN.

WHEAT—

No. 2 red and longberry	$1 00@1 02
No. 3 red and longberry	97
Rejected 2@3c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
No. 2 white	73
No. 2 mixed	70
OATS—(New.)	
No. 2 white	39
No. 2 mixed	37

The following are the prices paid by dealers; the quotations for corn and oats are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 12¾c; strict middling 12⅝c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 18¼c per lb.

EGGS—Market steady; case count 17c; candied 19@20c.

POULTRY—Hens 12c per lb.; roosters 6c; young chickens 10c; ducks 8@10c; turkeys 12@c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Oranges, late Valencias, California fancy $3@3.25 box; budded California fancy $2@2.25; lemons, Messina, extra fancy $3.75@4.25 box; California lemons, fancy, imported, $1.50; bananas, fancy, average about 65 to 80 lbs. bunch, $1.75@2; 55 to 60 $1.50@1.60 bunch; 40 to 50 lbs., $1.25 bunch; 4 to 6 bunch case $7; 2 to 3 bunch ½ case $3.75. Fancy Georgia peaches $2.50 bu.; choice $2 bu.; California Bartlett pears $2.50 per box; California Tragedy plums $1.75@2 crate; California Burbank plums $1.50@1.75 crate; California Kelsey plums $1.75@2 crate; California egg plums $1.50@1.75 crate; California Muscatel grapes $2.50@3 crate; California Tokay grapes $2.75@3 crate; apples, early summer $2@3 bbl., $1@1.25 bu.; watermelons, 25 to 35 lbs., 22@30c each; 20 to 22 lbs. 18@20c.

VEGETABLES—Tomatoes, home-grown, $1 per bu.; home-grown cabbage $1 per bbl.; new white potatoes $4.75 bbl., 150-lb. sack $1.60; onions $1.50 bbl., 150-lb. sack $1; Spanish onions, new, $1.75 crate; new Lima beans 75c per bu.; new Louisiana okra $2.50 hamper; green beans $1 hamper; fancy green cucumbers 25@ 30c dozen; home-grown radishes 12½c dozen; beets 50c dozen; green cabbages 40c dozen; parsley, curly, 25c dozen; head lettuce $2 case; leaf lettuce, fine, 75c bu.; fancy eggplants $1 dozen; green peppers $1.50 crate; sage, fine, 75c bbl.; new homegrown $2.50 bbl.; new garlic $1 string; fresh mushrooms 85c lb.; carrots 20c dozen; green onions 25c dozen; turnips $1.75 bag; new corn $1.25@1.50 bbl.; new squash 50c bu.; southern peppers 50c dozen; Michigan celery 25@35c bunch; kohlrabi 25c dozen; sweet potatoes, new, $3.25 bbl., $1.25 bu.

Wholesale dealers' buying prices are:

VEGETABLES—New potatoes $1.25 bbl.; onions 90c bbl.; beans $1.50 bbl.; home-grown tomatoes 40@60c bu.; cabbage 90c bbl.; turnips $1.25 bbl.; corn $1@1.25 bbls.; new apples $1 @1.50 bu.; peaches $1.50@1.75 bu.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Thursday Evening, Aug. 12.—Nearly all houses held sales on the local breaks to-day. There was a total of 177 hogsheads of tobacco offered, 17 hogsheads of burley and 160 of dark. Prices on the dark ranged from $4.75 to $10.50. The Burley ranged from $11.50 to $18.50. A fairly good demand continued for all grades of tobacco, and the market was firm, especially for the better grades of fired dark tobacco.

The following is the report to-day on the Louisville market including all warehouses:

	Hhds.
Burley	17
Dark	160
Total	177
Original inspection	170
Reviews	14
Reinspections yesterday	14

First sale to-morrow at the Pickett.

The Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company issues the following review of the market this afternoon:

The sales on our market for one week, including to-day, amounted to 712 hogsheads, distributed as follows: Burley 34 hogsheads; dark 678.

Burley—The market continues to be quiet without change in values. The very small stock of unsold Burley does not give any strength or activity to the trade. The highest price obtained for Burley this week was $18.50.

Dark—Offerings light and prices in values reported last week for the medium to good grades of dark tobacco has been sustained this week, and the demand for logs this week has been rather more general than for some time past. The highest price obtained for dark tob

Cut-Price
Clearance In
Shoes

MEN'S "Best Ever" Oxfords and Pumps; patent colt, gun-metal calf and vici kid and tan Russia calf; $4 goods, for..... $3.29

MEN'S patent colt lace and button Oxfords; regular $3.50 goods, for..... $2.49

BOYS' patent colt, gun-metal calf, and tan Russia calf Oxfords; $3 goods..... $1.99

LITTLE GENTS' Oxfords; sizes 9 to 13½; patent colt, gun-metal calf and tan Russia calf; $2 goods, for..... $1.49

LADIES' Oxfords; choice of all our finest, except Sorosis; all styles and sizes..... $2.39

LADIES' tan and black Oxfords and ankle strap slippers; $2.50 goods, for..... $1.69

LADIES' black kid Oxfords with patent leather tips and common sense Oxfords with low heels; $1.75 goods..... $1.29

GIRLS' ankle strap pumps; patent kid; sizes 8½ to 11, in $2 goods, at $1.49, and sizes 11½ to 2, in $2.50 goods, at..... $1.79

INFANTS' patent leather, gun metal calf and tan kid ankle strap slippers and Gibson ties; sizes 1 to 5½; $1 goods..... 59c

Ladies' 25c Sample Hose 19c
Ladies' 40c Sample Hose 29c
Ladies' 50c Sample Hose 39c

Levy's Third and Market.
THE BRIGHT SPOT IN LOUISVILLE.

Courier-Journal.
ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.
FRIDAY.....AUGUST 13, 1909

NOTICE
To Sunday Advertisers.

The Courier-Journal Company respectfully urges advertisers who use the Sunday paper to have their copy in the counting-room Friday night. By complying with this request advertisers will be certain to secure insertion in all editions, and can also make alterations in their copy with greater security.

FOUR UNHAPPY WIVES ASKING FOR DIVORCE

THREE WANT DECREES FOR ALLEGED CRUEL TREATMENT.

ONE COMPLAINS HER SPOUSE HAS ABANDONED HER.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

Four unhappy wives petitioned the court yesterday for release from their marriage ties, as follows:

Mary Alice Reeves against Charles Pendleton Reeves, alleged cruel treatment and nonsupport. She asks for the custody of their 3-year-old daughter, Gertrude, for alimony of $10 a week and for court orders commanding the defendant not to molest her and not to dispose of his property. The two were married in Jeffersonville on September 12, 1904. The defendant is a carpenter.

May Harrington against John Harrington, alleging drunkenness, cruel treatment and wasting of estate. She asks for the custody of a daughter, Alice, now 11 years of age. Two children are over 21. Alimony of $10 a month is asked and a restraining order to prevent the defendant from disposing of property and from molesting her. The parents were married in 1883 in Shelbyville.

Mary Alice Wilson against Charles Wilson, alleging cruel treatment. She asks for alimony of $10 a week and for restraining orders. The defendant, she says, has threatened to take her life, several times having drawn a pistol on her and at another time threatening her with a razor. The defendant is a grocer on Walnut street, between Ninth and Tenth streets. The two were married on June 12 of this year and lived together until the 8th of this month.

Lillian May Nelson sued Thomas L. Nelson for divorce, alleging abandonment. She asks for the restoration of her maiden name of Lillian May Dolfinger. The two were married in Boston, Mass., on October 7, 1903, and lived together until May, 1908.

Will of Edward Burridge.

Edward Burridge, by his will, dated June 9, 1909, bequeaths all his property of every kind to his daughter, Mrs. Bertha Phillips, and names the United States Trust Company executor. "I give my said estate to my said daughter," he wrote, "for the reason that she and her husband, William Phillips, have taken care of me and provided me with the comforts of life in my old age."

Court Paragraphs.

—The W. B. Trumbo Company sued Bertha Mayer for $306.40 alleged due on account.

—John R. Summers sued Joseph Fleig for $126 alleged due for services as real estate agent.

—Elizabeth Kenwright sued the Louisville Taxicab Company for $5,040 as damages for alleged injuries suffered when run down by a car of the defendant company.

—Edward Silliman, by W. H. Silliman, sued the Louisville Railway Company for $2,000 as damages for alleged injuries suffered when struck by a car of the defendant.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday as follows:

Henry William Klappe and Anna Mary Kohler.
Max O'Koon and Hannah Katzeol.
Charles Edmonson and Nance Lyon.
John F. Kulp and Louise A. Harley.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

HANDCUFFED

Charlestown Woman Is Put In Jeffersonville Jail.

MISS VIRGINIA WOLFE ARRESTED ON PEACE WARRANT.

L. D. LAWRENCE, PROSPEROUS FARMER, DIES.

FAMILY REUNION AT WATSON.

Attired in silk and handcuffed to Wm. F. Boyer, marshal of Charlestown, Ind., Miss Virginia Wolfe was brought to the county jail in Jeffersonville yesterday morning. Miss Wolfe is the woman who was at the home of Michael Stumpff when he died from a pistol shot wound in his head last June. At this time she has a claim of $3,900 pending against Stumpff's estate for services alleged to have been given for the years following 1902. On the morning Stumpff was found dead in his bed Miss Wolfe was arrested on the charge of intoxication and came to Jeffersonville for a stay of several days in jail on a commitment from Magistrate Henri DeBrot.

Her latest trouble is a peace warrant that was sworn out before Magistrate DeBrot by Mrs. Flora Boyer, wife of Royal Boyer, a son of Marshal William F. Boyer, and Mrs. Elizabeth Strutt, wife of Isaac Strutt, who alleged they were afraid Miss Wolfe would do them harm. Magistrate DeBrot gave Miss Wolfe a hearing yesterday morning and decided she must give bond in the sum of $400 to keep the peace against Mrs. Boyer and Mrs. Strutt or go to jail to await the sitting of the Clark Circuit Court in September. She could not give the bond and was brought to jail.

The reason Miss Wolfe was brought in handcuffed was because, it is claimed, she had run away from Marshal Boyer on Wednesday. About noon on that day Marshal Boyer went to her home, read the warrant for her arrest to her and, it is said, she declared she would accompany him as soon as she secured her bonnet. Late in the evening she went to the home of Mrs. Charlotte Cousins to seek refuge there and in going through the back yard was attacked by a dog and badly bitten on the arm. This resulted in Marshal Boyer finding where she was and rearresting her.

Prosperous Farmer Dies.

Lafayette D. Lawrence, who was a prosperous farmer of Clark county, Ind., died Wednesday night at his home, north of Jeffersonville, after a long illness, from a complication of maladies. Several weeks before death came to his relief he lost his eyesight and became entirely helpless. Mr. Lawrence was formerly a vigorous, healthy man. He had many friends, and when it was seen that his decline meant death in time, much sympathy was expressed for the stricken man and his family. Mr. Lawrence would have reached the age of 63 years next Christmas, and was a native of Utica township, Clark county, Ind.

He was a son of Albert B. Lawrence and Sophia Bottorff Lawrence, members of two pioneer families of Southern Indiana. His mother died on February 28, 1902, from an illness similar to that of the son. His father expired suddenly on October 17, 1908, at his home in Jeffersonville, the next day after he had reached the advanced age of 86 years. At that time the son was not in good health, but had not become confined to his bed. A few months later his health began to decline rapidly. Mr. Lawrence was twice married. His first wife was Miss Edith M. Swartz, and their wedding was on December 29, 1870. Mrs. Lawrence died several years ago.

By this marriage two sons and four daughters survive, and are as follows: Charles Lawrence, Jacob Lawrence, Mesdames Florence Goodwin, Anna Dils and Misses Ethel Lawrence and Kittie Belle Lawrence. The second marriage of Mr. Lawrence was on February 15, 1905, the bride being Mrs. Dollie McCurdy, of Sellersburg, who was the widow of William McCurdy, and was originally Miss Dollie Packwood.

Mrs. Lawrence survives her husband and other near relatives are two brothers, Horace V. Lawrence, of Parsons, Kan.; W. D. Lawrence, of Jeffersonville, and two sisters, Mrs. Isaac Jacobs, of Utica township, Clark county, Ind., and Miss Nora Lawrence, of Jeffersonville.

Mr. Lawrence was a member of Union church, Utica township, but belonged to no secret order, although he did at one period. The funeral, which will be conducted by the Rev. J. S. Ward, will be from New Chapel church this afternonn at 2 o'clock.

Family Reunion.

Sixty-eight relatives, consisting of sons, daughters, grandchildren, great-grandchildren, nieces and nephews gathered around the festal board at the home of Mrs. Margaret Patrick at her home in Watson, Ind., Wednesday, at a family reunion that was arranged in honor of four nieces from Illinois who are visiting in Clark county, Indiana. There were guests present from Jeffersonville, six miles east of which Watson is; Louisville, New Albany, Charlestown, Sellersburg and the surrounding country. Mrs. Patrick, who is the widow of Lewis R. Patrick, is 82 years old and was originally Miss Margaret Prather, and the gathering of Wednesday was in reality a reunion of the Prather family.

The two sons and two daughters of Mrs. Patrick, all of whom were present, are John Patrick, George Patrick, Mrs. Anna Smith and Miss Ella Patrick. Another daughter died suddenly some time ago. There were eight grandchildren and one great-grandchild present, the remaining guests being nieces and nephews. There was no formality about the occasion, but it was eat, drink and be merry. At noon Mrs. Patrick was escorted to a table to be the guest of honor of twenty-two of the older persons who assembled around the board.

Such a feast is seldom seen, and it is said there was enough fried chicken piled high to feed several scores of people. One part of the menu was five gallons of ice cream and as great as the quantity was it did not entirely satisfy, but there was a taste like more when the last spoonful was gone. Each person attending the reunion carried a basket or box filled with something to eat, and so great was the supply that some of the receptacles were not opened, their contents not being required to satisfy the appetites of those present. The provender not used was distributed among the guests to be taken home, no person carrying back anything they brought. Among those present from Jeffersonville were E. T. Sage, county assessor, and Mrs. Sage, the latter being a niece of Mrs. Patrick.

Henry Homberger Succumbs.

Stricken some time ago by a complication of ailments due to his advanced years, Henry Homberger, who was a well-known resident of Silver Creek township, Clark county, Ind., and whose home was some eight miles north of Jeffersonville, died during Wednesday night. He was a prosperous farmer and a native of Germany. He was about 78 years of age and came to this country when a young man, landing at New Orleans on December 25, 1852, soon afterward going to Indiana to make that his future home. The records show he applied for his first papers on August 16, 1856, and became a citizen of the United States on September 16, 1870.

He was proud of his native land and made a trip back to his old home a few years ago with his brother-in-law, Christian Reschar, who then lived in Jeffersonville, but has since died. A brother, Philip Homberger, who is 80 years old, is still living and makes his home at Plymouth, Ill. He also accompanied Mr. Reschar to Germany on one occasion. Mr. Homberger is survived by his wife, one son and four daughters as follows: John Homberger, Miss Nellie Homberger, Miss Henrietta Homberger and Miss Katie Homberger. Among the nephews are Edward Reschar, William Reschar and George Reschar, of Jeffersonville. The funeral will be conducted from the family residence this afternoon at 1 o'clock and the burial will be in Silver Creek cemetery.

Fire Destroys Residence.

News reached Jeffersonville yesterday of the total destruction of the residence and contents of Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Carr, of Oregon township, Clark county, Ind., about twenty miles east of Jeffersonville. The house was owned by J. W. Crum, father of Mrs. Carr, and he with his wife made it his home the better part of the time. Mr. and Mrs. Crum and Mr. and Mrs. Carr were not at home, however, when the fire broke out. Mr. and Mrs. Carr left home Wednesday morning, their six children remaining at the residence. A daughter, who is about 16 years old, prepared dinner for herself and her brothers and sisters, but just as she was ready to place the meal on the table she noticed the house was on fire, the supposition being that it started from a defective flue.

The girl had presence of mind enough to center her thoughts on the other children, some of whom are small. She devoted her time to getting them to a place of safety and after this was accomplished with considerable difficulty the house inside and out was such a mass of flames that not as much as a chair could be saved.

Neighbors saw the fire and hurried to the house, but were not able to do anything and in a few minutes the structure collapsed. The house was a two-story frame and was one of the oldest in the locality. The entire loss is estimated at $1,200 and without insurance. The property until a few months ago belonged to William H. Long, who carried an insurance in a mutual company, but did not transfer the policy when the sale was made.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Fred Davis, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Davis, who reside at 409 Indiana avenue, is suffering from a bad fracture of the collarbone, which was sustained by accidentally falling.

—The Daughters of Rebekah, of this city, will endeavor to give the social that had to be abandoned on the night originally intended on account of the weather, on the lawn at the courthouse to-morrow evening.

—The advance sale of tickets for the eighth annual excursion of the Port Fulton Epworth League to Madison to-day has been unusually large and it is thought the boat will be loaded to the limit when it leaves this morning.

—Typhoid fever exists to some extent at Charlestown, but there is nothing like an epidemic. Miss Katie Morrow and Mrs. Calib Asbury, who have been in a serious condition from the disease, are now believed to be out of danger.

—Osie Briggs, a peddler, whose home is at 720 East Chestnut street, suffered a double fracture to one of his arms by being jostled from a wagon which he was using in his business. It will be some time before he can use the member.

—Daniel W. Weigleb, who is employed at the Ohio Falls Iron works, and Miss Mary Louisa Featheringill, a daughter of Jordan Featheringill, a coal dealer, both of New Albany, were married in this city Wednesday night by Magistrate James S. Kelgwin.

—Walter Lutz, who boards with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lutz, 101 Park street, and is employed at the car works, sustained severe injuries yesterday by being struck in the breast with a piece of steel. He is under the care of Dr. W. M. Varble.

—The camp meeting at Deputy, forty miles from this city, on the Baltimore and Ohio-Southwestern railroad, is being more largely attended this year than for a long time, and every cottage is full to its capacity. A large crowd will go from this city Sunday.

—William Neal, who was received at the Indiana Reformatory from Bloomington on June 22, 1908, under a conviction to the charge of forgery, has been given his final discharge on account of good conduct. He was paroled on January 1, after serving less than seven months.

—It is now practically certain that Walter B. Hassan will be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for City Clerk, although he still has the question under consideration. He filled the office for one term and made one of the best clerks the city ever had.

—The Belleville Bank and Trust Company, of Belleville, Ill., through Burt & Taggart, yesterday filed suit in the Clark Circuit Court against the Sisters of Mercy of Jeffersonville for the collection of a note of $460 that was executed on December 12, 1907, and was made payable one year after date for Children.

—The weeds have again taken the river bank on Front street, and many of the residents of that locality are bearing the expense of having them cut, although it is claimed the levee belongs to the city and should be looked after by the Board of Public Works. East of Watt street the river bank is a jungle.

—The Indianapolis Adscript Club has notified Mayor E. N. Flynn that it will visit this city on August 24, while on the way to Louisville to attend the national convention of advertisers. The communication was turned over to Elmer M. Frank, secretary of the Jeffersonville Commercial Club, who will arrange a reception for the visitors.

—Capt. Clegg and Patrolman Elsworth Summers rounded up fifteen boys who were swimming in the river and diving from the lower part of a bridge pier yesterday afternoon, some being in a nude condition. Placing Patrolman Summers on the shore and disguising himself, Capt. Clegg was pulled in a boat to the pier by Cal Henly. The boys made for the shore and found their clothing in charge of Patrolman Summers.

—William H. West, who is a member of the degree team of Jeffersonville Lodge, No. 3, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, was called unexpectedly to his home Wednesday night from his work to find that a large number of his friends had assembled there to tender him a surprise. During the evening Mr. West was presented with a handsome pin. The presentation speech was made by Counellman A. H. Mahaffey, captain of the team.

$1.50 Round Trip EVANSVILLE
OWENSBORO AND HENDERSON
HENDERSON ROUTE
7:45 a. m. Sunday, 22d, from 10th and Bdwy.

RAY HAMILTON SOMES DIES OF APPENDICITIS.

Prominent Business Man of Birmingham, Ala., Was Here Visiting Father-In-Law.

Ray Hamilton Somes, a prominent business man of Birmingham, Ala., who was well known here, died early yesterday morning at St. Anthony's Hospital of appendicitis. Mr. Somes came to Louisville a week ago to visit his father-in-law at 919 Cherokee road and had been sick several days before his arrival. He underwent a surgical operation at the hospital Saturday.

Mr. Somes, who was 31 years old, was born in Syracuse, N. Y., and removed to Birmingham seven years ago, where he became connected with Armour & Co. He married Miss Theresa Wathen about two years ago. She had come to Louisville a week before her husband. In addition to his wife he is survived by a child and also by his mother, Mrs. Mary H. Somes, and a brother, Leon Somes, both of whom live in Syracuse.

The funeral services will be held at Mr. Wathen's residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The burial will be in St. Louis cemetery.

Motorboat service has been introduced on the Viga canal, from Mexico City to Lake Xochimilco, the trip being made in about three hours.

Y. M. C. A. POOL

Scene of Drowning In New Albany Yesterday.

JOHN STEIN AND OTHERS WERE TAKING SWIM.

FORMER SINKS FROM SIGHT WITHOUT UTTERING CRY.

MAY HAVE HAD WEAK HEART.

John Stein, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Stein, West First and Market streets, New Albany, was drowned shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the pool of the Young Men's Christian Association, that city. Two other boys, Otto Robinson and Frank Byrne, were in the pool at the time when young Stein was missed by his companions, who had seen him dive into ten feet of water but a few minutes before. In a moment the boys brought Stein to the surface, where everything was done to resuscitate him until the arrival of Drs. F. H. Wilcox and J. H. Weathers, who had been sent for by E. M. McClure, who was in charge of the association building.

The young man, who was 22 years old, was a member of the N. Stein Bakery, and left his work late in the afternoon in an overheated condition, which is supposed to have caused cramps by his sudden cooling off. He could swim but little and it is supposed that he never arose after diving into the water. The other boys were so frightened at the catastrophe that they screamed, bringing others in the building on the scene and in a few minutes strenuous efforts were made to resuscitate the young man. The doctors worked with him for an hour, but were unable to fill his lungs with air and the supposition is that he may have had heart trouble, which only developed after he went into the water.

In the fifteen years the pool has been used this is the first accident that has occurred and those connected with the association deeply regret it. When small boys enter the pool they are closely watched by the attendants, but those using it at that time were supposed to be able to take care of themselves.

In addition to his parents, two sisters, Misses Barbara and Katherine Stein, are left. Young Stein was a member of St. Mary's Catholic church and was noted for being exceptionally bright and attractive as well as faithful in the performance of his duties. The time of the funeral has not yet been arranged.

Improvements Planned.

Improvements are to be made in the grounds of the Ohio Falls Holiness Association, the plans having been discussed by the board of directors at a business meeting held on the Silver Hills, west of New Albany. The large tabernacle, which has been used for the last ten years, will have a new roof and several additional cottages constructed on the avenues, while those already there will be given a thorough painting throughout, giving the place a spick span appearance that will add to its attractiveness. The association is free of debt, a mortgage indebtedness having been canceled, and the directors will provide all the conveniences and improvements in which they were rather restricted.

Officers of the association who will serve until February of next year are: President, the Rev. J. F. Severinghaus; vice president, the Rev. W. B. Grimes; secretary and treasurer, E. E. McPheeters; superintendent of grounds, the Rev. R. B. Norton; directors, the Rev. J. F. Severinghaus, the Rev. W. B. Grimes, H. J. Martin, Louis F. Ulmer and E. E. McPheeters.

Other members of the association are: Dr. E. A. Severinghaus, the Rev. Aura Smith, John Crowe, H. W. Bybee, Joseph R. Flanagan, L. G. Stork, New Albany; the Rev. T. H. Willis, Vincennes; John Paul, Louisville; John R. Cravens, Hardinsburg, Ind.; J. H. Hancock, Fredericksburg, Ind., and W. J. Hart, Westfield, N. J.

Visiting Dependent Children.

Arthur A. Burnell, of Chicago, is in New Albany as an agent of Mrs. Russell Sage, of New York, and he left yesterday with Probation Officer Joseph H. Kraft for a trip to the country to inquire into the manner in which dependent children, who have been placed in homes by the county authorities are being cared for. Children reared in this way are under the supervision of the Board of Children's Guardians and every effort is made to have them not only humanely, but kindly treated. The county authorities will assist Mr. Burnell in every possible way to make the investigation he seeks.

Conclude Inspection.

W. H. McDoell, president of the Monon Railway Company; B. E. Taylor, general manager, and J. B. Sucese, superintendent, and other officials of that company, together with members of the Indiana State Railway Commission, who had been making a tour of inspection of the road for several days, left yesterday in two private cars of a special Monon train, after spending the night at the North Y in New Albany.

The invitation to make the trip was sent some time ago to the railway commission by the Monon officials and the special train started from Chicago several days ago. None of the local employes were visited and the party spent little time away from their train.

Running Full Capacity.

The Kahler Company at Pearl and Oak streets, New Albany, will be operated to its fullest capacity for the next eight months, having received a contract from an Eastern automobile factory for a large number of automobile beds. Steady employment is furnished over thirty men at the plant already and it is in operation thirteen hours a day. A large amount of money has been brought to New Albany by the company's receiving large orders from distant cities and its products are sent to all parts of the world.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—Miss Lillie May O'Bannon is here from Taylor township, Harrison county, to visit friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Cody, of Louisville, are spending a few weeks on the Silver Hills.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Elliott and family have gone to Boswell, Ind., to visit relatives.

—Matthias Helleringer and sons, John and Amadee, are visiting relatives at Rockport, Ind.

—Dr. Noble F. Mitchell has returned home, after spending several weeks at the Northern lakes.

—Mr. and Mrs. Guy Lyon are at Leavenworth visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Lyon.

—Miss Edna Beem has returned to her home at Bedford after visiting her sister, Mrs. Fletcher Clarke.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weber, of San Antonio, Tex., are expected here Sunday for a visit with relatives.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. Motweiler, 36 West Fourth street, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Whitten at Terre Haute.

—John Reid and his son, Clarence Reid, have been called to Bedford by the death of Mr. Reid's father, Alexander Reid.

—Earl Emery has returned from Tuscaloosa, Ala., where he had been superintending the construction of a handsome residence.

—A building permit was issued yesterday to Henry Lueke for the repair of a frame cottage on Chartres, between Beeler and Jackson streets, by John C. Short, the City Clerk. The cost of the improvement will be $300.

—Mrs. Merwin Lewis and her daughters, Misses Fay and Elva, have returned from a visit with relatives at Dayton and Chillicothe, O.

—Miss Lydia Townsend is spending several weeks at Lake Winona, having gone there from St. Louis, where she had been visiting relatives.

—R. W. Waite, superintendent of the United Gas and Electric Companies and other utilities of the city, has gone to Chicago on business.

—Mrs. Thomas Dowd and sons, Charles and Alfred, 807 East Eleventh street, are visiting Mrs. Dowd's son, Dr. Frank T. Dowd, at Indianapolis.

—Robert Allen, of Corydon, has accepted the place of shipping clerk in the wholesale grocery firm of the Rowe-Fawcett Company, Main street.

—Misses Julia, Clara and Edna Hangary, who have been at Denver, Col., for the last month, have gone to Manitou Springs for several weeks.

—Miss Edna Kaiser, 326 Pearl street, left yesterday for the East. She will visit at Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Atlantic City.

—M. J. Insull, general manager of the traction lines and the various utilities of the city, has gone to Canada for a stay of several weeks with his family.

—Miss Bertha Richert, of Harrison county, and Samuel Zurschmeide, of Floyd county, were married in St. Peter's church, Franklin township, a few days ago.

—An interesting game of baseball will be played at Glenwood Park to-morrow afternoon between the New Albany Lodge of Elks and the Calumet team, of Louisville.

—Mrs. W. L. Starr, her daughters, Misses Madge and Alpha Starr; Mrs. Frank Shrader and Miss Stella Borgerding will leave to-day for West Baden Springs for a ten-days' stay.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Miller and Mrs. A. G. Elgin will leave over the B. and O. S-W. this afternoon for Cincinnati, where they will be joined by W. C. Elgin, and the party will go to Detroit for a week's visit.

—Miss Margaret Currie, of Louisville, who has been visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Tuley, East Spring street, has gone to Greenville to spend a week with her great aunt, Mrs. R. P. Main.

—The funeral of Wyatt McKinley, who died at his home near Borden Tuesday, was held yesterday, the burial being in Pleasant Ridge cemetery, near that place. He was 38 years old and is survived by his wife and one child, a daughter.

—Miss Helen Fullenlove, of Louisville, who has been spending a few days with relatives here, was the guest of honor at an informal entertainment last evening given by her cousin, Mrs. Frank H. Wilcox, at her home, 1010 East Spring street.

—The Rev. S. R. Grubb, who resigned the pastorate of the Christian church at Corydon to assume charge of one at Columbia, S. C., has accepted a call to a church of that denomination at Athens, Ga., where he and Mrs. Grubb have removed.

—John Peterson, an employe of the Ohio Falls Iron works, is confined to his home, 633 West Eighth street, with a threatened attack of blood poisoning. He was struck on the hand by a flying piece of steel three weeks ago while at work in the rolling mills.

—The funeral of John Henry Homberger, who died Wednesday evening at his home near Sellersburg, will take place this afternoon from the residence, and the burial will be at the Silver Creek cemetery. He was 77 years old and leaves a wife and four children.

—"Slighted Mercies" will be the subject of the address to be delivered by Kiel Garrison at the open-air meeting of the Epworth League of Jennie DePauw Memorial M. E. church at 6:45 o'clock Sunday evening. The lawn will be lighted by electricity, making an ideal place for the meeting.

—Mrs. William L. Jackson, whose husband was killed in the collision on the Southern several weeks ago, left yesterday for her former home at Hutchinson, Kan., where she will live in the future. She was accompanied by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tamplin, who have been here since Mr. Jackson's death.

—Mrs. J. W. Wilson and her daughter, who have been living in the country near New Albany, have purchased the handsome home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis B. Stoy, East Seventh and Main streets, which they will occupy as soon as some needed improvements are made to the property.

—Mrs. J. M. Russell and her daughters, Misses Genevieve and Lillian, of Louisville, have leased a suite of rooms at "Clifton Heights," the home of Mrs. M. R. Kerlin, on the Silver Hills, west of this city. Miss Lillian Russell is quite ill and it is hoped the high altitude will benefit her.

—Scarcity of labor is being complained of by contractors in the street improvements, although good wages are being paid. W. C. Sweeney, contractor for the brick improvement of Fifteenth street, and L. F. Marshall, who has charge of the work on the Market Square, are experiencing the greatest difficulty in finding reliable men for the work.

—At a recent meeting of the trustees of Moores Hill College, held in Seymour, Dr. Harry Andrews King, Ph. D., was unanimously elected president, and he will assume the duties immediately. Dr. King has been serving as educational secretary of the Baker University at Baldwin, Kan., having been graduated from that institution in 1897.

—Through his attorneys, Stotsenburg & Weathers, David Beard has filed suit in the Floyd Circuit Court against John Goulding, James Goulding and Margaret Goulding for $5,000 on account of personal injuries alleged to have been sustained June 29, 1909. While in the defendants' employ a ladder broke under his weight, he alleges, and he charges the company, engaged in the coal business at New Albany, with negligence.

—Miss Maidie Watkin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Watkins, formerly of this city, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Ferd G. Walker, East Thirteenth street. Miss Watkin has achieved quite a reputation as a pianist, having been graduated from the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston, and studied in New York City with Utekia Utassi, a pupil of Liszt and Leschitzky. She has been engaged in successful concert work for four years.

THREE DISTRICTS YET,

THEN ALL COUNTY SCHOOL TRUSTEE RACES WILL BE IN.

District 22 Votes Additional Twenty-Cent Tax To Build Addition To Schoolhouse.

Reports of two districts were added yesterday to those already received by Mrs. Rosa A. Stonestreet, County Superintendent of Schools from the school districts which this year elected trustees. Now only three out of the thirty-seven in which elections were held remain to be heard from. Under the law, according to the way Mrs. Stonestreet reads it, these reports must be in her office before to-night or the election will be invalidated. The three districts not reported are the Twenty-ninth of the Second division in the Boston neighborhood; the Seventeenth of the Seventh division, which lies beyond South Park, and the Forty-third of the Eighth division, along Greenwood lane.

District No. 5, of Division 3 reported yesterday that Severn Thompson had been elected trustee. District No. 22 in Division 7 voted in favor of the assessing of an additional tax of 20 cents on the $100 valuation. The proceeds of this tax will go to pay for the construction of an addition to the schoolhouse.

MEET THIS AFTERNOON TO COMPLETE THIRD TICKET.

Tyler Men Busy Looking For Receptive Candidates For Places In General Council.

Candidates for city and county offices on the Independent Tyler ticket will meet in Owen Tyler's office in the Tyler building on Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth avenues, at 3 o'clock this afternoon and endeavor to complete the list of aspirants for places in the General Council. Yesterday every man on the Tyler ticket was notified that the meeting had been called and a full attendance of the candidates is expected.

Owen Tyler, who is running for Mayor on the Independent ticket, said yesterday that the meeting this afternoon is only for his running mates who desire to confer on the local situation. The filling of the General Council department of the new ticket probably will be the most important matter taken up.

TWO KENTUCKY COUPLES MARRY IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

Ray Johnson, of Bardstown, Ky., a farmer by occupation, and Miss Alice Mulberry, of Louisville, were married in Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon by Magistrate Benjamin J. Ferguson. The bridegroom is a native of Springfield, Ky., and reached the age of 23 last April. He is a son of Joseph Johnson, a farmer. The bride was born in Louisville and will be 21 years old next December. She is a daughter of John B. Mulberry, a laborer.

The same Magistrate on Wednesday night officiated at the marriage of Marion Watts, a mechanic, and Miss Effie Nichols, both of Louisville. The bridegroom was born in Mercer county, Ky., twenty-five years ago last March and is a son of John Watts, a farmer. The bride was born at Frankfort, Ky., and became 19 years old last June. Her father is Charles Nichols, a Louisville grocer.

Sometimes a merchant decides to "take a loss" on some particular line of goods in order to get the advertising benefit that a real "bargain" affords a store. Ad.-readers profit by all such occasions.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS
FOURTH AVENUE MARKET STREET

LARGE ASSORTMENT PERCALES, DRESS GINGHAMS, Apron Checks, Cheviots, Lawns and Calicoes, in 2 to 8-yard lengths. Values range to 12½c. Friday, the yard..... 5c

ALL OUR FINE WASH MATERIALS, SUCH AS COLORED Printed Swisses, Batistes, Piques, Percales, Linen-finish Suitings, French Zephyrs, Voiles, Dress Ginghams and Madras. Values in this lot to 20c; 2 to 7-yard lengths. Friday, a yard..... 7½c

CHOICE OF ABOUT 1,500 YARDS PLAIN WHITE WASH MATERIALS, comprising Embroidered Swisses, French Lawns, Fancy Check Muslin, Dimities, Shirting Madras, India Linon and Sheer Batiste. Values to 25c. Lengths 2 to 6 yards. Friday, the yard..... 9c

ABOUT 1,000 YARDS HEAVY CRASH TOWELS, FANCY CHECKS, plain hucks and heavy Barnsley makes; 2½ to 5-yard lengths. Worth on the piece to 15c. Friday, a yard..... 9c

BLEACHED AND GERMAN SILVER BLEACHED Table Damask, 60 to 54 inches wide; extra heavy. Lengths 1½ to 3 yards. Good values at 60c. Friday, a yard..... 38c

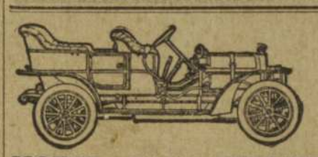
SHORT LISLE GLOVES—IN REGULAR 25c GRADES, 10c. A broken lot of black and white lisles. Till quantity is exhausted, Friday, a pair..... 10c

WOMEN'S LONG LISLE GLOVES—IN 50c AND 75c grades, 19c. Imported stock; excellent in quality. Blacks and tans in all sizes. Friday, a pair..... 19c

WOMEN'S RUBBER GLOVES—THE 75c KIND. GOOD grade, Seamless Rubber Gloves. May be had in all sizes. Friday, a pair..... 29c

WOMEN'S LONG SILK GLOVES—IN $1.00 AND $1.50 grades, 39c. Black, white, tan and gray. Double-tipped fingers; open at wrist. Friday, the pair..... 39c

Fireproof Storage Co.
(Incorporated)
Has the lowest rate of insurance of any storage warehouse in the city. Absolute protection given to household effects. We will send on request a representative to estimate the amount of space required.
INSPECTION SOLICITED.
Third and Green Sts.
Both Phones 3291.
S. M. ROBINSON, Manager.



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MOTOR CARS REPAIRED and OVERHAULED
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Pittsburg, Straight Creek and Jellico Coal. Office and Yards, Nineteenth and Howard Streets. Prompt Delivery. Home Phones 4158—6675. Cumberland 614 A—West.

"Thirty"
Kentucky Automobile Co.
(Incorporated.)
951 Third St., Near Breckinridge.
Let us show you the
$1,400 Cadillac "30"
Let us explain the machinery and workmanship.
Ride in one—examine it.
Call and see us.

Change of Schedule ON Southern Railway

Train No. 9, now leaving Louisville at 4:20 p. m. for Lexington and Danville, will leave at 3:30 p. m. Effective August 15.

A. R. COOK, D. P. A.

HUSBAND SECURED THROUGH ADVERTISEMENT.

Kentucky Widow In Offering Farm For Sale Stated She Was "Alone."

Seymour, Ind., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Miss Mary Emma Williams, a widow, of Covington, Ky., advertised her eighty-acre farm for sale near Versailles, Ind. Below the advertisement she added the two words, "Am alone." Letters and proposals of marriage soon began to arrive from all parts of the country. One of these came from Astoria, Ill., and the writer, Noah Cover, came to pay Mrs. Williams a visit. He kept up a correspondence with her and pressed his suit for her hand in marriage. A few weeks ago she came here to make her home with her brother, a prominent wholesale and retail grocer of this city.

Tuesday Mr. Cover came here and Mrs. Williams consented to marry him. They went to Brownstown Wednesday afternoon, procured a license and were married by Elder J. B. Cross. They left for Covington, Ky., this afternoon to pack their household goods and will move to their farm in Ripley county, Ind., near Versailles.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES $6.00
CHICAGO
And Return
Saturday, August 14,
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES (BIG FOUR ROUTE.)
Tickets good going on all trains Saturday. Returning on all trains up to 9:00 p. m. train from Chicago, Monday, August 16.
GOOD IN PARLOR AND SLEEPING CARS.
Ticket Office, 143 Fourth Ave. PAUL D. WARREN, Genl. Agt. Pass. Dept.

STRAIGHT CREEK COAL
Home 1457 Cumb. S 814
COAL
Lump $3.75 A Ton, 2,000 Lbs. Nut $3.60
A dandy little Dust Pan free with each order for our Straight Creek Coal.
Straight Creek Coal & Coke Co.
(Incorporated)
Office and Yards—Ninth and Zane Sts.
L. A. Shafer, Retail Mgr.

Summer Time Is Phone Time.
The price is so low you'll think it's a whisper. Catalog?
James Clark Jr. Elec. Co.
(Incorporated.)
620 W. Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Special Summer Rates At the
Galt House
The Coolest Rooms in the City.
SPACIOUS LOBBY. EVERY CONVENIENCE.
Try Our 50c Midday Lunch.

Tents, Canopies, Tarpaulins
FOR SALE OR RENT.
We are MANUFACTURERS and fully equipped to fill large or small orders promptly, and at satisfactory prices. Call on or write us for ANYTHING MADE OF CANVAS.
THOS. H. REES
is now connected with us and will be glad to personally serve his former patrons here.
Kentucky Tent and Awning Co.
142 THIRD STREET
Both Phones